

2020 HALF-YEAR FINANCIAL REPORT

ACTIVITY REPORT

2020 HALF-YEAR EARNINGS at June 30, 2020

In million euros	At June 30, 2020	At June 30, 2019	Change %
Consolidated revenues	10.19	12.58	-%
Net revenues ⁽¹⁾	10.05	12.34	-19%
Gross margin	5.74	7.30	-21%
Gross margin rate (% of net revenues)	57%	59%	
Staff costs	(4.75)	(5.21)	-8.8%
Other operating expenses	(1.52)	(1.42)	+7.0%
Amortization	(0.39)	(0.32)	+22%
Provisions / depreciation	(0.09)	(0.09)	-
Non-recurring expenses	(0,33)	-	
EBIT	(1.34)	0.25	
Operating margin rate (% of net revenues)	-13.3%	2.0%	
Financial income and expenses	0.04	(0.03)	
Impairment	(3.83)		
Consolidated income before tax	(5.13)	0.22	
Tax expense	(0.01)	(0.17)	
Consolidated net income	(5.14)	0.05	

(1) Revenues less volume discounts on ad sales

Significant contraction in business over the first half of 2020

The Group's business contracted by 19% during the first half of 2020, impacted by the global health crisis, particularly for its Publishing and Digital Media Trading activities. However, Marketing Technology sales proved very resilient over the period. The regional breakdown of revenues shows 46% of first-half sales were generated in Spain, 25% in Italy, 7% in France, 10% in Latin America (vs 23% for H1 2019) and 13% in North America.

Earnings

During the first half of the year, Antevenio recorded an 8.8% reduction in staff costs, reflecting the impact of the reorganization rolled out in 2019 and the first measures put in place this year to mitigate the effects of the crisis. However, operating expenditure was stable compared with the first half of 2019, due to non-recurring costs linked to the restructuring of the management teams and the business combination operation, resulting in an operating loss of \in (1.34)m.

In addition, Antevenio had to write down certain assets, including the goodwill for its French and US subsidiaries, for a combined total of \in 3.83m. Cash-flow forecasts for those two subsidiaries have been revised significantly due to the impact of the crisis and improved understanding of the business forecasts for all the business units from the new Antevenio/Rebold scope. The acquisition goodwill represented \in 7.4m at June 30, 2020, compared with \in 11.2m at December 31, 2019. Following this impairment, net income shows a loss of \in (5.14)m, compared with a positive figure of + \in 0.05m for the first quarter of 2019.

Financial position still positive

As the majority of the half-year losses had no impact on cash flow and working capital requirements were stable, cash net of financial debt remained positive at end-June, with €1.05m, versus €2.8m at end-December 2019. Shareholders' equity came to €8.0m, compared with €13.2m at end-December.

Antevenio-Rebold business combination

The general meeting on September 4, 2020 unanimously approved the business combination between Antevenio, a digital advertising and performance marketing specialist, and Rebold, a communications and marketing data specialist. This combination of their complementary strengths is a robust response to the growing challenges - compounded by the COVID-19 crisis - facing digital marketing firms. This operation was carried out on September 8, with ISP Digital contributing 100% of

Rebold's capital and Antevenio issuing 10,683,767 new shares in exchange, taking the number of shares comprising its capital up to 14,891,262.

The new combined structure's key pro forma indicators for the first half of 2020, assuming that the business combination was effective from January 1, 2020, are as follows:

Pro forma Rebold + Antevenio (in million euros, unaudited)	At June 30, 2020	At June 30, 2019	Change %
Consolidated revenues	34.7	41.8	-17%
Gross margin	18.3	21.4	-15%
EBITDA	0	1.5	-
Current operating income	(0.7)	0.9	-
EBIT	(1.3)	0	
Impairment	(3.8)	0	

These indicators show a good level of resilience faced with the crisis for Rebold, which successfully increased its gross margin rate to limit the contraction in its first-half gross margin to 11% (\leq 12.6m vs \leq 14.1m in H1 2019), while maintaining a positive current operating income of \leq 0.35m (vs \leq 0.7m in H1 2019).

Outlook

Antevenio/Rebold intends to capitalize on various synergies linked to the integration process and some of them have already been implemented. For instance, the commercial offering and sales teams are now fully integrated and a new marketing plan is in place for all of the regions. Strong progress has also been made with the process to integrate the Group's technologies.

In a still uncertain environment linked to the continuing COVID-19 epidemic, the Group is positioned to benefit from more positive market trends over the second half of the year, while maintaining a streamlined cost structure.

ANTEVENIO, S.A.

Interim Financial Statements for The Period Ended 30 June 2020



ANTEVENIO, S.A. Balance Sheet At 30 June 2020 (in Euros)

ASSETS	Note	30.06.2020	31.12.2019	30.06.2019
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		12,663,411	16,731,564	16,290,683
Intangible assets	6	7,139	9,054	10,968
Computer software		7,139	9,054	10,968
Property, plant and equipment	5	129,819	187,580	183,733
Technical installations and other items of PPE		129,819	187,580	183,733
Non-current investments in group companies and		12,226,559	16,216,963	15,873,534
associates				
Equity instruments	9	10,085,465	14,837,464	14,297,035
Non-current loans to group companies and associates	8.1 and	2,141,094	1,379,499	1,576,499
	18			
Non-current investments	8.1	37,476	55,873	55,114
Loans to companies		29,991	29,991	29,991
Other financial assets		7,485	25,882	25,123
Deferred tax assets	13	262,418	262,094	167,334
CURRENT ASSETS	-	2,690,605	3,147,466	2,123,870
Trade and other receivables	-	1,949,725	1,723,774	1,666,219
Trade receivables	8.1	44,484	18,726	18,726
Trade receivables from group companies and associates	8.1 and	1,902,360	1,697,761	1,645,826
	18			
Personnel	8.1	2,881	7,287	1,667
Current investments in group companies and	8.1 and	79,480	290,826	328,407
associates	18	*	,	,
Debt securities		79,480	290,826	78,407
Other financial assets		-	-	250,000
Current accruals		38,797	91,836	19,917
Cash and cash equivalents	8.1	622,603	1,041,030	109,327
Cash		622,603	1,041,030	109,327
TOTAL ASSETS		15,354,016	19,879,030	18,414,553



ANTEVENIO, S.A. Balance Sheet At 30 June 2020 (in Euros)

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	30.06.2020	31.12.2019	30.06.2019
EQUITY		8,352,689	13,522,043	14,810,415
Equity	11	8,352,689	13,522,043	14,810,415
Share capital		231,412	231,412	231,412
Issued capital		231,412	231,412	231,412
Share Premium	11.2	8,189,787	8,189,787	8,189,787
Reserves	11.2	5,100,844	3,748,926	5,063,808
Legal and statutory reserves		46,282	46,282	46,282
Other reserves		5,054,562	3,702,644	5,017,526
(Treasury shares and equity holdings)	11.2 d	-	-	(194,314)
Profit/(loss) for the year	3	(5,169,354)	1,351,918	1,249,722
Other equity instruments	19	-	-	270,000
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,255,930	2,505,930	1,923,328
Non-current payables	8.2.2	3,005,930	2,505,930	1,923,328
Finance lease payables		24,185	24,185	4,129
Debts with financial institutions		500,000		
Other financial liabilities	8.2	2,481,745	2,481,745	1,919,199
Non-current payables, Group companies	8.2 and 18	250,000	-	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,745,397	3,851,057	1,680,810
Current payables	8.2	509,209	64,346	34,394
Debts with financial institutions		495,875	15,530	12,980
Finance lease payables		9,168	21,376	17,537
Other financial liabilities		4,166	27,440	3,877
Current payables to Group companies and associates	8.2 and 18	2,561,228	2,946,323	929,257
Trade and other payables		674,960	840,388	717,159
Suppliers	8.2	220,099	218,326	243,208
Suppliers, group companies and associates	8.2 and 18	42,170	65,485	34,715
Other payables	8.2	144.054	192,715	97,044
Personnel (outstanding remunerations)	8.2	66,151	148,990	58,602
Current tax liabilities	13	28,404	28,404	28,404
Other payables to Public Entities	13	164,765	177,151	245,869
Advances from customers	8.2	9,317	9,317	9,317
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		15,354,016	19,879,030	18,414,553



ANTEVENIO, S.A. Profit and Loss Account for the annual period ended 30 June 2019 (in Euros)

	Note	30.06.2020	31.12.2019	30.06.2019
CONTINUING OPERATIONS				
Revenue:	14.d	1,089,551	2,503,540	1,370,940
Sales		-	-	-
Rendering of services		1,089,551	2,503,540	1,370,940
Supplies		(1,850)	33,569	1,096
Subcontracted work		(1,850)	33,569	1,096
Other operating income		-	-	-
Non-trading and other operating income		-	-	-
Wages and salaries		(378,016)	(1,318,763)	(568,980)
Employee benefit expense	14.a	(92,170)	(253,981)	(140,578)
Costs relating to equity instruments-based	19			
payments				
Other operating expenses		(955,911)	(1,416,027)	(630,977)
External services		(955,911)	(1,416,027)	(630,577)
Taxes		-	-	(400)
Losses, impairment and changes in trade provi	sions	-	-	-
Amortization and depreciation	5 and 6	(38,057)	(67,936)	(31,467)
Impairment and gains / (losses) on disposal of	of 14.c	(24,230)	-	-
fixed assets				
		-	-	-
OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)		(400,683)	(519,598)	34
Finance income:	14.b	14,471	2,077,900	1,267,357
Dividends		-	2,048,400	1,250,000
Group companies and associates		-	2,048,400	1,250,000
Marketable securities and other financial instru	ments	14,471	29,500	17,357
Group companies and associates		8,847	22,461	17,357
Other		5,624	7,039	-
Finance Expenses:	14.b	(31,162)	(45,430)	(13,378)
Debts with third parties		(10,674)	(33,679)	(9,781)
Debts with Group companies and associates		(20,488)	(11,751)	(3,597)
Translation differences	12	(158)	(4,948)	(4,291)
Impairment and gains / (losses) on disposal of	of financial	(4,752,000)	-	-
instruments				
a) Impairment and losses		(4,752,000)	-	-
Change in fair value of financial instruments	6	-	(288,493)	-
NET FINANCE INCOME/(EXPENSE)		(4,768,848)	1,739,029	1,249,688
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX		(5,169,531)	1,219,431	1,249,722
Income Tax	13	176	137,405	
Other taxes			(4,918)	
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		(5,169,355)	1,351,918	1,249,722



ANTEVENIO, S.A. Statement of Changes in Equity For the annual period ended 30 June 2020 STATEMENT OF RECOGNIZED INCOME AND

A)

EXPENSES

	30.06.2020	31.12.2019	30.06.2019
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	(5,169,354)	1,351,918	1,249,722
Income and expense directly recognized in equity:	-	-	-
B) TOTAL INCOME AND EXPENSES DIRECTLY RECOGNIZED	D IN EQUITY		
Transfers to Profit and Loss Account	-	-	-
C) TOTAL TRANSFERS TO PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT			
TOTAL RECOGNIZED INCOME AND EXPENSE	(5,169,354)	1,351,918	1,249,722
B) STATEMENT OF TOTAL CHANGES IN EQUITY			

	Issued capital	Share Premium	Reserves	(Treasury shares and equity holdings)	Other equity instruments	Profit/(loss) for the year	Prior period's losses	Total
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2019	231,412	8,189,787	5,063,807	- 194,314	270,000	1,249,722	-	14,810,414
Total recognized income and expense.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with equity holders and owners	-	-	- 1,359,552	194,314	-	-	-	- 1,165,238
Distribution of dividends	-	-	- 1,262,249	194,314	-	-	-	- 1,067,935
Transactions in own shares	-	-	- 97,303			-	-	- 97,303
Other changes in equity	-	-			- 270,000	1,351,918	-	1,081,918
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-				1,351,918	-	1,351,918
Other transactions	-	-	44,670			- 1,249,722	-	- 1,205,052
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2019	231,412	8,189,787	3,748,925	-	-	1,351,918	-	13,522,043
Total recognized income and expense.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with equity holders and owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution of dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions in own shares	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Other changes in equity	-	-	-	-	-	- 5,169,354	-	- 5,169,354
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	- 5,169,354	-	- 5,169,354
Other transactions	-	-	1,351,918	-	-	- 1,351,918	-	-
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2020	231,412	8,189,787	5,100,843		-	- 5,169,354	-	8,352,689



ANTEVENIO, S.A. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (in Euros)

CASH FLOWS	Note	30.06.2020	31.12.2019	30.06.2019
A) CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(1,230,650)	(925,335)	(1,188,070)
Profit/(loss) for the year before tax		(5,169,532)	1,219,389	1,249,722
Adjustments for:		4,831,135	(1,959,587)	(1,218,217)
a) Amortization and depreciation	5 and 6	38,057	67,936	31,471
b) Impairment losses		-	-	-
c) Change in provisions		-	-	-
c) Proceeds from disposal and derecognition of financial instruments		-	-	-
d) Finance income	14.b	(14,471)	(2,077,902)	(1,267,357)
e) Financial expenses	14.b	31,161	45,431	13,378
f) Exchange gains/(losses)	12	158	4,948	4,291
g) Impairment of, and gains/(losses on disposal) of financial instruments		4,752,000	-	
h) Other income / (loss)		24,230	_	_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(863,179)	(1,099,287)	(1,108,797)
a) Trade and other receivables		(225,951)	(735,205)	(677,650)
b) Other current assets		259,337	(315,719)	(281,381)
c) Trade and other payables		(153,043)	142,049	(49,900)
d) Other non-current assets and liabilities		(743,522)	(190,412)	(99,866)
Other cash flows from operating activities		(29,075)	925,458	(110,778)
a) Interest paid		(31,161)	(45,431)	(13,378)
b) Interest received		14,471	1,154,364	17,357
c) Income tax received (paid)		(12,386)	(183,475)	(114,757)
c) income tax received (paid)		(12,380)	(185,475)	(114,757)
B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		2,612	(81,959)	(37,529)
Payment for investments		2,612	(81,959)	(37,529)
a) Group companies and associates		-	-	-
b) Intangible assets	6	-	(5,998)	(6,337)
c) Property, plant and equipment	5	2,612	(75,961)	(31,192)
C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		809,769	1,454,246	740,191
Proceeds from and payments for equity instruments		,	(316,658)	-
a) Issue of equity instruments	21	-	(316,658)	(147,433)
Proceeds from and payments for financial liability instruments		809,769	2,109,615	(362,376)
a) Issue		(408,368)	2,477,114	202,123
b) Redemption and repayment of		-	(367,499)	(564,499)
1. Debts with financial institutions		1,218,137	(564,499)	(564,499)
2. Other		1,218,137	(001,1)))	(001,155)
Dividends and interest on other equity instruments received	14.b	-	923.538	1,250,000
Dividends paid	3 and 11	-	(1,262,249)	
	<i>c</i>		(_,,,,,)	
D) EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS		(158)	(4,948)	(4,291)
E) NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVAL	ENTS	(418,427)	442,004	(489,699)
Cash or cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,041,030	599,026	599,026
Cash or cash equivalents at end of period		622,603	1,041,030	109,327



ANTEVENIO S.A.

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020



ANTEVENIO, S.A.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1. INCORPORATION, ACTIVITY AND LEGAL REGIME OF THE COMPANY

a) Incorporation and Legal Regime

Antevenio, S.A. (hereinafter the Company) was incorporated on 20 November 1997 under the name "Interactive Network, S.L."; later, on 22 January 2001, the Company converted into a public limited company and changed its corporate name to I-Network Publicidad, S.A.. On 7 April 2005, the Annual General Meeting approved the change of the Company's name to its current one.

b) Activity and Registered Address

The Company's corporate purpose involves any activities that, according to the existing provisions on advertising, are typical of general advertising agencies; accordingly, the Company may execute all manner of acts, contracts and transactions and, in general, take all measures directly or indirectly conducive to, or deemed necessary or convenient for, the fulfilment of the aforementioned corporate purpose. The activities that form the Company's corporate purpose may be performed, entirely or partly, by the Company, either directly or indirectly through its interests in other companies with an identical or similar purpose.

The Company's registered address is in Madrid, at calle Marqués de Riscal 11; the Company is part of the Group Antevenio S.A. and subsidiaries, whose activities involve the performance of activities relating to advertisement in Internet; the Company is the parent of the Group and files its individual financial statements with the Mercantile Register of Madrid. Antevenio and subsidiaries Financial Statements for 2019 were approved by the Annual General Meeting of the Company, held on 1 July 2020, and filed before the Business Register of Madrid.

The Company is listed on the French alternative market, Euronext Growth, since 2007.

The Company has a significant volume in balances and transactions with group companies.

The Company's financial year begins on 1 January and finishes on 31 December of each year.

c) Legal Regime

The Company is governed by its Articles of Association and By-laws and by the existing Spanish Law on Corporations.



NOTE 2. BASIS FOR PRESENTATION OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) <u>Fair presentation</u>

Interim Financial Statements for the period ended 30 June 2020 have been prepared based on the accounting records of the Company and are presented in accordance with the existing Code of Commerce and the accounting policies set forth in the Spanish General Chart of Accounts approved by Royal Decree 1514/2007, of 16 November, and applying the amendments introduced thereto by Royal Decree 1159/2010, of 17 September, and by Royal Decree 602/2016, of 2 December, in order to offer a fair image of the Company's equity, financial position and the results of its operations, changes in equity and cash flows during the reporting period.

b) Accounting Principles applied

In the preparation of the accompanying Interim Financial Statements the accounting policies set forth in the Spanish Code of Commerce and General Chart of Accounts have been applied.

All mandatory accounting principles which would have a significant effect on the preparation of these consolidated financial statements have been applied.

c) <u>Functional and presentation currency</u>

In compliance with the existing regulations on accounting, the accompanying Interim Financial Statements are presented in Euro, which is the Company's functional currency.

d) <u>Comparative information</u>

For each line item in the Interim Balance, in the Interim Profit and Loss Account, in the Interim Statement of Changes in Equity and in the Interim Statement of Cash Flows, in addition to the relevant figures for the half-year ended 30 June 2020, comparative information for the year ended 31 December 2019, taken from the financial statements for 2019 approved by the Annual General Meeting held on 01 June 2020, and for the half-year ended 30 June 2019 is presented.

Line items from different periods are both comparative and homogeneous, except for the figures from the financial year ended 31 December 2019 that relate to a 12-month period and are therefore non-comparative.

e) <u>Aggregation of items</u>

In order to facilitate the understanding of the Balance Sheet, of the Profit and Loss Account, of the Statement of Changes in Equity and of the Statement of Cash Flows, line items are therein presented on an aggregated basis and the required relevant disclosures are included in the Notes.



Antevenio S.A. Interim Financial Statements at 30 June 2020 Responsibility for information and estimates

Preparation of the accompanying Interim Financial Statements requires judgements, estimates and assumptions affecting the application of accounting policies and the balances of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The related estimates and assumptions are based on past experience and several other factors deemed to be reasonable in the current context. Estimates and assumptions are subject to continuous revision; the effects of changes in accounting estimates are recognized in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

In preparing the Interim Financial Statements for the half-year ended 30 June 2020, the Company's Directors have made certain accounting estimates for the measurement of the assets, liabilities, income, expenses and commitments therein recorded. These estimates relate basically to the following:

- The assessment of eventual impairment losses on certain assets (note 4c).
- The assessment of eventual losses arising from the determination of the recoverable value of equity investments in Group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates, for which future cash flows projections based on return and discount rates and other variables and assumptions made by the Company's management, that justify the measured value of those investments (see notes 4e and 9).
- The useful lives of intangible fixed assets and of items of property, plant and equipment (see notes 4a and 4b).
- The amount for certain provisions (Note 4i)

Although these estimates were based on the best information available at 30 June 2019, additional information subsequently obtained or events and circumstances taking place in the future might make it necessary to change in future periods the assumptions on which these estimates are based; the effects of those changes will be prospectively recognized and included in the profit or loss account for the relevant period.

In addition of the process of systematic estimates and the revision thereof, certain judgements are used, amongst which those relating to measurement of the eventual impairment of assets, and those relating to provisions and contingent liabilities.

NOTE 3. DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT/(LOSS)

The General Shareholders Meeting held on 01 April 2020 approved the following proposal for the distribution of profit obtained by the Company in 2019:

Basis of distribution	
Profit and loss (profit)	(1,351,918)
Total	(1,351,918)
Application	
To offset prior periods' losses	-
Voluntary reserves	(1,351,918)
Total	(1,351,918)



NOTE 4. RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT STANDARDS

In compliance with the provisions of the Spanish General Accounting Plan, the main measurement standards applied by the Company in the preparation of the accompanying Interim Financial Statements at 30 June 2020 were as follows:

a) <u>Intangible assets</u>

Elements of intangible assets are measured at cost, determined as the purchase price or the production cost, less any accumulated amortization (calculated on the basis of their useful lives) and, where appropriate, any impairment losses.

Intangible assets are measured at production cost or acquisition price, net of any accumulated amortization, in the case of intangible assets with a finite useful live, and net of any accumulated impairment losses.

Industrial property

Development expenditure capitalized when a patent or similar right is obtained, including expenses incurred on registering industrial property, and the acquisition costs of the related rights from third parties, are accounted for as industrial property.

Industrial property is amortized on a straight-line basis throughout its useful life, at an annual rate of 20%.

Computer software

Licenses for computer software acquired from third parties or internally developed computer software are recognized as intangible assets on the basis of the costs incurred in acquiring or developing them, and preparing them for use.

Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis throughout its useful life, at an annual rate of 25%.

Maintenance costs incurred from computer applications during the period are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

b) **Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment is recognized at acquisition or production cost and less any accumulated depreciation and, where appropriate, any accumulated impairment losses.

Upkeep and maintenance costs incurred during the period are recorded in the Profit and Loss Account. Costs incurred to renovate, enlarge or improve items of property, plant and equipment which increase capacity or productivity or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized as part of the cost of the related asset. The carrying amount of items that are replaced are derecognized.

Indirect taxes on property, plant and equipment are included in the acquisition price or production



cost only when they are not directly recoverable from Tax Authorities.

The cost of the different items that make up property, plant and equipment, where applicable net of their residual value, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated years of useful life over which the Company expects to use said items and in line with the following table:

	30/06/ Annual Percentage	2020 Estimate d Years of Useful Life	31/12/2019 Estimated Annual Years of Percentage Useful Life		30/06 Annual Percentage	5/2019 Estimated Years of Useful Life
Other installations	20	5	20	5	20	5
Furniture	10	10	10	10	10	10
Computer hardware	25	4	25	4	25	4
Other property, plant and equipment	20-10	5-10	20-10	5-10	20-10	5-10

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be determined as the difference between the net amount obtained on the disposal of the item, and the carrying amount. The gain or loss shall be recognized in the Profit and Loss Account when the item is derecognized.

Investments made by the Company in leased premises, which are not separable from the leased asset, are amortized over their useful life which corresponds to the lesser of the duration of the lease, including renewal period when there is evidence to support that it will occur, and the economic life of the asset.

c) Impairment of intangible assets and of property, plant and equipment

An impairment loss in the value of intangible assets or property, plant and equipment occurs when their carrying amount exceed their recoverable value, the latest understood as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

To these purposes, at least at year end, the Company assesses, using the so-called "impairment test", whether there is evidence that any intangible assets or property, plant and equipment with indefinite useful life, or, where applicable, any cash-generating unit may be impaired; if so the Company proceeds to estimate the recoverable amount thereof applying the corresponding value adjustments.

The impairment of property, plant and equipment is calculated individually. However, when the recoverable amount of each individual asset cannot be determined, the Company proceeds to establish the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the relevant asset is associated.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed (a circumstance that is not permitted in the specific case of goodwill), the carrying amount of the relevant asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable value, insofar as the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or the cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss



Antevenio S.A. Interim Financial Statements at 30 June 2020 is recognized as income in Profit and Loss Account.

d) Leases and other transactions of similar nature

When the economic conditions of a lease agreement indicate that substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are transferred, the Company classifies this agreement as a finance lease. When the economic conditions of a lease agreement do not meet the requirements for the agreement to be classified as a finance lease, the Group classifies this agreement as an operating lease.

a.1) Finance leases

In the finance lease operations in which the Company acts as a lessor, the Company records an asset in the balance sheet according to the nature of the asset under contract and a liability in the same amount, which is the lower between the fair value of the leased good and the current value of the agreed minimum lease payments at the beginning of the lease, including the price of the purchase option. Finance leases do not include contingent rents, the cost of services and taxes that may be passed on by the lessor. The finance charge is recognized in the Profit and Loss Account for the reporting period in which it is accrued, using the effective interest method. Contingent rents are expensed in the reporting period in which they are accrued.

Assets recorded for this type of operations are depreciated using similar criteria to those applied to tangible (or intangible) assets a whole, depending upon their nature.

a.2) Operating leases

Expenses arising from operating leases are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account for the year when they accrue.

e) <u>Financial Instruments</u>

The Company only recognizes a financial instrument in its balance sheet under the terms of the contract or legal transaction to which it becomes party.

Upon initial recognition financial instruments are classified as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The Company classifies financial instruments under different categories based on their features and on the Company's intention at the time of initial recognition thereof.

Financial instruments are classified for measurement purposes in the following categories:

- 1. Loans and receivables and debts and payables
- 2. Equity investments in group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates.



The company's financial instruments mainly relate to cash and cash equivalents, loans and receivables, debts and payables and equity investments in Group companies.

e.1) Cash and other equivalent liquid assets

The heading "Cash and cash equivalents" in the Balance Sheet includes cash on hand, bank accounts, demand deposits and other highly liquid short-term investments. These items are recognized at historical cost, which does not differ significantly from realizable value.

e.2) Loans and receivables and debts and payables

e.2.1) Loans and receivables

The following items are classified in this category:

a) Trade receivables: financial assets arising on the sale of goods and the rendering of services in the course of the company's trade operations; and

Non-trade receivables: financial assets that are neither equity instruments nor derivatives, not arising on trade transactions, with fixed or determinable payments, and which are not traded in an active market. This category does not include financial assets for which the Company cannot make substantial recovery of the entire initial investment due to circumstances other than credit impairment. These are classified as available-for-sale.

e.2.2) Debts and payables

The following items are classified in this category:

- a) Trade payables: financial liabilities arising on the purchase of goods and services in the course of the company's trade operations; and
- b) Non-trade payables: financial liabilities that are not derivatives and do not arise on trade transactions.

Financial assets and liabilities included in this category are initially measured at fair value, i.e. the transaction price, which is equivalent to the fair value of the consideration given/received, adjusted for directly attributable transaction costs.

Nonetheless, trade receivables and trade payables falling due within one year for which there is no contractual interest rate, and loans and advances to personnel, dividends receivable and receivables on called-up equity instruments expected to be collected in the short term, and called-up equity holdings expected to be settled in the short term, are measured at their nominal amount, provided that the effect of not discounting the cash flows is immaterial.

Financial assets and liabilities included in this category are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Accrued interest shall be recognized in the Profit and Loss Account using the effective interest rate method. However, receivables and payables falling due within one year initially measured at the nominal amount continue to be measured at that amount, unless receivables are impaired.



At the balance sheet date, the Company recognizes any necessary valuation allowances when there is objective evidence that the value of a receivable is impaired, i.e. when there is evidence of a reduction or delay in estimated future cash flows associated to that asset.

e.3) Equity investments in group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates

This category includes equity investments in companies controlled by the Company (group companies), in companies where the Company shares control with one or several partners under statutory or otherwise agreement (jointly-controlled companies), or companies where the Company exercises a significant influence (associates).

Equity investments in group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates are initially measured at cost, which is equivalent to the fair value of the consideration given plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Equity investments in group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment.

At the balance sheet date, the Company recognizes any necessary valuation allowances when there is objective evidence that the value of an asset is impaired.

Said losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying value and the recoverable amount, with this value being the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and the current value of future cash flows arising from the investment, calculated by estimating its share in the cash flows expected to be generated by the investee from its normal operations as well as from the disposal or derecognition thereof.

Unless there is better evidence of the investment recoverable amount, for measuring the impairment thereof the net equity of the investee is taken into account, adjusted by the unrealized gains existing on the date of valuation.

Where appropriate, in determining the investee's equity for the purposes of the preceding paragraph, when the investee has equity interest in other companies, the Company has taken into account the investee's equity as presented in its consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Spanish Code of Commerce and related implementing provisions.

Changes in value due to impairment losses and, where applicable, their reversals are recognized as an expense or income, respectively, in the Profit and Loss Account. Impairment shall only be reversed up to the limit of the carrying amount of the investment that would have been determined at the reversal date had impairment not been recognized.

e.4) Reclassification of financial assets

The Company may only reclassify a financial asset initially designated as held for trading or at fair value through profit or loss to other categories, or vice versa, when the asset qualifies for classification as an equity investment in group companies, jointly controlled entities or associates.



e.5) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset, or part of a financial asset, is derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or have been transferred, provided that substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

The gain or loss on derecognition of the financial asset shall be determined as the difference between the consideration received net of attributable transaction costs, including any new asset obtained less any liability assumed, and the carrying amount of the financial asset, plus any accumulated amount recognized directly in equity. The gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss for the reporting period in which it arises.

e.6) De-recognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligations have been extinguished.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability, or part of that liability, that has been derecognized and the consideration given, including attributable transaction costs and any asset transferred (other than cash) or liability assumed, shall be recognized in the Profit and Loss Account for the reporting period in which it arises.

e.7) Interest and dividends received on financial assets

Interest and dividends accrued on financial assets after acquisition are recognized as income in the Profit and Loss Account.

Interests are accounted for using the effective interest rate method, while dividends are recognized when the equity holder's right to receive payment is established. Upon initial measurement of financial assets, accrued explicit interest receivable at the measurement date shall be recognized separately, based on maturity. Dividends declared by the pertinent body at the acquisition date shall also be accounted for separately.

e.8) Guarantees extended

In the case of guarantees extended and received in operating leases and in the provision of services, the difference between their fair value and the amount paid over is recorded as an advance payment or collection for the lease or service provision. Current guarantees extended are measured at the amount disbursed.

Guarantees extended in operating leases are measured at fair value.

e.9) Impairment of financial assets

A financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired and has generated an impairment loss if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of an event or events which have occurred subsequent to initial recognition of the asset, and where the event or events causing the loss have an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the asset or group of financial assets which can be reliably estimated.



The company's policy is to recognize the appropriate valuation adjustments for impairment of loans and receivables and debt instruments, where there has been a reduction or delay in estimated future cash flows.

An impairment loss is similarly recognized for equity instruments when the carrying amount thereof becomes non recoverable.

f) Foreign currency balances, transactions and cash flows

All foreign currency transactions are translated into Euro by applying the spot exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

At the balance sheet date, non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate prevailing at the fair value calculation date, i.e. at the balance sheet date. When gains or losses arising from changes in the valuation of a non-monetary item are directly recognized in net equity, any exchange component is also directly recognized in net equity. By contrast, when gains or losses arising from changes in the valuation of a non-monetary item are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account for the year, any exchange difference is recognized in the Profit or Loss Account.

At the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted to Euro at the rates then prevailing, whereas non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at historical cost have been converted at the exchange rates prevailing at the relevant transaction dates.

Positive and negative differences arising from settlement of foreign currency transactions and from conversion to Euros of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are recognized in profit or loss.

g) Income Tax

Between 2013 and 2016, Group companies with registered address in Spain paid taxes under the Special Consolidated Tax Regime within the Group led by the Parent Company.

The Board of Directors informed, at the meeting held on 30 December 2016, that the company Inversiones y Servicios Publicitarios, S.L. ("ISP") owns a 83.09% interest in the share capital of Antevenio (see Note 11) and that, pursuant to the provisions of Article 61.3 of Law 27/2014, of 27 November, on Corporate Income Tax and having regard to the fact that Antevenio S.A. no longer was a company of taxation group 0212/2013 sin ISP had acquired an interest exceeding 75% of the share capital and voting rights in Antevenio, the Board had approved including the Company, effective from the taxation period beginning of 1 January 2017, as a subsidiary of taxation group 265/10, whose parent company is ISP.

Income tax expense (income) is calculated as the sum of current tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current tax is the amount payable as a result of applying the tax rate to the tax base for the year. Tax credits and other tax benefits, excluding tax withholdings and pre-payments, and tax loss carry forwards from prior years effectively offset in the year, reduce the current tax expense.



On the other hand, deferred tax expense (income) relates to the recognition and settlement of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences, from the offset of tax loss carryforwards from prior years and from unused tax credits and other tax reliefs pending application, as well as of deferred tax liabilities arising from taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the rates expected to prevail upon their reversal.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except for those arising from the initial recognition of goodwill or other assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither taxable profit/(loss) nor accounting profit/(loss).

In accordance with the prudence principle, deferred tax assets shall only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available to enable their application. Nonetheless, a deferred tax asset shall not be recognised when the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affected neither accounting profit/(loss) nor taxable income/(loss).

Both current and deferred tax expense (income) are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account. However, current and deferred tax assets and liabilities relating to a transaction or event that was recognized directly in equity shall be accounted for with a debit or credit to the relevant equity line item.

Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities are reassessed at each balance sheet date in order to ascertain their applicability and the appropriate adjustments are made. Similarly, the company reassesses both recognized and previously unrecognized deferred tax assets. The company then derecognizes previously recorded deferred tax assets when recovery is no longer probable, or recognizes a previously unrecorded deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will enable its application.

h) **<u>Revenue and expenses</u>**

Revenues and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis, i.e. when the actual flow of goods and services they represent occurs, regardless of when the resulting monetary or financial flow takes place.

Revenue from the sale of goods and rendering of services is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, this is the agreed price of those goods or services, less any trade discounts, rebates or similar items granted by the Company and interest on the nominal amount.

Revenue from services is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably, taking into account the stage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date. Revenue from the rendering of services shall only be recognized when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

a) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

b) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the



Antevenio S.A. Interim Financial Statements at 30 June 2020 Company.

- c) The stage of completion of the transaction, at the balance sheet date, can be measured reliably; and
- d) The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

i) <u>Provisions and contingencies</u>

At the balance sheet date liabilities of uncertain timing or amount, arising from past events the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits, are recognized as provisions in the Balance Sheet and are measured at the present value of the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation or transfer it to a third party.

With regards to provisions and contingencies the Company applies the following:

i.1) Provisions

Liabilities that cover present obligations arising from past events, whose future settlement is likely to result in an outflow of resources, for which the amount and settlement date are uncertain.

i.2) Contingent liabilities

Possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence is contingent upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or several future events beyond the control of the Company.

Adjustments arising from the discounting of the provision are recognized as a finance expense when accrued. Provisions expiring within one year are not discounted where the financial effect is not material.

Reimbursements receivable from a third party on settlement of the obligation shall not reduce the amount of debt; the company shall nonetheless recognize the related receivable as an asset, provided that there is no doubt as to its collection.

j) Assets of environmental nature

The Company, due to its line of business, has no environmental assets and has not incurred in any expenditure to minimize the environmental impact and to protect and improve the environment. Furthermore, there are not provisions for risks and expenses, nor contingencies related to the protection and improvement of the environment.

k) **Business combinations**

At the acquisition date, identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at fair value, provided this can be measured reliably, subject to the following exceptions:



-Non-current assets classified as held-for-sale are measured at fair value less costs to sell.

- Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates expected to prevail upon their reversal, based on the existing or approved and pending publication regulations as of the date of acquisition. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.
- Assets and liabilities associated with long-term employee benefits under defined benefit schemes are accounted for at the acquisition date as the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of the plan assets out of which the obligations are to be settled.
- Intangible assets, the value of which cannot be measured in relation to an active market and would result in a recognition of income in the Profit and Loss Account have been deducted from the initially calculated negative goodwill.
- Assets received as compensation for contingencies and uncertainties are recognized and measured in a manner consistent with the item causing the relevant contingency or uncertainty.
- Reacquired rights recognized as an intangible asset are measured an amortized on the basis of their remaining term of the contract.
- Obligations classified as contingent liabilities are recognized as a liability at fair value, provided that the liability is a present obligation that arises from past events and the fair value can be measured reliably, even when it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will result from settlement of the obligation.

At acquisition date, the excess of the cost of the business combination over the value of the identifiable assets acquired less the liabilities assumed is recognized as goodwill.

When the value of the identifiable assets acquired less liabilities assumed exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is accounted for as income in the Profit and Loss Account. Prior to recognizing the aforementioned income, the Company reassesses whether it has correctly identified and measured the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, as well as the cost of the combination.

Subsequently, any liabilities and equity instruments issued as cost of the relevant business combination and any identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed will be accounted for in accordance with the relevant recognition and measurement standards applicable to the nature of the transaction or to the nature of the relevant asset or liability.

l) <u>Transactions with related parties</u>

As a general rule, items involved in a transaction between related parties are initially recognized at fair value. If the agreed transaction price were not the fair value, the difference shall be recognized based on the economic reality of the transaction. Subsequent measurement is performed in accordance with the applicable standards.



m) Equity instruments-based payments

The goods or services received in these operations are recorded as assets or as expenses depending upon their nature, at the moment they are obtained, and the corresponding increase in equity, if the transaction is paid off with equity instruments or the corresponding liability, if the transaction is paid off with the amount based on the value of the same.

The transactions with employees settled with equity instruments, both services rendered as well as the increase in equity to be recognized are assessed according to the fair value of the granted equity instruments, referring to the date of approval of the granting.

The Company operated several remuneration plan for its Management consisting in the delivery of share options in Antevenio and which shall be settled in shares.

These plans were initially measured at fair value at grant date, applying a generally accepted financial calculation method that takes into account, inter alia, the option exercise price, the volatility, the time frame for exercising the options, the expected dividends and the risk-free interest rate.

Options are recognized as a personnel expense in the Profit and Loss Account as vested over the period defined as the minimum required time in the Company's employ for the exercise of the option, except for options granted in 2016 that were entirely recognized at the initial date, in accordance with principle of prudence, as a personnel expense and an offsetting entry is simultaneously recognized directly in equity without reassessing the initial measurement thereof. Since the offsetting entry resulted in an increase in own funds ("Other equity instruments"), there is no impact whatsoever on the Equity of Antevenio SA.

n) Statement of Cash Flows

In cash flows statements the following terms are used with the meanings specified:

<u>Cash or cash equivalents</u>: Cash comprises both cash at hand and demand deposits at banks. Cash equivalents are financial instruments financial instruments that are convertible to cash and have a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition, provided that there is no significant risk of changes in value and that they form part of the Company's usual cash management policy.

<u>Cash flows</u>: inflows or outflows of cash or cash equivalents, the latter being short-term highly liquid investments subject to a low risk of changes in value.

<u>Operating activities</u> are the principal revenue-producing activities of the Company and other activities that are not investing or financing activities.

<u>Investing activities</u> are the acquisition, sale or disposal of non-current assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Financing activities</u> are activities that result in changes in the size and composition of the equity and financial liabilities.



NOTE 5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The breakdown of and changes in "Property, Plant and Equipment" is as follows:

	30/06/2019	Recognition	Derecognition	31/12/2019	Recognition	Derecognition	30/06/2020
Cost: Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE	421,677	38,398		460,075	2,612	(69,963)	392,725
	421,677	38,398	-	460,075	2,612	(69,963)	392,725
Accumulated Depreciation: Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE	(237,944)	(34,551)		· (272,495)	(36,143)	45,732	(262,905)
	(237,944)	(34,551)	-	(272,495)	(36,143)	45,732	(262,905)
Provision for impairment: Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE	-	-			-	-	-
Net property, plant and equipment	183,734	3,847	-	187,580	(33,530)	(24,230)	129,819

Fully amortized intangible assets in use

The breakdown by headings of fully depreciated assets in use is shown below, indicating their cost value:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE	100,205	100,842	83,911
Total	100,205	100,842	83,911

Additional disclosures

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019, the Company had no items of property, plant and equipment acquired from group companies or any items of property plant and equipment located outside Spain.

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019, there were no firm purchase commitments for the acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment.

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019, the assets of the Company were secured by an insurance policy. The Company's directors consider that this insurance policy sufficiently covers any risks associated to its property, plant and equipment.



NOTE 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	30/06/2019	Recognition	Derecogni tion	31/12/2019	Recognition	30/06/2020
Cost:						
Computer software	103,384	2		103,386	-	103,386
	103,384	2	-	103,386	-	103,386
Accumulated Depreciation:						
Computer software	(83,102)	(1,917)		(85,019)	(1,914)	(86,934)
	(83,102)	(1,917)	-	(85,019)	(1,914)	(86,934)
Provision for impairment: Computer software	(9,315)	-		(9,315)	-	(9,315)
Net Intangible Assets Net	10,967	(1,915)	-	9,053	(1,914)	7,137

The breakdown of and changes in "Intangible Assets" is as follows:

Fully amortized intangible assets in use

The breakdown by headings of fully depreciated assets in use is shown below, indicating their cost value:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Computer software	88,147	88,147	91,047
Total	88,147	88,147	91,047

Additional disclosures

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019, the Company had no intangible assets acquired from Group companies or any intangible assets located outside Spain.

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019, there were no firm purchase commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets.



NOTE 7. LEASES AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS OF SIMILAR NATURE

7.1) Operating leases (Company as lessee)

The charge to the income at 30 June 2020, at 31 December 2019 and at 30 June 2019 in respect of operating leases amounted to 132,941 Euros; 326,166 Euros, and 141,535 Euros, respectively.

The Company has on office floor leased in Madrid (Marqués de Riscal Street nº 11), where it operates.

There are no future minimum payments under non-cancellable lease agreements with a maturity of more than 5 years.

7.2) **Finance lease**

The Company has contracted a finance lease for the computer hardware its uses to conduct its business. The Company's main finance lease is with a financial entity with maturity date on 28 July 2020. At 30 June 2020 and 2019 future payments under this finance lease amounted to 33,353.28 Euros and 17,537 Euros respectively which were recognized under "Finance lease payables" in current liabilities (see Note 8.2.2).

NOTE 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company classifies financial instruments in the following categories or portfolios based on the Company's intention for them:

8.1) <u>Financial Assets</u>

The breakdown of non-current financial assets at 30 June 2020, at 31 December 2019 and at 30 June 2019, except for equity investments in group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates that are shown in Note 9, is as follows:

	Loans, Derivati 30/06/2019	ves and other 31/12/2019	30/06/2020	Total 30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Loans and receivables (Note 8.1.1)	1,631,613	1,435,372	2,178,570	1,631,613	1,435,372	2,178,570
Total	1,631,613	1,435,372	2,178,570	1,631,613	1,435,372	2,178,570



The breakdown of current financial assets at 30 June 2020, at 31 December 2019 and at 30 June 2019, is as follows:

	Loans	, Derivatives and	other	Total		
	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 8.1.a)	109,327	1,041,030	622,603	109,327	1,041,030	622,603
Loans and receivables (Note 8.1.1)	1,994,626	2,014,600	2,020,358	1,994,626	2,014,600	2,029,205
Total	2,103,953	3,055,630	2,642,961	2,103,953	3,055,630	2,651,808

a) <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

The break-down of "Cash and Cash Equivalents" is as follows:

	Balance at 30/06/2019	Balance at 31/12/19	Balance at 30/06/2020
Current accounts and treasury	109,327	1,041,030	622,603
Total	109,327	1,041,030	622,603

8.1.1) Loans and receivables

The breakdown of this heading is as follows:

	Balance at 30/	/06/2019	Balance at 31	/12/2019	Balance at 30/06/2020		
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	
Trade receivables							
Trade receivables, Group companies (Note 18)	-	1,645,826	-	1,697,761	-	1,902,360	
Third-party receivables	-	18,726	-	18,726	-	44,484	
Advances to personnel	-	1,667	-	7,287	-	2,881	
					-		
Total trade receivables	-	1,666,219	-	1,723,774	-	1,949,725	
Non-trade receivables							
	4 606 400	70.407	4 979 499	202.026	2 4 4 4 00 4	70.400	
Loans and interest receivable, Group companies (Note 18)	1,606,490	78,407	1,379,499	290,826	2,141,094	79,480	
Other group company financial assets	-	250,000	-	-	-	-	
Loans to third parties	-	-	29,991	-	29,991	-	
Guarantees and deposits	25,123	-	25,882	-	7,485	-	
					-	-	
Total non-trade receivables	1,631,613	328,407	1,435,372	290,826	2,178,570	79,480	
Total	1,631,613	1,994,626	1,435,372	2,014,600	2,178,570	2,029,205	



Trade and other receivables include impairment caused by default risk, according to the following breakdown:

Impairment	Balance at 30/06/2019	Impairment loss	Impairment reversal / Application of the provision	Balance at 31/12/2019	Impairment loss	Impairment reversal	Balance at 30/06/2020
Trade receivables	(27,866)	-	-	(27,866)	-	-	(27,866)
Total	(27,866)	-	-	(27,866)	-	-	(27,866)

8.1.2) Additional disclosures related to financial assets

a) <u>Reclassifications</u>

No financial instruments have been reclassified during the reporting period.

b) <u>Classification by maturity</u>

At each balance sheet date non-current financial assets have maturity at over five years.

Current financial assets include loans to Group companies the maturity of which is extended on an annual basis unless otherwise claimed by the Company.

c) Assets pledged as security

The Company has no assets or liabilities pledged as security.

8.2) <u>Financial Liabilities</u>

At 30 June 2020 non-current financial liabilities relate to the instalments resulting from finance lease contracts with non-current maturity (see Note 7) and to the financial liability arising from the business combination disclosed under Note 21, that have been both classified as "Debts and payables".

The breakdown of current financial liabilities is as follows:

	Debts with t institut				Total				
	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/201 9
Debts and payables (Note 8.2.1)	495,875	15,530	12,980	3,056,354	3,629,973	3,877	3,552,229	3,645,503	16,857
Total	495,875	15,530	12,980	3,056,354	3,629,973	3,877	3,552,229	3,645,503	16,857



Antevenio S.A. Interim Financial Statements at 30 June 2020 8.2.1) <u>Debts and Payables</u>

The breakdown of "Debts and Payables" is as follows:

	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Trade payables:			
Suppliers	220,099	218,326	243,208
Trade payables, Group companies and associates (Note 18)	42,170	65,485	34,715
Other payables	144,054	192,716	97,044
Total trade payables	406,322	476,527	374,967
Non-trade payables:			
Debts with financial institutions	495,875	15,530	12,980
Finance lease payables	9,168	21,376	17,537
Other financial liabilities	4,167	27,440	3,877
Loans and other payables	509,210	64,346	34,394
Personnel (outstanding remunerations)	66,151	148,990	58,601
Advances from customers	9,317	9,317	9,317
Total non-trade payables	75,468	158,307	67,918
Current payables to Group companies and associates (Note 18)	2,561,228	2,946,323	929,257
Total debt to the Group	2,561,228	2,946,323	929,257
Total Debts and payables	3,552,229	3,645,503	1,406,536

8.2.2) Additional disclosures related to financial liabilities

a) <u>Classification by maturity</u>

At 30 June 2020, the breakdown by maturity of non-current financial liabilities, with either fixed or determinable maturity, is as follows:

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2024 onwards	Total
Non-current payables						
Finance lease payables	9,041	9,041	6,103	-	-	24,185
Debts with financial institutions	70,756	122,989	125,158	127,366	53,730	500,000
Other financial liabilities	2,481,745	-	-	-	-	2,481,745
Total	2,561,542	132,030	131,261	127,366	53,730	3,005,930



At 31 December 2019, the breakdown by maturity of non-current financial liabilities, with either fixed or determinable maturity, is as follows:

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Non-current payables						
Finance lease payables	9,041	9,041	6,103	-	-	24,185
Other financial liabilities	2,481,745	-	-	-	-	2,481,745
Total	2,490,786	9,041	6,103	-	-	2,505,930

At 30 June 2019, the breakdown by maturity of non-current financial liabilities, with either fixed or determinable maturity, is as follows:

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 or	nwards	Total
Non-current payables							
Finance lease payables	4,129	-	-		-	-	4,129
Other financial liabilities	859,900	1,059,299	-		-	-	1,919,199
Total	864,029	1,059,299	-		-	-	1,923,328

<u>NOTE 9. GROUP COMPANIES, JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES AND</u> <u>ASSOCIATES</u>

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and 31 December 2019, the breakdown of the Company's interests in Group and Jointly-Controlled Companies and Associates was as follows:

	Direct Interest %	% Direct Voting Rights	Investment value	Amount of impairment charge	Net carrying amount of interest
Group Companies					
React2Media, L.L.C. (1)	60	60	4,199,158	(3,786,117)	413,041
Antevenio S.R.L. (*)	100	100	5,027,487	-	5,027,487
Mamvo Performance, S.L. (**)	100	100	1,577,382	-	1,577,382
Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing, S.L. (**)	100	100	199,932	-	199,932
Antevenio Mexico SA de CV (**)	100	100	1,908	-	1,908
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U. (**)	100	100	27,437	-	27,437
Antevenio Francia, S.R.L.	100	100	2,000	-	2,000
Antevenio Publicité, S.A.S.U. (*)	100	100	3,191,312	(2,701,000)	490,312
Antevenio Rich & Reach, S.L. (**)	100	100	3,000	-	3,000
Foreseen Media SL.	70	70	67,420	-	67,420
B2MarketTPlace Ecommerce Consulting Group SL	51	51	2,275,546	-	2,275,546
			16,572,582	(6,487,117)	10,085,465

(1) See Note 21 Business combinations.

None of these companies is listed.



During the six-months period ended 30 June 2020, the Company has recognised under "Impairment and losses" in the accompanying statement of profit or loss impairment losses amounting to \notin 4,752,000 relating to the following companies: Antevenio Publicité S.A.S.U. (2,701,000 euros) and React2Media, L.L.C. (2,051,000).

During the annual period ended 31 December 2019, the Company recognised impairment losses amounting to $\notin 1,735,117$.

The Company's directors believe the net carrying amount of interests in subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 is recoverable, taking into account the estimates of its share in the cash flows from ordinary activities expected to be generated by investee companies. The Company's management has based its cash flow projections to support the recoverable value of investments on the following assumptions:

- 5-year projections of cash flows, based on the business plans provided for by the Company's management.
- The growth rate of the cash flows used for the following years has been based on each company and each geographic market.
- The discount rate applied was 10.60%.
- A perpetual growth rate of 2%

The projections are prepared based on past experience as well as the best available estimates.

At the close of the half-year period ended 30 June 2020, no circumstances have arisen that may imply changes to the assumptions used and conclusions reached by the Group at year-end 2019.

Here below is a breakdown of the corporate purpose and registered address of the investees:

Mamvo Performance, S.L. (Single-member) Its objective is online advertising and direct marketing for the generation of useful contacts. Its registered office is at C/Marqués de Riscal, 11, Madrid.

Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing, S.L. (Single-member). Its purpose is to provide counselling related to commercial communication companies. Its registered office is at C/Marqués de Riscal, 11, Madrid.

Antevenio S.R.L. (Single-member), its purpose is to provide online marketing and internet advertising services. Its registered address is at Viale Francesco Restelli 3/7 - 20124. Milan (Italy).

Antevenio ESP, S.L. (Single-member), formerly Diálogo Media, S.L. (Single-member), and Antevenio Mobile, S.L.U. Its objective is to provide advertising services and online advertising and e-commerce operations by electronic means. Its registered office is at C/Marqués de Riscal, 11, Madrid.

Antevenio France, S.R.L. (Single-member) Its corporate purpose consists in the provision of



advertising and promotional services on the Internet; the study, dissemination and provision of services in the field of advertising and marketing on the Internet. Its registered address is at 62B rue des Peupliers, 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt, France.

Antevenio México, S.A. de CV. Its corporate purpose is to provide other Advertising services. The company has its registered offices in Mexico. Its registered address is at Col. Condesa Del. Cuauhtémoc, C.P. 06100, México D.F.

Antevenio Publicite SARL, formerly Clash Media SARL. Its corporate purpose consists in the provision of advertising and promotional services on the Internet; the study, dissemination and provision of services in the field of advertising and marketing on the Internet. Its registered address is at 62B rue des Peupliers, 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt, France.

Antevenio Rich & Reach S.L. (Single-member). Its corporate purpose is the provision of Internet services, particularly in the field of online advertising; the provision of digital advertising and marketing services; the operation and sale of advertising spaces, the operation of social media and web environments. Its registered office is at C/Marqués de Riscal, 11, Madrid.

React2Media, L.L.C. Its corporate purpose is the provision of a comprehensive service of on-line advertising networks, offering a complete array of interactive marketing opportunities to media agencies, direct advertisers and editors. The company has its registered address at 35 W 36th St, New York, NY 10018, USA.

Foreseen Media, S.L. Its corporate purpose is the purchase, sale, management, marketing and licensing of all types of rights related to eSports or sports played on computers, including the purchase and sale of advertising spaces, assets and players, teams and competitions ownership and sponsorship rights. The company has its registered address at C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11, Madrid.

B2MarketPlace Ecommerce Consulting Group SL. Its corporate purpose entails optimising and improving the presence of brands, manufacturers and distributors on digital platforms Its registered office is at C/Marqués de Riscal, 11, 2 Madrid.

At 30 June 2020, the breakdown of the equity, in Euros, of the investees was as follows:

	Share capital	Reserves	Grants	Prior period's Profit/(Loss)	Translation differences	Profit/(loss) for the year	Equity
Mamvo Performance, S.L.	33,967	2,687,154	57,120	-	-	47,710	2,825,951
Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing, S.L.	99,800	33,791	-	(957,798)	-	(38,919)	(863,126)
Antevenio Mexico	4,537	-	-	780,624	(11,101)	(248,695)	525,365
Antevenio S.R.L.	10,000	1,305,333	-	-	-	110,341	1,425,675
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.	3,010	1,194,264	-	(121,499)	-	(43,070)	1,032,706
Antevenio Francia, S.R.L.	2,000	-		(777,435)	-	(1,611)	(777,045)
Antevenio Publicité S.A.S.U.	101,913	446,287		(420,951)	-	(175,785)	(48,537)
Antevenio Rich & Reach, S.L.	3,000	151,702	-	(470,553)	-	25,347	(290,503)
React2Media SL	5,099	-	-	-	-	(566,671)	(561,572)
Foreseen Media sl	3,750	55,275		(165,520)	-	(42,475)	(148,970)
B2MarketPlace Ecommerce Consulting Group SL.	81,671	(3,940)	150,000	(98,427)	-	(23,063)	106,241



At 31 December 2019, the breakdown of the equity, in Euros, of the investees was as follows:

	Share capital	Reserves	Grants	Prior period's Profit/(Loss)	Translation differences	Profit/(loss) for the year	Equity
Mamvo Performance, S.L.	33,967	2,579,497	80,113	-	-	107,657	2,801,234
Marketing Manager Servicios de	99,800	33,791	-	(956,887)	-	(911)	(824,207)
Marketing, S.L.							
Antevenio Mexico	4,537	-	-	271,061	79,413	509,563	864,574
Antevenio S.R.L.	10,000	1,693,423	-	-	-	(462,427)	1,240,996
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.	3,010	1,194,264	-	-	-	(121,499)	1,075,775
Antevenio Francia, S.R.L.	2,000	-	-	(772,759)	-	(4,675)	(775,434)
Antevenio Publicité S.A.S.U.	101,913	444,899	-	30,000	-	(420,951)	155,861
Antevenio Rich & Reach, S.L.	3,000	151,702	-	(97,251)	-	(373,301)	(315,850)
React2Media SL	5,099	-	-	-	(6,186)	(381,309)	(382,396)
Foreseen Media sl	3,750	55,275	-	(118,810)	_	(46,710)	(106,495)
B2MarketPlace Ecommerce Consulting Group SL.	81,671	-	-	(135,218)	-	36,792	(16,755)

At 30 June 2019, the breakdown of the equity, in Euros, of the investees was as follows:

	Share capital	Reserves	Prior periods' profit/(loss)	Grants	Translation differences	Profit/(loss) for the year	Equity
Antevenio, S.R.L.	10,000	1,741,499	-	-	-	(146,180)	1,605,319
Mamvo Performance, S.L.	33,967	2,579,497	-	68,499	-	271,958	2,953,921
Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing,	99,800	33,791	(956 <i>,</i> 887)	-	-	(36,528)	(859,824)
S.L.							
Antevenio Mexico	4,537	1,232,297	-	-	(146,510)	257,809	1,348,133
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U. (formerly Diálogo Media S.L.U)	3,010	1,194,264	-	-	-	(53,496)	1,143,778
Antevenio Francia, S.R.L.	2,000	-	(772,759)	-	-	(1,347)	(772,106)
Antevenio Publicité S.A.S.U.	101,913	576,986	(132,087)	-	-	(61,128)	485,684
Antevenio Rich & Reach S.L.	3,000	151,702	(97,251)	-	-	(155,180)	(97,729)
React2Media, L.L.C. (see Note 21)	5,099	-	-	-	(233)	(94,821)	(89,955)
Foreseen Media S.L.	3,750	-	(118,810)	-	-	(29,918)	(144,978)

NOTE 10. INFORMATION ON THE NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's activities are exposed to different financial risks, particularly to credit and market risk.

10.1.1) Credit Risk

The Company's main financial assets are cash and cash equivalents and loans to Group companies, trade and other receivables, and investments which represent the company's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables and to the recoverability of its loans to Group companies. The Balance Sheet includes the amounts, net of provisions for insolvencies, estimated by the Company's management based on prior years' experience and on its assessment of the current economic scenario.

10.1.2) Exposure to liquidity risk

The Company applies a liquidity policy consisting in keeping the balances in available accounts, in order to ensure any payments arising from the normal course of its business.



Antevenio S.A. Interim Financial Statements at 30 June 2020 10.1.3) Exchange rate risk

The Company is not exposed to significant exchange rate risk, so it carries out no transactions with financial hedging instruments.

NOTE 11. EQUITY

11.1) Equity Capital

At 30 June 2020, 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019, the Company's share capital company is represented by 4,207,495 nominal value shares of 0.055 Euro each, fully subscribed and paid up. These shares have equal voting and dividend rights.

The company Inversiones y Servicios Publicitarios, S.a. (ISP) holder at 31 December 2015 of a 18.68% interest in Antevenio S.A. share capital, represented by 785,905 nominal value shares of 0.055 euros each, purchased, on 3 August 2016, the shares from the Company's founder and CEO, Joshua David Novick, who at that time owned a 11.89% interest in the Company's share capital, represented by 500,271 nominal value shares of 0.055 euros each, at a price of 6 euros per share.

Subsequent to the above mentioned shareholding change, ISP launched a Voluntary Public Offer Bid on the remaining Company's shareholders that was accepted by 1,360,806 shares, representing 32.34% of Antevenio S.A. share capital, at a purchase price of 6 Euros each. The company Aliada Investment B.V. has thereafter transferred its shares in the Company to ISP; accordingly, ISP currently controls 83.09% of Antevenio SA share capital.

At 30 June 2020, di	rect and indirect shareholde	rs of the Company:	, ,

	No. of Shares	% Ownership
ISP Digital SLU	3,723,983	88.51%
Other <5%	109,907	2.61%
Nextstage	373,605	8.88%
Total	4,207,495	100.00%

versus 31 December 2019:

	No. of Shares	% Ownership
ISP Digital SLU	3,723,983	88.51%
Other <5%	273,137	6.49%
Nextstage	210,375	5.00%
Total	4,207,495	100.00%



Antevenio S.A. Interim Financial Statements at 30 June 2020 11.2) Reserves

Reserves	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Legal reserve	46,282	46,282	46,282
Voluntary reserves	5,054,562	3,702,644	5,017,525
Share premium	8,189,787	8,189,787	8,189,787
Total	13,290,631	11,938,713	13,253,594

The breakdown of "Reserves" at 30 June 2020, at 31 December 2019 and at 30 June 2019:

a) <u>Legal reserve</u>

The legal reserve has restrictions of use, which is subject to several legal provisions. Under the Spanish Law on Corporations Act, 10% of any profit made each year must be transferred to the legal reserve. These provisions must be made until the legal reserve reaches 20% of the share capital. The legal reserve may only be used to offset losses; for capital increases, in the 10% portion exceeding the increased capital; and, for distribution to shareholders upon liquidation. At and 30 June 2020, the legal reserve is fully allocated.

b) <u>Share Premium</u>

This reserve originated from the capital increase in 2007. Share premium is subject to the same restrictions and may be used for the same purposes as the voluntary reserves, including conversion into share capital.

c) <u>Own shares</u>

The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Parent Company authorized on 25 June 2014 the acquisition of up to 10% of the Company's share capital in at a minimum price of 1 Euro per share and a maximum price of 15 Euro per share; the authorization was granted for a period of 18 months as from the date of the resolution.

On 29 January 2015, the Parent Company purchased 190,000 own shares at a unit price of 2.59 Euros.

The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Parent Company authorized on 28 June 2018 the acquisition of up to 10% of the Company's share capital in at a minimum price of 1 Euro per share and a maximum price of 15 Euro per share; the authorization was granted for a period of 18 months as from the date of the resolution.

After the transactions in treasury shares relating to equity instrument-based payments, Antevenio SA has no own treasury shares at 31 December 2019 (holding 15,000 shares at 31 December 2018, representing 0.36% of the share capital.



At 30 June 2020 and 2019, and at 31 December 2019, the breakdown of treasury shares is as follows:

Balance at 06/30	/2019	Balance at 12	2/31/2019	Balance at 06/30/2020			
No. of Shares	Cost	No. of Shares	Cost	No. of Shares	Cost		
26 462	104 214						
20,403	194,514	-		-			
26,463	194,314	-					
	No. of Shares 26,463	26,463 194,314	No. of Shares Cost No. of Shares 26,463 194,314 -	No. of SharesCostNo. of SharesCost26,463194,314-	No. of SharesCostNo. of SharesCostNo. of Shares26,463194,314		

NOTE 12. FOREIGN CURRENCY

At 30 June 2020, at 31 December 2019 and at 30 June 2019, the amount of exchange differences recognized in profit or loss is as follows:

Translation differences	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Translation gains: Realized during the period	0	8	2
Translation losses: Realized during the period	158	(4,956)	(4,293)
Total	158	(4,948)	(4,291)

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency relate to debit balances, credit balances and treasury, all of which are part of current assets and liabilities.

Transactions in foreign currency executed in the half-years ended 30 June 2020 and 2019 and in 2019 are immaterial for the Financial Statements.

NOTE 13. TAXATION

The breakdown of the balances with Public Entities is as follows:

	30/06/2020 Receivable	Pavable	31/12/2019 Receivable	Payable	30/06/2019 Receivable	Payable
Current:		i ujubic	necervasie	i ayabic	necertable	ruyusic
Value Added Tax	-	(63,766)	-	(9,707)	-	(220,214)
Deferred tax assets (*)	-	-	-	-	167,333	-
Withholdings and payments on account of Income Tax	262,418	-	262,094	-	-	-
Taxation Authorities, recoverable taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxation Authorities, taxes payable	-	(5,973)	-	(5,973)	-	(5,973)
Withholdings for Personal Income Tax	-	(80,194)	-	(144,425)	-	-
Current tax liabilities	-	(28,404)	-	(28,404)	-	(28,404)
Social Security	-	(14,834)	-	(17,046)	-	(19,683)
	262,418	(193,171)	262,094	(205,555)	167,333	(274,274)

(*) Classified in the Balance Sheet under non-current assets.



<u>Taxation</u>

The Company has open to review for all taxes applicable the last four reporting periods.

Under current legislation, tax settlements cannot be regarded as definitive until the returns have been inspected by the tax authorities or the statute of limitations period of four years has elapsed. Accordingly, as a result of eventual tax inspections new tax liabilities may arise in addition to the ones recognized by the Company. Nevertheless, the Company's directors believe that these tax liabilities, should they materialize, would not be material compared with the Company's own funds and annual profits.

Income Tax

The reconciliation of net income and expenses for the period with the taxable income/(tax loss) is as follows:

	31/12/2019							
	Profit and	Loss Account		Profit and Loss Account				
Profit/(loss) for the year (after taxes)	1,351,918	(750,087)		(5,169,354)				
	Increases	Decreases	Net effect	Increases	Decreases	Net effect		
Income tax expense		137,405	137,405	176		176		
Permanent differences		(1,764,132)	(1,764,132)	4,752,000	(40,000)	4,712,000		
Temporary differences		(230,000)	(230,000)			-		
Application of tax loss carryforwards			-			-		
Tax base (Taxable income)			(779,619)		-	(457,178)		
Gross tax payable			(194,905)			-		
Tax credits for R&D&I			-		-	-		
Net tax payable			(194,905)		-	-		
Withholdings and payments on account			(172,892)		-	,		
Accounts with tax group companies			(42,645)		-	-		
Tax payable / (recoverable) (1)			(152,260)		-	-		

(1) Since 2017 the Company has filed consolidated income tax returns with the ISP Group.

Given that since 2017 the Company has filed consolidated tax returns with the ISP Group, the amount of tax payable or receivable has been recognised as a current receivable or payable from the Group.

The breakdown of deferred tax assets recognised by the Company is as follows:

	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Temporary differences:	10,000	10,000	67,500
Tax credits	252,418	252,094	99,834
Total deferred tax assets	262,418	262,094	167,334

The aforementioned deferred tax assets have been recognized in the balance sheet because the Company's Directors consider that, based on their best estimate of the Company's future earnings, including certain tax planning measures, it is likely that said assets will be recovered.



NOTE 14. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

a) <u>Employee benefit expense</u>

The breakdown of this heading in the accompanying Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Wages and salaries	(378,016)	(1,318,763)	(568,980)
Social security payable by the company	(81,543)	(194,044)	(103,106)
Employee benefits expense	(10,627)	(59,938)	(37,472)
Employee benefit expense	(470,186)	(1,572,745)	(709,558)

b) <u>Net Finance Income / (Expense)</u>

The breakdown of this heading in the accompanying Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Income:			
Dividends	-	2,048,400	1,250,000
Income from loans to Group companies	14,471	22,461	17,357
Other finance income		7,040	-
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Total finance income	14,471	2,077,901	1,267,357
Expense:			
Debts with Group companies and associates	(30,256)	(28,945)	(3,597)
Other Finance Expense	(905)	(16,486)	(9,781)
Total finance expense	(31,161)	(45,431)	(13,378)

c) <u>Revenue</u>

The distribution of the net turnover from the ordinary activities of the Company, by categories of activities, is as follows:

	30/06/20	20	31/12/201	.9	30/06/2019		
Description of the activity	Euro % Euro		%	Euro	%		
Marketing and online advertising	0	0%	0	0%			
Provision of services (Fees)	1,089,551	100%	2,503,540	100%	1,370,940	100	
Total	1,089,551	100%	2,503,540	100%	1,370,940	100	



	30/06/202	0	31/12/	2019	30/06/20	19
Geographic segmentation	Euros	%	Euro	%	Euro	%
Domestic Europa	813,229 51,701	75% 5%	1,946,001 145,005	78% 6%	1,091,583 21,695	80 2
International (excl. Europe)	224,620	21%	412,534	16%	257,662	19
Total	1,089,550	100%	2,503,540	100%	1,370,940	100

NOTE 15. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The Company has no significant assets nor has it incurred in expenses intended to minimize environmental impact or to protect and improve the environment. Furthermore, there are not provisions for risks and expenses, nor contingencies related to the protection and improvement of the environment.

NOTE 16. GUARANTEES AND SECURITIES

At 30 June 2020, at 31 December 2019 and at 30 June 2019, the Company had provided the following guarantees to banks and government agencies:

Guarantees	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2d019
Lessor of Head Office	31,870	212,282	232,807
Total	31,870	212,282	232,807

NOTE 17. EVENTS AFTER THE INTERIM BALANCE SHEET DATE.

Subsequent to the close of the 6-month period ended 30 June 2019, the following significant events have taken place:

Antevenio and Rebold, a company specialising in Data Digital Marketing, have completed their merger. With this operation, the project initiated following the IPO launched in 2016 by ISP Digital, reference shareholder of both companies, to accelerate the achievement of synergies within the Group.

On 4 September, the General Meeting of Shareholders of Antevenio approved the merger, in which the Company was valued at \notin 5.6 million and Rebold was valued at \notin 14.3 million. To this end, Antevenio has completed a capital increase, by issuing slightly over 10 million shares, and ISP Digital has contributed 100% of share capital in Rebold. Shares have exchanged at a rate of 28 shares in Antevenio for 72 shares in Rebold; the new shares are listed in Euronext Growth from 8 September.



NOTE 18. TRANSACTIONS WITH GROUP COMPANIES AND RELATED PARTIES

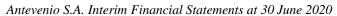
18.1) Balances with group companies

At 30 June 2020 the breakdown of balances with Group companies was as follows:

BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES	Mamvo Performance, S.L.U.	Marketing Manager S.L.U	Código Barras Network S.L.U.	Antevenio ESP S.L.U	Antevenio Francia S.R.L.U	Antevenio México	Antevenio Argentina SR.L	Antevenio Italia S.R.L.U.	Antevenio Publicité S.A.S.U.	B2MarketPlace	Foreseen	React2Media	Antevenio, Rich & Reach, S.L.U.	Total
A) NON- CURRENT ASSETS	100,000	500,000	3,000	0	262,000	0	0	0	0	50,000	64,499	361,595	450,000	1,791,094
1. Non-current investments in Group companies	100,000	500,000	3,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	50,000	64,499	361,595	450,000	1,791,094
a) Loans to companies (1)	100,000	500,000	3,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	50,000	64,499	361,595	450,000	1,791,094
Total Non Current	100,000	500,000	3,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	50,000	64,499	361,595	450,000	1,791,094
B) CURRENT ASSETS	307,287	263,895	64,144	307,000	169,723	172,774	320,142	51,701	1,350	16,315	34,334	56,222	94,855	1,859,742
1. Trade and other receivables	291,032	252,532	63,664	307,000	169,723	172,774	320,142	51,701	1,350	15,972	33,865	45,940	55,666	1,781,361
a) Current trade receivables	291,032	252,532	63,664	307,000	169,723	172,774	320,142	51,701	1,350	15,972	33,865	45,940	55,666	1,781,361
b) Trade receivables, Group companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES	Mamvo Performance, S.L.U.	Marketing Manager S.L.U	Código Barras Network S.L.U.	Antevenio ESP S.L.U	Antevenio Francia S.R.L.U	Antevenio México	Antevenio Argentina SR.L	Antevenio Italia S.R.L.U.	Antevenio Publicité S.A.S.U.	B2MarketPlace	Foreseen	React2Media	Antevenio, Rich & Reach, S.L.U.	Total



2. Current investments in group companies	16,254	11,364	480	0	0	0	0	0	0	343	469	10,283	39,189	78,381
Investments in group companies	16,254	11,364	480	0	0	0	0	0	0	343	469	10,283	39,189	78,381
C) NON- CURRENT LIABILITIES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-250,000	0	0	0	0	0	-250,000
1.Non-current payables to Group companies and associates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-250,000	0	0	0	0	0	-250,000
D) CURRENT LIABILITIES	-340,201	-562,002	27,527	-275,320	51,314	0	0	-1,871	-14,996	2,393	62,209	0	-1,180,972	-2,231,919
1.Current payables to Group companies and associates	-340,201	-562,002	27,527	-275,320	51,314	0	0	0	21,053	2393.35	62,209	0	-1,180,972	-2,193,999
2. Trade and other payables	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1,871	-36,048	0	0	0	0	-37,920
a) Suppliers, current	0			0				-1,871	-36,049					-37,920
b) Other payables	0													0
Total Current	-32,915	-298,107	91,671	31,680	221,037	172,774	320,142	49,830	-13,646	18,709	96,543	56,222	-1,086,117	-372,177





At 31 December 2019 th	ie breakdown c	of balances	with Group	companies was	s as follows:
	ie biedkuo wii c	n ourunees	with Oroup	companies was	, as iono ws.

BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES	Mamvo Performance , S.L.U.	Marketing Manager S.L.U	Código Barras Network S.L.U.	Antevenio ESP S.L.U	Antevenio Francia S.R.L.U	Antevenio México	Antevenio Argentina SR.L	Antevenio Italia S.R.L.U.	Antevenio Publicité S.A.S.U.	B2MarketPlace	Foreseen	React2Medi a	Antevenio, Rich & Reach, S.L.U.	Total
A) NON- CURRENT ASSETS	100,000	500,000	3,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-		64,499		450,000	1,379,499
1. Non-current investments in Group companies	100,000	500,000	3,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-		64,499		450,000	1,379,499
a) Loans to companies (1)	100,000	500,000	3,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-		64,499		450,000	1,379,499
Total Non Current	100,000	500,000	3,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	-	64,499	-	450,000	1,379,499
B) CURRENT ASSETS	72,572	104,976	-	674,300	169,723	67,786	320,142	87,699	24,388		22,249	284.592	39,189	1.867.758 6
1. Trade and other receivables	\$57.067	97,354	-	674,300	169,723	67,786	320,142	87,669	24,388			56,083	-	1,576,761
a) Current trade receivables	57,067	97,354	-	674,300	169,723	67,786	320,142	87,669	24,388		22,249	56,083	-	1,576,761
b) Trade receivables, Group companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



At 30 June 2019 the breakdown of balances with Group companies was as follows:

A) NON-CURRENT ASSETS	100,000	500,000	350,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	-	300,000	-	1,512,000
1. Non-current investments in Group	100,000	500,000	350,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	-	300,000	-	1,512,000
companies a) Loans to companies (1)	100,000	500,000	350,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	-	300,000	-	1,512,000
B) CURRENT ASSETS	415,102	110,287	16,767	331,479	221,037	221,860	320,142	12,867	25,283	274,733	119,826		2,069,382
1. Trade and other receivables	150,341	106,387	600	331,479	169,723	221,860	320,142	12,867	25,283	47,917	82,870	-	- 1,469,468
a) Current trade receivables	150,341	106,387	600	331,479	169,723	221,860	320,142	12,867	25,283	47,917	82,870		1,469,468
2. Current investments in group companies a) Current account	264,761	3,900	16,167	-	51,314	-	-	-		226,816	36,956	-	- 599,914 -
a) Accounts receivable	264,761	3,900	16,167	-	51,314					226,816	36,956		599,914
C) NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(64,499)	(64,499)
1. Non-current payables to Group companies and associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(64,499)	- (64,499)
Total Non Current	100,000	500,000	350,000	-	262,000	-	-	-	-	-	300,000	(64,499)	1,447,501
D) CURRENT LIABILITIES	(62,558)	(250,062)	(241,855)	-	-	-	-	-	(33,849)	-	(376,229)	(2,131)	- (966,684)
1. Current payables to Group companies and associates	(62,558)	(250,062)	(241,855)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(376,229)	(2,131)	(932,835)
2. Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33,849)	-	-		(33,849)
Total Current	352,544	(139,775)	(225,088)	331,479	221,037	221,860	320,142	12,867	(8,566)	274,733	(256,403)	(2,131)	1,102,699



18.2) Transactions among Group companies

The amount, in Euros, of transactions performed during the six first months of 2020 and presented in the accompanying Interim Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

Transactions Performed	Services received	Sales and services rendered	Interests Paid	Inte	rests Charged	Dividends paid
Mamvo Performance, S.L	11	193,360	748		2,874	
Manivo i choimance, o.e		100,000	140		2,014	
Marketing Manager		210,927	3,743	-	4,243	
Código barras Networks	- 3,000	52,615	480	-	213	
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.		258,922		-	1,988	
Antevenio Argentina						
Antevenio S.R.L. (Italy)		51,701		-	1,871	
Antevenio México		218,031				
Antevenio Publicité	- 2,200					
React2Media		6,590	1,965			
Antevenio Rich & Reach		48,847		-	8,652	
B2Market Place		13,200	343			
Foreseen		9,600	469			
	- 5,200	1,063,793	7,748	-	19,841	-

The amount, in Euros, of transactions among Group companies during 2019 and presented in the accompanying Interim Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

Transactions Performed	Services received	Sales and services rendered	Interests Paid	Interests Charged	Dividends paid
Mamvo Performance, S.L.U.		421,868	1,524		250,000
Marketing Manager		319,801	7,621		
Código barras Networks	(4,900)	2,602	5,335		
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.	(25,180)	890,416		(3,597)	1,000,000
Antevenio Argentina					
Antevenio S.R.L. (Italy)			110,802	(403)	
Antevenio México		369,103			798,400
Antevenio Publicité		34,203			
B2MarketPlace					
Foreseen		57,949			
React2Media		43,431	3,408		
Antevenio Rich & Reach		253,365	4,573		
	(30,080)	2,392,738	133,263	(4,000)	2,048,400



The amount, in Euros, of transactions performed during the six first months of 2019 and presented in the accompanying Interim Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

Transactions Performed	Services received	Sales and services rendered	Interests Paid	Interests Charged	Dividends paid
Mamvo Performance, S.L.U.	-	246,573	780	-	250,000
Marketing Manager	-	171,883	3,900	-	
Código barras Networks	- 2,000	619	2,730	-	
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.	-	496,961	-	- 3,597	1,000,000
Antevenio Argentina	-	-	-	-	
Antevenio S.R.L. (Italy)	-	12,111	-	-	
Antevenio México	-	221,860	-	-	
Antevenio Publicité	-	9,584	-	-	
React2Media	-	35,265	1,714	-	
Antevenio Rich & Reach	-	130,268	2,340	-	
	- 2,000	1,325,124	11,464	- 3,597	1,250,000

At 30 June 2020 the breakdown of balances with related parties was as follows:

	Balance	
Related Party (30 June 2020)	Receivable	Balance Payable
ISP Digital SLU	121,000	130,818
ISP on Taxation Group Corporate Income Tax		237,749
REBOLD		2,912
DGLNT SA de CV	351,099	
Total Group companies	472,099	371,479

At 31 December 2019 the balances with related parties were as follows:

	Balance	
Related Party (31 December 2019)	Receivable	Balance Payable
ISP Digital SLU	121,000.01	130,170.32
ISP on Taxation Group Corporate Income Tax	-	237,297.94
Rebold	-	74.78
Total Group companies	121,000.01	367,543.04



At 30 June 2019 the breakdown of balances with related parties was as follows:

Related Party (30 June 2019)	Balance Receivable	Balance Payable
ISP Digital SLU	121,000	
ISP on Taxation Group Corporate Income Tax	-	272,190
Acceso	-	867
Digilant Spain	-	-
Digilant, Inc	34	-
Total Group companies	121,034	273,057

18.4) <u>Related party transactions</u>

The breakdown of transactions with related parties during the first six months of 2020 and during 2019 is as follows:

During the first 6 months of 2020 transactions with related parties were as follows:

18 2020	REBOLD	DGLNT SA de CV	ISPD
Services received	2,592		
Finance income		1,099	
Finance Expenses			647
Total	2,592	1,099	647

During 2019 transactions with related parties were as follows:

1S 2019	ACCESO GROUP	ISP DIGITAL
Sales	-	-
Purchases	-	-
Services rendered	-	-
Services received	2,149	-
Total	2,149	-

2019	ACCESO GROUP	ISP DIGITAL
Sales	-	-
Purchases	-	-
Finance Expenses	-	7,751
Services received	5,025	-
Total	5,025	7,751



18.5) Core shareholders

During the first six months of 2019, and in 2018, the Company has performed no significant transactions with core shareholders.

18.6) Balances and Transactions with Directors and Senior Management

The individuals classified as Senior Management are also Directors of the Company.

The breakdown of the amounts received by the Board of Directors or by members of senior management is as follows:

	High Management			
	30/06/20	31/12/19	30/06/19	
Wages and salaries		318,964	184,766	
Total		318,964	184,766	

In addition to these amounts, accrued remunerations arising from share-based payments disclosed under Note 12 should be included. At 30 June 2020, at 31 December 2019 and at 30 June 2019, there are no commitments for supplements to pensions, guarantees or securities granted to the Board of Directors.

Other disclosures related to the Board of Directors

In compliance with the provisions of Section 229 of the Spanish Corporations Law, Directors and the related parties referred to in Section 231 of the Spanish Corporations Law, have not entered into situations of conflict of interests.

NOTE 19. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS.

2015 Plan:

On 25 June 2015 the Annual General Meeting of the Parent Company approved a remuneration plan consisting in remuneration system, options on shares, linked to the value of the Company's shares, for certain Executive Directors and Managers and Employees of the Parent Company.

The following terms were approved:

- the maximum number of shares that can be granted cannot exceed 190,000 shares;

- the exercise or delivery price or the calculation method for exercise or delivery shall be the market value of the share on the day of exercise or delivery;
- the value of the shares shall be 2.59 Euro per share; and
- the plan will be in force for a maximum term of 2 years and 6 months.

Additionally, the AGM delegated to the Board of Directors of the Parent Company the development, settlement, clarification and interpretation of the terms of the remuneration plan. The plan was approved by the Board of Directors on 16 December 2015.



On 5 March 2018, a plan beneficiary executed 63,333 shares at a price of 2.59 Euros each in accordance with the terms of the remuneration plan. Finally, the company and the beneficiary agreed settlement in cash. The above-mentioned exercise caused a reduction of assets in 335 thousand euro.

On 31 October 2018, the other two plan beneficiaries executed 63,333 and 63,334 shares, respectively, at a price of $\notin 2.59$ each in accordance with the terms of the remuneration plan. Finally, the company and the beneficiaries have agreed settlement in shares of the Parent Company.

Following the above-mentioned exercise of options, the Plan was fully extinguished.

2016 Plan:

On 16 November 2016 the Annual General Meeting approved a remuneration plan (2016 Plan) consisting in remuneration system, linked to the value of the Company's shares, for certain Executive Directors and Managers and Employees of the Company. The following terms were approved:

- the maximum number of shares that can be granted cannot exceed 125,000 shares;
- the exercise or delivery price or the calculation method for exercise or delivery shall be the market value of the share on the day of exercise or delivery;
- shares shall be awarded free of charge; and
- the plan will be in force up to 30 June 2019.
- eligible employees shall stay in the Company during the entire above mentioned term

Additionally, the AGM delegated to the Board of Directors the development, settlement, clarification and interpretation of the terms of the remuneration plan. The plan was approved by the Board of Directors on 16 November 2016.

Changes in the above mentioned options were as follows:

	30/06/2019	31	/12/2019		30/06/2020	
	Number	Weighted average	e price	Weighted average price	Number	Weighted average price
Granted options (+)	50,000	-	50,000	-	-	
Options at the end of the year	50,000	-	50,000	-	-	-

At 31 December 2016, the value of 2015 Plan shares (278,160 Euros) has been recognized as a personnel expense in the Profit and Loss Account as vested over the period defined as the minimum required time in the Company's employ for the exercise of the option, and are also recognized with an offsetting entry in equity without reassessing the initial measurement thereof. The 2015 Plan contemplated launching in 2016 a Public Takeover Bid on the Company's shares (see Note 12.1) among the requirements for the early exercise and accrual of the relevant options. Accordingly, the remaining amounts had been entirely recognized in 2016. At 31 December 2016, the effect thereof on the Company's equity amounted to 347,700 Euros recognized under "Other equity instruments".



At 31 December 2016, the value of 2016 Plan shares (675,000 Euros) has been entirely recognized, in accordance with the principle of prudence, as a personnel expense during the reporting period where the agreement was entered into, irrespective of the minimum required stay in the Company. Since the offsetting entry resulted in an increase in own funds ("Other equity instruments"), there is no impact whatsoever on the Equity of Antevenio SA and its subsidiaries.

On 2 July 2018, a Plan beneficiary executed 75,000 free shares in accordance with the terms of the remuneration plan.

Finally, the company and the beneficiary have agreed settlement in shares of the Parent Company.

On 1 July 2019, the other two beneficiaries of the Plan executed 50,000 options at the price of 5.4 euros according to the terms established in the remuneration plan.

Finally, the company and the beneficiaries have agreed settlement in shares of the Parent Company.

Following the above-mentioned exercise of options, the Plan was fully extinguished.

NOTE 20. OTHER INFORMATION

	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Management	4.5	7.0	4.6
Administrative	5.8	6.0	8.6
Commercial	0.0	0.0	0.6
Production	0.0	0.0	0.6
Technical	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marketing	2.5	3.0	2.6
	12.9	16.0	17.0

The average number of persons employed is as follows:

The number of Directors and persons employed by the Company at the balance sheet date of the presented periods, broken down by professional category, is as follows:

	30/06/2020 31/12/2019 30/06/		30/06/2019	/2019		
Professional Category	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Administrators			-	-	2	-
High Management	2	2	3	3	3	3
Administrative	1	5	1	4	1	5
Marketing	1	1	2	1	2	-
	4	8	6	8	8	8

In compliance with Law 15/2010, of 5 July, amending Law 3/2004, of 29 December, establishing measures to combat late payment in commercial transactions, details of the average period for payment to suppliers:



	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
	Days	Days	Days
Average period of time for payment to suppliers	56.40	34.27	34.32
Percentage of paid transactions	50.79	32.46	24.44
Percentage of transactions pending payment	84.68	42.65	63.53
	Amount (Euro)	Amount (Euro)	Amount (Euro)
Total payments made	678,175.32	2,214,484	521,589
Total payments pending	134,420.21	262,075	176,428

NOTE 21. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

REACT2MEDIA:

On 22 June 2017 the Parent Company completed the acquisition of 51% of the shares in the US company React2Media, L.L.C for a consideration of 2,250,000 dollars (2,022,275 euros); the entire amount of the consideration was paid to the counterparty on 23 June 2017. This company was thereafter included within the consolidation scope and fully consolidated.

The subsidiary React2Media, L.L.C. has its registered address at 35 W 36th St, New York, NY 10018, The company's corporate purpose is the provision of a comprehensive service of on-line advertising networks, offering a complete array of interactive marketing opportunities to media agencies, direct advertisers and editors. The main reason supporting the acquisition is the entry of Antevenio Group in the United States market drawing on the market position and knowledge of the investee. Antevenio Group intends to provide the investee with its other business lines in order to generate positive synergies.

Both the Group and the selling shareholders mutually granted themselves unconditional put option rights and call option rights over the remaining 49% shares in the investee, which may be exercised within the same term and for the same amount. These options have a floating price based on certain parameters relating to the investee's performance over financial years 2019, 2020 and 2021; however, total acquisition value may not exceed 8.5 million dollars (of which 2.25 million dollars have already been paid for the acquisition of 51% of shares). Sale price is subject to the fulfilment of certain continuance conditions by the sellers.

In accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and based on the existence of cross put and call options with the same value and the same exercise period, the transaction has been treated as an early acquisition of a non-controlling interest pursuant to the requirements of *IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation*, which provides that a contractual obligation to deliver cash to another entity is a financial liability.

The amount recognised by the Group at 31 December 2017 as a financial liability represented to the best estimate, as of that date, of the expected amount to be paid; the fair value of this financial liability has been measured at 1.98 million euros, recognised under "Other non-current liabilities".

In accordance with the provisions of International Financial Reporting Standards no. 3 on Business Combinations, during the first half-year of 2018, the Group opted to reassess this financial liability and to retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognised at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and,



if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognised as of that date. As a consequence, the amount recognised at 31 December 2018 as a financial liability represented to the best estimate, as of that date, of the expected amount to be paid; the fair value of this financial liability has been measured at 2.108 million euros, recognised under "Other non-current liabilities".

On 21 May 2019, the first tranche of rights to purchase and right to unconditional sale was implemented on 49% of the Company's shares, remaining from the capital share of said Company in the initial contract dated 22 June 2017. The Group acquires 9% of the US Company React2Media, L.L.C's shares, for 212,551 dollars (192,778 euros).

Given that the administrators obtained additional information from greater experience and accounting estimates updated in previous years in relation to the valuation of the financial liability generated by the purchase option mentioned above, its value was adjusted prospectively and the effect recognised in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year was an income of $\notin 1.4$ million recorded under the heading "Impairment of assets" (Note 5).

As a consequence of the events described above, the outstanding amount recorded at 31 December 2019 as a financial liability amounted to \notin 488,257, recorded under the heading "Other non-current liabilities" for \notin 280,340 and under the heading "Other current liabilities" for \notin 207,917 (Note 10).

The breakdown of the consideration given, measured as the fair value of net assets and goodwill acquired, is as follows:

	Euros
Fair value of the consideration given	
Cash paid	2,102,903
Put options granted to minority interests	1,933,648
Contingent consideration	35,004
Total consideration given	4,071,555
Net identifiable assets acquired	
Non-current investments	38,462
Intangible assets	2,312
Trade and other receivables	1,198,620
Cash	109,457
Debts with financial institutions	(256,188)



Other debts	(13,429)
Trade and other payables	(912,813)
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	166,421
Consideration paid in cash	(2,102,903)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	109,457
Net cash outflow	(1,993,446)

Goodwill arising from the acquisition was allocated to the Cash Generating Unit relating to the investee's business and relates to the workforce and synergies resulting from Antevenio Group's entry in the United States market drawing on the investee to expand the Group's various business lines.

The Company has considered that fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is equal to the relevant carrying values as of the of the acquisition date. As shown in the table above, almost all the assets and liabilities acquired relate to working capital.

The breakdown of fair value of trade receivables as of the acquisition date is as follows:

Euros	Contractual gross amount	Impairment adjustment	Fair value
Trade receivables	1,198,620	0.00	1,198,620

B2 Marketplace Ecommerce Group S.L.:

On 7 October 2019, the Parent Company acquired 51% of the shares in the company B2MarketPlace, S.L. for a price of \notin 254,240, paying the entire amount to the counterparty on 7 October 2019.

This company was thereafter included within the consolidation scope and fully consolidated.

The subsidiary B2MarketPlace, S.L. is domiciled at calle Marqués de Riscal nº11, 2ª planta. The primary object of the company is the optimisation and improvement of brands, manufacturers and distributors presence in digital platforms.

Both the Group and the selling members mutually granted themselves unconditional put option rights and call option rights over the remaining 49% shares in the investee, which may be exercised within the same term and for the same amount. These options have a floating price based on certain parameters relating to the investee's performance over fiscal years 2021, 2022 and 2023. Sale price is subject to the fulfilment of certain continuance conditions by the sellers.



In accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and based on the existence of cross put and call options with the same value and the same exercise period, the transaction has been treated as an early acquisition of a non-controlling interest pursuant to the requirements of IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation, which provides that a contractual obligation to deliver cash to another entity is a financial liability.

The amount of the financial liability recognised by the Group at 31 December 2019 represents the best estimate, as of that date, of the amount expected to be paid by the Group, which is equivalent to the fair value of that financial liability, amounting to $\notin 2,021,306$ of which $\notin 1,993,489$ had been recognised under "Other non-current liabilities" and $\notin 27,817$ had been recognised under "Other current liabilities" (see Note 10).

In accordance with IFRS 3 on Business Combinations, during one year from the acquisition date, the Group can reassess this financial liability and retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognised at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognised as of that date.

The breakdown of the consideration given measured as the fair value of net assets and goodwill acquired at 31 December 2019 is as follows:

	Euros
Fair value of the consideration given	
Cash paid on the acquisition date	254,240
Put options granted to minority interests	1,993,489
Contingent consideration	27,817
Total consideration given at 31 December 2019	2,275,546
Net identifiable assets acquired	
Non-current investments	4,170
Intangible assets	92
Property, plant and equipment	4,479
Trade and other receivables	43,357
Cash	-
Debts with financial institutions	(69,173)
Other debts	-



Trade and other payables	(36,473)
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	(53,547)
Consideration paid in cash	254,240
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	
Net cash outflow	252,240

Goodwill generated has been allocated to the Cash-Generating Unit appropriate to the business of the acquiree and has been attributed to the labour force and the synergies that may arise from the acquiree's business for Antevenio Group, allowing the Group to expand its existing business lines with a new business line complementing the existing services offered by the group.

The Company has considered that fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is equal to the relevant carrying values as of the of the acquisition date. As shown in the table above, almost all the assets and liabilities acquired relate to working capital.

The breakdown of fair value of trade receivables as of the acquisition date is as follows:

Euros	Contractual gross amount	Impairment adjustment		Fair value
Trade receivables	43,053		-	43,053

FORESEEN MEDIA, S.L.

On 20 February 2019, the Parent Company acquired 70.40% of shares in the company FORESEEN MEDIA S.L. for a price of \notin 67,420, paying the entire amount to the counterparty on 20 February 2019. This company was thereafter included within the consolidation scope and fully consolidated.

The subsidiary FORESEEN MEDIA S.L. is domiciled at Calle Marques del Riscal No. 11, 2 in Madrid. The main activity of the company comprises:

1. Purchase, sale, management, marketing and licensing of all types of rights related to eSports or sports played on computer systems, including the purchase and sale of advertising spaces, assets and sponsorship of players, teams and competitions.

2. Conclusion of advertising sponsorship contracts for companies with eSports agents, including yet not restricted to eSport leagues, Clubs, players or third parties who organise eSports events.

3. The Creation and management of eSports Clubs, their commercialisation, sale and economic exploitation.



4. The representation of players and eSports Clubs, purchase and sale of player image rights. If the law requires some sort of professional qualification, degree, administrative authorisation or registration on a public register to exercise of some of the activities included in the corporate purpose, these activities must be carried out by a professional certified in this regard and, where pertinent, may not start before the required administrative requirements have been met. The related activities may also be carried out by the Company in whole or in part indirectly, through holdings in Companies having an object that is identical or similar to that expressed in the preceding paragraphs, or through any other forms admitted by Law.

Given the insignificance represented by the figures integrated by the acquisition of this company in the overall consolidated financial statements, the administrators consider specifying further information in this regard to be unnecessary.



ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements at 30 June 2020



ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements at 30 June 2020

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements at 30 June 2020:

Consolidated statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2020 Consolidated Profit and Loss Account at 30 June 2020 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income at 30 June 2020 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity at 30 June 2020 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows at 30 June 2020 Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the half-year ended 30 June 2020



ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 30 JUNE 2020



	()			
ASSETS	Note	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Property, plant and equipment	6	748,955	1,456,956	1,410,503
Goodwill on full consolidation	5	7,386,564	11,216,564	10,219,054
Intangible assets	7	956,302	913,714	647,996
Non-current financial assets	9	68,630	126,463	245,985
Non-current financial assets, group companies		350,000		
Deferred tax assets	16	2,137,537	2,094,135	1,918,649
Non-current assets		11,647,988	15,807,832	14,442,187
Trade and other receivables	9	4,913,721	6,305,579	7,245,358
Trade receivables, Group companies	9 and 24	743,087	589,466	615,827
Other current assets	9	260,958	223,808	258,910
Other current assets, Group companies		1,099	-	5,131
Receivables from Public Entities	16	180,272	359,147	207,690
Prepaid expenses		112,612	39,560	79,769
Cash and cash equivalents	9 and 11	3,078,702	3,034,129	5,063,463
Current assets		9,290,452	10,551,689	13,476,148
Total assets		20,938,440	26,359,521	27,918,335

ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION <u>AT 30 JUNE 2020</u> (in Euros)



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ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AT 30 JUNE 2020

(in Euros)

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Share Capital		231,412	231,412	231,412
Share Premium		8,189,787	8,189,787	8,189,787
Own shares		-	-	(194,314)
Legal reserve		46,282	46,282	46,282
Reserves from fully consolidated companies		4,874,238	6,365,516	7,859,708
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to the Parent Company	3	(5,127,213)	(1,573,277)	51,143
Other equity instruments	14	-	-	270,000
Minority Interests		(44,096)	(31,523)	-
Translation differences	13	(133,001)	(34,022)	(298,927)
Equity attributable to the Parent Company	12	8,081,505	13,225,699	16,155,091
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests		(44,096)	(31,523)	-
Equity	12	8,037,409	13,194,176	16,155,091
Non-current payables, debts with financial institutions	10	1,283,377	73,881	4,129
Non-current payables, Group companies	25	-	-	-
Other non-current payables	10	919,808	1,205,725	696,796
Other non-current liabilities	10 and 25	2,481,745	2,273,829	1,919,199
Provisions	18	222,468		856,643
Deferred tax liabilities	16	13,140		16,759
Non-current liabilities		4,920,538		3,493,526
Current payables, debts with financial institutions	10	749,563	184,779	273,381
Other non-current payables	10	459,415	563,057	90,654
Current payables to Group companies	10 and 24	367,229	366,778	272,190
Other financial liabilities	10 and 12	, -	-	-
Trade and other payables	10	4,183,352	5,225,917	4,939,478
Suppliers, Group companies	10 and 24	328,488	281,093	270,364
Other financial liabilities		-	207,539	-
Personnel, salaries payable	10	540,309		304,917
Public Entities, payables	16	1,145,902	1,474,943	1,424,186
Unearned income		129,447	395,941	10,000
Other current liabilities	10	76,788	19,560	684,548
Current liabilities		7,980,493	9,397,307	8,269,718
Total equity and liabilities		20,938,440	26,359,521	27,918,335



ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AT 30 JUNE 2020 (in Euros)

PROFIT AND LOSS	Note	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
Revenue	17 a	10,049,140	25,223,385	12,348,001
Other income	17 0	10,043,140		
Work carried out by the company for assets		127,308	304,322	161,583
Operating grants taken to income		24,757	81,384	40,869
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		10,201,205	25,609,091	12,550,453
Supplies	17 a and 23	(4,457,488)	(11,308,853)	(5,253,569)
Personnel expenses	17 c	(4,748,549)	(11,376,340)	(5,213,517)
Wages and salaries		(4,011,999)	(9,342,377)	(4,243,754)
Employee benefit expense		(736,550)	(2,033,963)	(969,764)
Amortization and depreciation		(378,430)	(728,853)	(324,354)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	6	(296,794)	(595,944)	(238,193)
Amortization of intangible assets	7	(81,636)	(132,909)	(86,161)
Other operating expenses		(1,977,518)	(3,553,860)	(1,507,887)
External services	17 d	(1,868,686)	(3,010,584)	(1,415,627)
Impairment losses on current assets	9	(108,832)	(543,276)	(92,260)
Other income / (loss)	-	20,171	(3,484)	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		(11,541,814)	(26,971,390)	(12,299,327)
OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)		(1,340,609)	(1,362,299)	251,126
Finance income	17 e	5,630	7,330	6,104
Finance income, Group companies		1,099	-	-
Translation differences, gains	11	97,792	164,794	71,970
TOTAL FINANCE INCOME		104,521	172,124	78,074
Finance expenses	17 f	(32,978)	(98,329)	(42,274)
Finance expense, Group companies		(647)	(7,752)	-
Translation differences, losses	11	(26,321)	(174,028)	(66,370)
TOTAL FINANCE EXPENSES		(59,946)	(280,109)	(108,644)
Impairment and gains / (losses) on disposal of financial instru	iments	(3,830,000)		
NET FINANCE INCOME/(EXPENSE)		(3,785,425)	(107,986)	(30,570)
PROFIT / (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(5 126 024)	(1,470,285)	220,556
PROFILY (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(5,126,034)	(1,470,285)	220,550
CONSOLIDATED PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX		(5,126,034)	(1,470,285)	220,556
la como Tou	40	(202)	150 070	(400.000)
Income Tax	16	(382)	(56,879)	(138,820)
Taxes and other		(13,370)	(59,939)	(30,593)
CONSOLIDATED PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		(5,139,786)	(1,587,103)	51,143
Profit / (loss) attributable to minority interests		(12,573)	(13,826)	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF EQUITY		(5,127,213)	(1,573,277)	51,143
INSTRUMENTS OFTHE PARENT COMPANY				
Earnings/loss per share				
Basic		(1,22)	(0,38)	0,01
Diluted		(1,22)	(0,38)	0,01
		(1,22)	(0,58)	0,01



ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES NSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AT 30 JUNE 2020

(in Euros)

Notes	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	(5,139,786)	(1,587,103)	51,143
Income and expense directly recognized in equity:		-	
Translation differences	170,897	170,896	174,313
TOTAL INCOME AND EXPENSES DIRECTLY RECOGNIZED IN	170,897	170,896	174,313
EQUITY			
Transfers to Profit and Loss Account:	-	-	-
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	-	-	-
TOTAL RECOGNIZED INCOME AND EXPENSE	(4,968,889)	(1,416,207)	225,456
Attributable to the Parent Company	(4,955,063)	(1,402,380)	225,456



		AT 30 JUNE	2020					
		(in Euros)						
	Registered Capital	Share Premium	Reserves and Profit/(Loss) for the period	(Parent Company Shares)	Other equity instruments	Translation differences	Minority Interests	Total
Balance at 31/12/2018	231,412	8,189,787	7,883,840	(114,300)	270,000	(204,919)		16,255,820
Adjustments for errors, 2018 (Note 2 e)	-	-	82,950	-	(44,671)	-	-	38,279
Balance at 01/01/2019	231,412	8,189,787	7,966,790	(114,300)	225,329	(204,919)		16,294,099
Recognized income and expense	-	-	51,143	-	-	(94,008)		225,455
Other transactions			22,150					(246,170)
Investments in larger holding percentage	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Changes in the percentage interest in capital	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Transactions with Parent Company shares (note 12.6)	-	-	-	(80,014)	-	-		(80,014)
Dividends (Note 12.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Balance at 30/06/2019	231,412	8,189,787	8,040,083	(194,314)	225,329	(298,927)		16,193,370
Recognized income and expense	-	-	(1,624,420)	-	-	264,905	(13,826)	(1,373,341)
Other transactions	-	-	(270,222)	-	-	-	-	(270,222)
Investments in larger holding percentage	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,697)	(17,697)
Changes in the percentage interest in capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with Parent Company shares (note 12.6)	-	-	(44,671)	194,314	(225,329)	-	-	(75,686)
Dividends (Note 12.5)	-	-	(1,262,249)	-	-	-	-	(1,262,249)
Balance at 31/12/2019	231,412	8,189,787	4,838,521	-	-	(34,022)	(31,523)	13,194,175
Recognized income and expense	-	-	(5,127,213)	-	-	(98,980)	(12,573)	(5,238,766)
Other transactions			82,000			-	-	82,000
Investments in larger holding percentage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in the percentage interest in capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transactions with Parent Company shares (note 12.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dividends (Note 12.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance at 30/06/2020	231,412	8,189,787	(206,692)	-	-	(133,002)	(44,096)	8,037,409

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY



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ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE ANNUAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(in Euros)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	Note	30/06/2020	31/12/2019	30/06/2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)		(1,087,362)	(462,356)	(109,844)
Profit / (Loss) before taxes		(5,126,034)	(1,470,285)	220,555
Adjustments for:				
+ Depreciation and amortization	6 and 7	378,430	728,853	324,354
+ / - Impairment losses		108,832	543,276	92,260
+ / - Grants taken to P&L		(24,757)	(81,384)	(40 <i>,</i> 869)
- Finance income	17	(5 <i>,</i> 630)	(7,330)	(6,104)
+ Finance expense	17	32,985	98,329	34,417
+/- Translation differences	11	(71,471)	9,234	(5 <i>,</i> 600)
+/- Other income and expenses		(127,308)	(385,706)	(202,452)
+/- Other taxes		(13,370)	(59,939)	(30,593)
+/- Impairment of goodwill		3,830,000		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Changes in receivables		1,238,237	1,491,639	921,183
Changes in payables		(1,083,714)	529,943	229,700
Changes in other current assets		67,574	(153,782)	(42,557)
Changes in other non-current liabilities		228,920	63,741	(20,192)
Changes in other current liabilities		(882,785)	(213,733)	(1,325,343)
Other non-current assets		424,515	(286,254)	(230,290)
- Income tax paid		(34,429)	(1,177,960)	-
Interest paid (-)		(32,985)	(98,329)	(34,417)
Interest received (+)		5,630	7,330	6,104
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)		(153,806)	(939 <i>,</i> 589)	(523,490)
Investments in intangible assets	7	(153,806)	(452 <i>,</i> 038)	(289,634)
Investments in property, plant and equipment	6	-	(170,891)	(41,078)
Business combinations	25	-	(316,660)	(192,778)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)		1,384,721	(1,346,749)	16,399
Changes in other non-current liabilities		-	-	-
Changes in debt to other entities		1,384,721	(4,483)	96,416
Dividends paid	2	-	(1,262,249)	-
Interest on other equity instruments (-)	14	-	(80,017)	(80,017)
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES FLUCTUATIONS (D)		(98,980)	170,896	(94,008)
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents (E=A+B+C+D)		44,573	(2,577,797)	(710,942)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period (F)		3,034,129	5,611,926	5,774,405
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (G=E+F)		3,078,702	3,034,129	5,063,463



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ANTEVENIO S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

<u>NOTE 1. GROUP COMPANIES, JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES AND</u> <u>ASSOCIATED COMPANIES</u>

1.1) Parent Company; particulars and activity

a) Incorporation and registered address

Antevenio, S.A. (hereinafter the Parent Company) was incorporated as a private company on 20 November 1997, with the name "Interactive Network, SL"; subsequently, the Company converted into public and changed its name to "I Network Advertising, S.A." on 22 January 2001. On 7 April 2005, the General Meeting of Shareholders approved the change of the Company's name to its current one.

Its registered address is at C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11, planta 4ª, Madrid.

The Company, the main shareholders of which are listed in note 12, is controlled by ISP Digital, S.L.U., this being the ultimate parent company of the Group.

b) General information

The Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of Antevenio Group have been prepared and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The presentation currency used in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements is Euro. Unless otherwise stated, all figures are presented in Euros.

c) <u>Activity</u>

Its activity consists in those activities that, according to the existing provisions on advertising, are typical of general advertising agencies; accordingly the Company may execute all manner of acts, contracts and transactions and, in general, take all measures directly or indirectly conducive to, or deemed necessary or convenient for the accomplishment of the aforementioned corporate purpose. The activities comprised within its corporate purpose may be performed, entirely or partly, by the parent Company, either directly or indirectly through its interests in other companies with an identical or similar purpose.

Antevenio, S.A. shares are listed on the French alternative stock market Euronext Growth. Antevenio shares were traded for the first time on that market in 2007.



d) Financial Year

The Parent Company's financial year begins on 1 January and finishes on 31 December of each year.

1.2) Subsidiaries

The details of the subsidiaries included within the consolidation perimeter are as follows:

Company	Percentage of Ownership 30/06/2019	Percentage of Ownership 31/12/2019	Percentage of Ownership 30/06/2020
Mamvo Performance, S.L.U.	100%	100%	100%
Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing, S.L.U.	100%	100%	100%
Antevenio S.R.L.	100%	100%	100%
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.	100%	100%	100%
Antevenio France S.R.L.	100%	100%	100%
Código Barras Networks S.L.U (**)	100%	100%	100%
Antevenio Argentina S.R.L. (*) Antevenio México S.A de C.V	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%
Antevenio Publicité, S.A.S.U.	100%	100%	100%
Antevenio Rich & Reach, S.L.U.	100%	100%	100%
React2Media, L.L.C. (1)	60%	60%	60%
Foreseen Media S.L. (1)	-	70.4%	70.4%
B2Marketplace Ecommerce Consulting Group, S.L. (1)		51%	51%

Holdings in the capital of these subsidiaries are held by the Parent Company, except:

(*) Holding held by Mamvo Performance, S.L.U. and Antevenio ESP, S.L.U. (75% and 25% respectively).

(**) Holding held by Antevenio, Rich & Reach, S.L.U.

(1) See Note 25 Business combinations.

Companies where the Company holds a majority of voting rights have been fully consolidated as subsidiaries. These companies have also fiscal years ending on 31 December each year.

There are no Subsidiaries excluded from consolidation.

There were no changes to the consolidation perimeter in 2020.

During fiscal year 2019, the changes in the consolidation perimeter correspond to the acquisitions on 20 February 2019 and 7 October 2019 of the Spanish companies Foreseen Media, S.L. and B2Marketplace Ecommerce Consulting Group, S.L. (Note 25). There were no changes to the consolidation perimeter in 2018.

On 20 February 2019, the Parent Company completed the acquisition of 70% of the shares in the Spanish company Foreseen Media S.L for 54,912 euros; the entire amount of which was paid to the counterparty on said date. This is the only controlled company that



has been excluded from the consolidation process due to the Group's subscription to the dispensation on the account of size, as permitted by current legislation.

Apart from what was previously mentioned, in the first half of 2019, no changes in the consolidation perimeter took place, despite what was stated in note 25 in these explanatory notes regarding the implementation of the purchasing option made on 5 June 2019, as provided for by the purchase agreement dated 22 June 2016 involving the U.S. company React2Media, L.L.C.

The main features of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Company	Incorporation Year	Registered Address	Corporate Purpose
Mamvo Performance, S.L.U.	1996	C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11 28010 Madrid	Online advertising and direct marketing for the generation of useful contacts.
Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing, S.L.U.	2005	C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11 28010 Madrid	Advice to commercial communication- related companies.
Antevenio S.R.L.	2004	Viale Francesco Restelli 3/7 20124Milano	Advertising and Marketing on the Internet.
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.	2009	C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11 28010 Madrid	Advertising, online advertising and e- commerce operation services through electronic means.
Antevenio France, S.R.L.	2009	62B Rue des Peupliers 92100 Boulogne Billancourt, France.	Advertising and promotional services on the Internet, research, distribution and provision of services in the field of advertising and marketing on the Internet.
Código Barras Networks S.L.	2010	C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11 28010 Madrid	Its corporate purpose is the marketing of advertising space in products' search engines, price comparators and contextual windows that the Company implements, manages and maintains on the Internet.
Antevenio Argentina S.R.L.	2010	Esmeralda 1376 piso 2 Ciudad de Buenos Aires Argentina	Commercial brokerage, marketing and advertising services.
Antevenio México, S.A. de CV.	2007	Calle Parral 41 Colonia Condesa Delegacion Cuauhtemoc Ciudad de Mexico	Other advertising services.
Antevenio Publicité, S.A.S.U.	2008	62B Rue des Peupliers 92100 Boulogne Billancourt, France.	Advertising and promotional services on the Internet; research, distribution and provision of services in the field of advertising and marketing on the Internet.
Antevenio, Rich & Reach, S.L.U.	2013	C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11 28010 Madrid	Internet services, especially in the field of online advertising.
React2Media, L.L.C.	2008	35W 36th St New York	Online marketing services
Foreseen Media, S.L.	2017	C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11 28010 Madrid	Marketing sectors and content creation in the eSports and gaming sector
B2Marketplace Ecommerce Consulting Group, S.L	2017	C/ Marqués de Riscal, 11 28010 Madrid	Company specialised in optimising and improving the presence of brands, manufacturers and distributors on digital platforms



NOTE 2. BASIS FOR PRESENTATION OF THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Application of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

These Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in a manner consistent with the provisions of the International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union in accordance with Regulation (CE) No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and the Council, effective as of 31 December 2016, taking into account all compulsory applicable accounting policies, standards and measurement criteria that have a significant impact. Since 2006 the Company has prepared its Consolidated Interim Financial Statements pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); shares of the Company were admitted to trading on the French alternative stock market Euronext Growth in 2007 (see Note 1).

Accounting policies and measurement principles applied by Directors in preparing these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements consolidated are summarized in Note 4. The Directors of the Parent Company are responsible for the information presented in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

In compliance with IFRS, the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the following Consolidated Statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2020:

- Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
- Consolidated Profit and Loss Account
- Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
- Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
- Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.
- Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

During 2019 and the six month period ended 30 June 2020 the following new and amended accounting standards have come into force; accordingly these standards have been taken into account in the preparation of these Consolidated Interim Financial Statements:

a) Standards and interpretations approved by the European Union, applied for the first time in the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of 2019.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements which were applied in 2019 are as follows:



		Effective Date (financial years beginning on):
Clarifications to IFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2019
IFRS 16	Leases	1 January 2019

Additionally, the following accounting policies have been first applied in the financial year 2020:

Standards and ame	ndments to Standards	IASB effective date	EU effective date
Conceptual framework	Amendments to the references to the conceptual framework of the IFRS standards	1 January 2020	1 January 2020
IAS 1 and IAS 8	Amendments to IAS 1 and 8: Stock definition	1 January 2020	1 January 2020
IFRS 3	Amendments to IFRS 3 Business combinations	1 January 2020	1 January 2020
IFRS 9, IAS 39 y IFRS 7	Amendments in the IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7: Interest rate benchmark reform	1 January 2020	1 January 2020
IFRS 7	Insurance contract	1 January 2021	Pending

In 2019, the Group applied the following international standards:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The new IFRS 9, published in July 2014, establishes the requirements for recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities and certain purchases or sales agreements of non-financial items. This standard replaces IAS 39.

The Group has retroactively adopted the requirements of the new standard with the first date of application being 1 January 2018, opting to not restate the numbers corresponding to comparative periods.

i)Classification and measurement

IFRS 9 introduces a new classification approach, based on the characteristics of financial assets contractual cash flows and on the business model within which the assets are held, and establishes three measurement categories:

-At amortized cost. -At fair value with changes in other comprehensive income -At fair value with changes in profit or loss

There are also two options for irrevocable designation in the initial recognition:



-It is possible to choose to present in other comprehensive income the subsequent changes in the fair value of certain investments in financial instruments, in such a way that subsequently only dividends are carried over into income.

-A financial asset can be designated to be assessed at fair value changes in profits and losses if in this way an accounting misalignment can be reduced or eliminated.

Likewise, it establishes that contractual modifications of financial assets which do not result in derecognition from the balance sheet shall be accounted for as a change in estimate, maintaining the original effective rate.

The Group has classified their financial assets in the following categories as permitted by the standard:

-Financial assets measured at amortized cost,

-Financial assets measured at fair value with changes in the Profit and Loss Account, which include assets which cannot be measured at amortised cost; and

-Financial assets measured at fair value through changes in equity

In this new classification, no significant adjustments have been recognized since most of the assets continue to be assessed at amortized cost since the contractual cash flows are only payment of principal and interests and the assets are maintained until maturity.

In this way, the amount classified under the IAS 39 in the following categories are equivalent to the new categories under the IFRS 9 in these notes on the consolidated interim financial statements.

In relation to financial liabilities, IFRS 9 does not change with respect to IAS 39, except for the change in treatment in the renegotiations of financial liabilities which did not cause them to be derecognized. There was no transition fit under this concept.

ii)Impairment

IFRS 9 substitutes an incurred loss model from IAS 39 with one for expected losses.

Under the new standard, the losses provision is calculated based on expected losses for the upcoming 12 months or for the entire life of the instruments depending on the significant increase of risk.

The Group has chosen the simplified approach (provision for expected losses during the asset's entire life). In this respect, the Group has established a procedure by which the accounts receivable not only deteriorate when no longer recoverable (incurred losses) but it also considers the possible expected losses based on the evolution of the specific credit risk of the client, its sector and country. A simplified approach has been used for accounts receivable and the general approach has been used for the other financial assets. In this new model, the Group has not deemed that significant adjustments will be recognized.



iii)Accounting Hedges

IFRS 9 requires the Group to ensure that the accounting hedge relationships are in line with the risk management objectives and strategy of the Group and to apply a more qualitative and prospective approach to measure efficiency. Likewise, IFRS 9 also introduces new requirements on the rebalancing of hedges and prohibits the voluntary discontinuation of hedges.

When initially applying IFRS 9, the Group has the option to continue applying the hedge accounting requirements of IAS 39 instead of the requirements of IFRS 9. The Group has chosen to apply the new requirements of IFRS 9. The new standard has not in this regard had any relevant impact on the consolidated annual accounts at 31 December 2019.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 establishes that the Group shall recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is recognized when the customer obtains control of the goods or services.

Based on the new criteria, a five step model shall be applied for recognition of revenue in order to determine the timing of recognition and the amount of revenue to be recognized:

- •Step 1: Identify the contract
- •Step 2: Identify the separate performance obligations in the contract
- •Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- •Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the separate performance obligations
- •Step 5: Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation

In this new model, it is specified that the income must be recognized when (or insofar as) an entity transmits control of the assets or services to a client, and in the amount that the entity wishes to have the right to receive. Depending on whether certain criteria are met, the income is recognized either throughout a period of time, in such a way that shows the entity's undertaking of the contractual obligation; or at a specific time, when the client obtains control over the assets or services.

The Group has looked over the different types of contracts with clients, identifying the performance obligations, the determination of the schedule to satisfy these obligations, the price of the transaction and its allocation, in order to identify possible differences with the income recognition model of the new standard, without finding any significant differences between them nor any compliance obligations which may give rise to the recognition of liabilities due to contracts with clients.

On the other hand, IFRS 15 requires the recognition of an asset by costs which are incrementally incurred to obtain contracts with clients, and which are expected to be recovered, being amortized systematically in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account to the same extent that income related to said asset is charged. There is no significant impact



arising from the application of the new regulation.

According to the analysis and implementation carried out on 1 January 2018, the adoption of IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" had not any significant impact.

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 came into force on 1 January 2019 and replaces IAS 17 and the associated interpretations (IFRIC 4, SIC-15 and SIC-27).

IFRS 16 introduces a single accounting model for lessees which means including most of the leases in the balance sheet (given that there are practical exemptions), similarly to the current recognition of financial leases established in IAS 17 (an asset will be recognized for right of use and a liability for lease, in such a way that in the income statement, an expense shall be recognized for the amortization of the asset for right of use and a financial expense for lease liability accounted for at amortized cost). This means, from the point-of-view of the lessee, there will be no distinction between operational and financial leases, but rather all of them will be accounted for in the same way.

The standard, which increases its focus on controlling the asset, allows for two practical exemptions to be applied in order to facilitate the application of the new standard: leases with a duration of less than twelve months, as well as leases with an underlying asset with a rather insignificant value, cannot be recognized as indicated, but rather the lease expense can be recognized simply in the same way as a current operational lease.

In summary, according to IFRS 16, save for cases in which it is decided to apply the aforementioned practical exemptions, the lessee shall:

-Recognize a financial liability equal to the current value of the fixed payments to be carried out during the period of the lease;

-Recognize an asset in the balance sheet for the right to use the corresponding asset, which shall be assessed taking as a reference the amount of the associated financial liability, to which the direct costs incurred to enter into the contract, the payments which must be made in advance, and the costs of future dismantling will be added.

As of the reporting date of these explanatory notes on the consolidated interim financial statements, the Group has adopted this standard. At 30 June 2020, the impact from the application of this standard has led to recognition of the following:

- A right-of-use asset for a gross amount of 984,516 euro (recognized under "Property, plant and equipment" in the consolidated statement of financial position).

- A liability for future payment obligations amounting to 475.040 euro:

o The non-current portion of which, amounting to 213,385 euro, has been recognized under non-current liabilities item "Provisions".



o The current portion of which, amounting to 261,655 euro, has been recognized under current liabilities item "Other current liabilities".

- An expense relating to the amortisation of said right-of-use, amounting to 243,855 euros, under "Allowance for property, plant and equipment depreciation" in the consolidated profits account.

- A financial expense relating to liability updates, amounting to 7,424 euros, under "Financial expenses with third parties" in the consolidated profits account.

Those future minimum lease payment commitments relate to leases held by the following Group companies. Below is a breakdown of the contractually agreed mandatory expiry year:

-Antevenio Publicité, S.A.S.U. (2020) -Antevenio S.R.L. (2023) -Antevenio México, S.A. de CV (2022) -React2Media, L.L.C. (2020) -Antevenio, S.A. (2020)

With regards to the other standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB which are not yet effective, the Directors have assessed the potential impact of the future application of these standards and consider their coming into force will not have a significant effect on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

b) Other standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the IASB pending approval by the European Union:

		IASB effective date	EU effective date
IFRS 3	Amendments to IFRS 3 Business combinations	1 January 2020	Pending
Conceptual framework	Amendments to the references to the conceptual framework of the IFRS standards	1 January 2020	Pending
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2022	Pending

None of these Standards has been earlier applied by the Group.

b) Fair presentation

The accompanying Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2020 have been prepared from the accounting records of the companies included in the Group and are presented in accordance with the provisions of the International Financial Reporting Standards and the applicable Spanish accounting legislation, in order to show a true and fair view of the equity, financial position, results, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group occurred during the six-month period ended 30 June 2020.



c) Critical issues regarding the measurement and estimation of uncertainties

In the preparation of the accompanying Interim Consolidated Financial Statements according to IFRS, the Directors of the Parent Company have used accounting estimates and assumptions to measure certain of the assets, liabilities, income, expenses and commitments obligations therein disclosed. Accounting estimates and assumptions having a more significant impact on these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been separately addressed in different sections of this document:

- The useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (Notes 4f and 4g). Determining useful life requires making estimates in connection with future technological developments and alternative uses for assets. There is a significant element of judgment involved in making technological development assumptions, since the timing and scope of future technological advances are difficult to predict.
- The assessment of eventual impairment losses on goodwill (notes 4h and 4i). The decision to recognize an impairment loss involves developing estimates that include, among others, an analysis of the causes of the potential impairment, as well as its timing and expected amount. On an annual basis the Group assesses its relevant cash-generating units' performance to identify potential impairments; these assessments are based on risk-adjusted future cash flows discounted at the appropriate interest rates. Key assumptions used are disclosed in Note 5. The assumptions relating to risk-adjusted future cash flows and discount rates are based on business estimates and, accordingly, are inherently subjective in nature. Future events may lead to changes in the estimates made by Directors, with the resulting adverse impact on the Group's future results. Insofar as it has been deemed material, a sensitivity analysis of the impact of changes in the assumptions used and of the impact on the recoverable value of the relevant cash generating unit (CGU) has been disclosed.
- The fair value of certain financial instruments and their eventual impairment (note 4k and 4w).
- The calculation of provisions, as well as the likelihood of occurrence and the amount of indeterminate or contingent liabilities (note 40).
- Forecasts of future taxable profits that make the recovery of deferred tax assets likely (note 4m). The Group assesses the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on estimates of future earnings of the tax group. Such recoverability ultimately depends on the tax group's ability to generate taxable earnings over the period for which the deferred tax assets remain deductible. Future events may lead to changes in the estimates made by Directors, with the resulting adverse impact on the Group's future taxable profit. This analysis is based on the estimated schedule for reversing deferred tax liabilities.
- Determination of fair value at acquisition date of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired in business combinations (Note 4u).



- Measurement of expected credit losses on trade receivables and contract assets: key assumptions used in the determination of the weighted loss rate average; those assumptions have been made on the basis of the best information available up to the date of preparation of these Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, of past experience and other several factors considered relevant as of that date. However, the actual final results may differ from those estimates. Any future event not known at the date of preparation of these estimates could result in changes (upwards or downwards), which would, when appropriate, applied prospectively.

d) Classification of current and non-current items

For the classification of the current items, a maximum period of one year from the date of the accompanying Interim Consolidated Financial Statements has been applied.

e) <u>Correction of errors</u>

No corrections of errors during the six-month period ending on 30 June 2020 were made.

f) <u>Comparative information</u>

The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2020 include, for comparison purposes, the figures for the six-month period ended 30 June 2019 and the figures for 2019 included in the Consolidated Financial Statements approved by the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, held on 01 April 2020, that have also been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union. Accordingly, the accounts from prior periods are comparable and homogeneous; the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2019 are not comparable as they refer to a 12-month period.

NOTE 3. EARNINGS / LOSS PER SHARE

Basic earnings/loss per share

Basic earnings/loss per share is calculated by dividing the consolidated profit/loss attributable to the Parent Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the financial year, excluding the average number of treasury shares held during the period.

Diluted earnings/loss per share

Diluted earnings/loss per share is calculated similarly to the basic profit/loss per share, but the weighted average number of shares outstanding is increased with stock options, warrants and convertible bonds.



Calculation of earnings/loss per share is shown below:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Net profit/(loss) for the year	51,143	-1,573,277	-5,127,214
Weighted average number of outstanding shares	4,181,032	4,192,495	4,192,495
Basic earnings per weighted average number of shares	0.01	(0.38)	(1.22)

During the presented periods, the Group did not execute any transaction causing dilution; accordingly, basic earnings/loss per share matches diluted earnings/loss per share.

The distribution of the Parent's profit/(loss) for the annual period ended 31 December 2019, as approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of 01 April 2020, was as follows:

Basis of distribution	
Profit and loss (profit)	(1,351,918)
Total	(1,351,918)
Application Voluntary reserves	(1,351,918)
Total	(1,351,918)

NOTE 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The main accounting policies applied by the Group in the preparation of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2020 were as follows:

a) Consolidation methods

These Interim Consolidated Financial Statements include the Parent Company and all the subsidiaries over which the Group has control. Subsidiaries are those companies over which the Parent Company or any of its subsidiaries have control. Control is established by:

- Power over the investee;
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

Subsidiaries are consolidated even if acquired for disposal.



Any balances, transactions, and gains and losses realized between Group companies included within the Group's continuing operations are subsequently eliminated in the consolidation process. Transactions between continuing and discontinuing operations expected to continue after disposal are not eliminated from continuing operations in order to present continuing operations consistently with the commercial operations they carry out.

Associates, companies over which the Group has a significant influence but over which it has no control, and jointly-controlled entities ("joint ventures"), where companies are entitled to the joint arrangement's net assets, have been consolidated using the equity method, except when these investments are eligible to be classified as held-for-sale. Any gains or losses resulting from transactions between Group companies and associates or jointly-controlled entities have been eliminated in proportion to the Group's interests in those companies. When the Group's share in the losses of a company consolidated using the equity method exceeds the amount of the Group investment, the Group recognizes a provision for its share of losses in excess of the investment. The value of the investment in any investee consolidated using the equity method is equal to the carrying amount of the equity investment and any other non-current interest that form an essential part of the net investment in the investee.

When control over a subsidiary is lost as a result of a transaction, event or any other circumstance, the Group derecognizes all the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests at their carrying amount and recognizes the fair value of consideration received. Retained interests in the former subsidiary are recognized at fair value as at the date when control over it was lost. Any resulting difference is recognized as a gain or loss under "Other Income (Expense)" in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The financial statements of subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled entities are referred to the reporting period ended on the same date of the Parent Company's separate interim financial statements, and have been prepared applying consistent accounting policies (EU-IFRS).

b) Uniformity of line items

The different line items in the separate interim financial statements of each Group company have been subject to the appropriate measurement uniformity by adapting the criteria used to those used by the Parent Company (Antevenio, S.A.) for its own interim financial statements, provided they involve a significant effect.

No unification of timing is required as all the companies included in the attached Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have their half-year end date on 30 June 2020.

c) First consolidation difference

The first consolidation difference was calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the investment in the subsidiaries and the value of the proportional share of the investees' consolidated equity on the date of first consolidation.



In the case of a positive consolidation difference, corresponding to the excess of the cost of the investment and the attributable carrying amount of the investee at the date of joining the Group, the difference is allocated directly, to the extent possible, to assets of the subsidiary without exceeding the market value thereof. When the difference cannot be allocated to assets, it is considered as consolidation goodwill that shall be annually subject to the relevant impairment test (see Note 4i).

Negative consolidation differences are recognized in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, and relate to the negative difference between the carrying amount of the parent Company's direct investment in the capital of the subsidiary and the value of the proportional share in the investee's equity attributable to the investment on the date of initial consolidation.

d) Translation differences

In the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, items relating to consolidated companies whose functional currency is not the Euro have been translated to Euro using the following criteria:

- Assets, liabilities, income and expenses (excluding equity): at the exchange rate at the end of each year
- Items in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account: at the average exchange rate of the financial year.
- Equity at the historical exchange rate.

The differences resulting from the application of different exchange rates, in accordance with criteria above, are recognized under the "Translation Differences" in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Hyperinflationary economies:

Pursuant to the provisions of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 21, the results and financial position of an entity whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy shall be translated into a different presentation currency using the following procedures:

- (a) all amounts (i.e. assets, liabilities, equity items, income and expenses, including comparatives) shall be translated at the closing rate at the date of the most recent statement of financial position; except that
- (b) when amounts are translated into the currency of a non-hyperinflationary economy, comparative amounts shall be those that were presented as current year amounts in the relevant prior year financial statements (i.e. not adjusted for subsequent changes in the price level or subsequent changes in exchange rates).

When an entity's functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy, the



entity shall restate its financial statements in accordance with the translation method set out in the foregoing paragraphs, except for comparative amounts that are translated into a currency of a non-hyperinflationary economy. When the economy ceases to be hyperinflationary and the entity no longer restates its financial statements, it shall use as the historical costs for translation into the presentation currency the amounts restated to the price level at the date the entity ceased restating its financial statements. The Group has concluded that application of this model to the Group company based in Argentina is not relevant; accordingly, the comparative figures for the annual period ended 31 December 2019 have been restated and the six-month period ending 30 June 2020.

e) Transactions between companies included in the consolidation perimeter

As prior step to preparation of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, the Directors have proceeded to eliminate all balances and transactions between Group companies, as well as any gains or losses obtained or incurred in by such companies as a result of the aforementioned transactions.

f) Intangible assets

In general, intangible assets are always recognized when they comply with the identifiability criterion and are initially measured at their acquisition or production cost, less accumulated amortization and, where appropriate, impairment losses. In particular, the following criteria are applicable:

Industrial property

Industrial property relates to capitalized development costs for which the relevant patents, etc. have been obtained, and includes the costs of registration and formalization of industrial property and those of acquisition of the rights from third parties. Industrial property is amortized on a straight-line basis throughout its useful life, at an annual rate of 20%.

Computer software

The licenses for computer software acquired from third parties or internally developed computer software are recognized as intangible assets on the basis of the costs incurred in acquiring or developing them, and preparing them for use.

Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis throughout its useful life, at an annual rate of 25%.

Any maintenance costs relating to computer applications incurred into during the year are recognized in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account.

g) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is recognized at acquisition or production cost and less any accumulated depreciation and, where appropriate, impairment losses.



Indirect taxes on property, plant and equipment are included in the acquisition price or production cost only when they are not directly recoverable from Tax Authorities.

The costs of expansion, modernization or improvements leading to increased productivity, capacity or efficiency, or to an extension of the useful lives of the assets are recognized as an increased cost thereof. Upkeep and maintenance expenses are charged to the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the relevant year.

The Group depreciates property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis. The useful life and depreciation rates applied are as follows:

	Annual Percentage	Estimated Years of Useful Life
Other installations	20	5
Furniture	10	10
Computer Hardware	18	5.71
Motor vehicles	25	4
Machinery	20	5
Other property, plant and equipment	20-10	5-10

Investments made by the Group in leased premises, which are not separable from the leased asset, are amortized over their useful life which corresponds to the lesser of the duration of the lease, including renewal period when there is evidence to support that it will occur, and the economic life of the asset.

h) Goodwill

Goodwill may only be recognized as an asset when it arises from an onerous acquisition in a business combination.

Goodwill is allocated between all the company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination and, where appropriate, an impairment is recognized (see Note 4 i).

Subsequent to initial recognition thereof goodwill is measured at purchase price less any accumulated amortization and, where appropriate, the accumulated amount of any recognized impairment.

Goodwill is amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of ten years. Useful life shall be separately determined for each cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated.

The Company shall assess at least at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that any cash-generating units to which goodwill had been allocated may be impaired, and, where any such indication exists, the Company shall verify the eventual impairment thereof pursuant to Note 4i). Impairment recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent reporting periods.

i) Impairment of intangible assets; property, plant and equipment, and consolidation



goodwill.

An impairment loss in the value of intangible assets or property, plant and equipment occurs when their carrying amount exceed their recoverable value, the latest understood as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the calculation of the recoverable value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, the value in use is the criterion used by the Group.

To these purposes, at least at year end, the Group assesses, using the so-called "impairment test", whether there is evidence that any intangible assets or property, plant and equipment with indefinite useful life, or, where applicable, any cash-generating unit may be impaired; if so the Company proceeds to estimate the recoverable amount thereof applying the corresponding value adjustments. A cash-generating unit (CGU) is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash flows that are largely independent of those derived from other assets or groups of assets.

The impairment of property, plant and equipment is calculated individually. However, when the recoverable amount of each individual asset cannot be determined, the Company proceeds to establish the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the relevant asset is associated.

The procedure implemented by the Group management for determining the impairment is as follows:

For estimating value in use, the Group management annually prepares a business plan by markets and activities for each cash-generating unit, these business plans typically extend over a five-year period. The main components of this plan are the projections of income and cash flows.

Other variables that influence the calculation of the recoverable amount are:

- The discount rate to be applied, estimated to range from 10% to 12% depending on the relevant region; the main variables that influence the calculation are the cost of the liabilities and the specific risks of the assets.
- The growth rate of the cash flows used were established based on each company and each geographic market.

The projections are prepared based on past experience as well as the best available estimates, which are consistent with the information from external sources.

The five-year strategic plan for the Group companies is approved by the Directors of the Parent Company.

As previously stated under Note 5 above, during the first half-year of 2020 the Company has recognised impairment losses on the goodwill associated with the following cash-generating units: React2Media LLC and Antevenio Publicité SARL.



Should the company need to recognize an impairment loss for a cash-generating unit to which all or part of goodwill has been allocated, it shall first reduce the carrying amount of the goodwill associated with that unit. If impairment exceeds the amount of goodwill, the company shall then reduce the remaining assets in the cash-generating unit on a pro rata basis based on their carrying amounts. The carrying amount of each asset may not be reduced below the higher of its fair value less costs to sell, its value in use or zero. Impairment losses shall be recognized in the income statement as an expense.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed (a circumstance that is not permitted in the specific case of goodwill), the carrying amount of the relevant asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable value, insofar as the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or the cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account.

j) Leases and other transactions of similar nature

Financial leases are classified by the Group as transactions by which the lessor transfers substantially the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset to the lessee, registering the rest as operational leases.

In the finance lease operations in which the Group acts as a lessor, the Group records an asset in the balance sheet according to the nature of the asset under contract and a liability in the same amount, which is the lower between the fair value of the leased good and the current value of the agreed minimum lease payments at the beginning of the lease, including the price of the purchase option. Finance leases do not include contingent rents, the cost of services and taxes that may be passed on by the lessor. The finance charge is recognized in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the reporting period in which it is accrued, using the effective interest method. Contingent rents are expensed in the reporting period in which they are accrued.

Assets recorded for this type of operations are depreciated using similar criteria to those applied to tangible (or intangible) assets a whole, depending upon their nature.

Expenses arising from operating leases are recognized in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year when they accrue.

Similarly, the acquisition cost of the leased asset is presented in the balance sheet according to its nature, increased by the amount of the costs directly attributable to the contract, which are expensed in the period of the contract, applying the same criteria used for the recognition of lease income.

k) Financial Instruments

k.1) Recognition and derecognition

The Group recognizes financial assets and liabilities when the Group becomes party to



the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when both the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, i.e. when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

k.2) Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for trade receivables that not contain a significant financing component and that are measured at transaction price in accordance with IFRS 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets, other than designated and effective hedging instruments, are classified as either:

-At amortized cost.-A fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).-At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

In the reporting periods presented, the Group has no financial asset classified as FVOCI.

Financial assets are classified on the basis of both:

-The entity's business model for managing the financial asset. -The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Except for the impairment on trade receivables that is presented under "Other expenses", all income and expense relating to financial assets are recognized in profit or loss for the period as either finance expense, finance income or other finance items.

k.3) Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets (not designated at FVTPL) are measured at cost if both the following two conditions are met:

-The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

-The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, assets are measured at amortized cost, applying the effective interest method. Financial assets are not discounted when the effect of discounting them is immaterial. Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and most



Group receivables are included in this category of financial instruments, together with listed bonds that were previously classified as held to maturity in accordance with IAS 39.

k.4) Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 impairment requirements include using additional prospective information for recognition of expected credit losses — the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. This approach replaces the "incurred loss model" of IAS 39. Instruments included within the scope of the new requirements include loans and other debt financial assets measured at amortized cost and at FVOCI; trade receivables; contract assets recognized and measured in accordance with IFRS 15, as well as loan commitments and certain financial guarantee contracts (for the issuer) that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Recognition of credit losses no longer depends on the Group having first identified a credit loss event. Instead, the Group considers a wider range of information when assessing credit risk and when measuring expected credit losses; this information includes past events, current conditions and reasonable and supporting forecasts affecting the expected collectability of the instrument future cash flows.

When applying this prospective approach, a distinction is made between:

-Financial instruments whose credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition or determined to have a low credit risk ("stage one"); and

-Financial instruments whose credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition or not having a low credit risk ("stage two").

Stage 3 will cover any financial assets when at presentation date there is objective evidence of the asset being credit-impaired.

An allowance equal to "12-month expected credit losses" is recognized for the first category, while an allowance equal to "lifetime expected credit losses" is recognized for the second category. "Credit losses" are recognized for the second category.

Expected credit losses are measured using a probability-weighted estimate of the financial instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

Trade and other receivables and contract assets

The Group applies a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables and contract assets, and recognizes a loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected deficits in contractual cash flows, taking into account potential default at any time during the life of the financial instrument. For measurement thereof, the Group uses its past experience, external indicators and prospective information to calculate expected credit losses using a provision matrix.



The Group assesses the impairment of trade receivables on a collective basis, given that trade receivables share credit risk characteristics and have been grouped by the number of past-due days.

k.5) Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Since accounting for financial liabilities under IFRS 9 is substantially similar to IAS 39, the Group's financial liabilities have not been affected by the adoption of IFRS 9. However, the accounting policy is disclosed below for the sake of completeness.

The Group's financial liabilities include financial debt and trade and other payables.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and, where appropriate, are adjusted for transaction cost, unless the Group had designated the financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost applying the effective interest method, except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL that are subsequently measured at fair value and any gains or losses thereon are recognized in profit or loss.

Any expense relating to interest and, where appropriate, to fair value changes of financial instruments reported in profit or loss are presented under either finance expense or finance income.

l) Foreign Currency

Line items included in the interim consolidated financial statements of each Group company are measured in their respective functional currencies. The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Euro, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Parent Company.

The companies included in the Group recognize in their individual financial statements:

- Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency executed during the year at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction.
- The balance of monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than the functional currency (cash and items not losing value on realization) are measured at the exchange rates at year-end.
- The balances of non-monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than the functional currency are measured at the historical rates.

Any gains and losses from these line items are included in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account.



m) Income Tax

Group companies with registered address in Spain paid in 2016 taxes under the Special Consolidated Tax Regime within the Group led by the Parent Company.

The Board of Directors informed, at the meeting held on 30 December 2016, that the company Inversiones y Servicios Publicitarios, S.L. ("ISP") owns a 83.09% interest in the share capital of Antevenio (see Note 12) and that, pursuant to the provisions of Article 61.3 of Law 27/2014, of 27 November, on Corporate Income Tax and having regard to the fact that Antevenio S.A. no longer was the parent company of taxation group 0212/2013 sin ISP had acquired an interest exceeding 75% of the share capital and voting rights in Antevenio, the Board approve including the any eligible Antevenio Group company, effective from the taxation period beginning of 1 January 2017, as a subsidiary of taxation group 265/10, whose parent company is ISP.

Income tax expense for the year is calculated as the sum of current tax resulting from applying the corresponding tax rate to the taxable base for the year, net of any deductions and tax reliefs, and net of any changes registered during the year in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Income Tax is recognized in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, except when it relates to transactions directly recognized in Equity, in which case the related tax is also recognized in Equity.

Deferred taxes are recognized for any temporary differences existing at the date of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. The tax base of an asset, liability or equity instrument is the amount attributed to that item for tax purposes. The tax effect of temporary differences is included under the appropriate headings of "Deferred tax assets" and "Deferred tax liabilities" in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

The Group recognizes a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences, except, where appropriate, for the exceptions provided in the existing regulations.

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the Company will have future taxable profits that allow the recovery of these assets, except, where appropriate, for the exceptions provided in the existing regulations.

At each balance sheet date, the Group assesses any recognized deferred tax assets and any previously unrecognized deferred tax assets. On the basis of this assessment, the Company proceeds to derecognize previously recognized deferred tax asset when recovery is no longer probable, or proceeds to recognize a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset if it is probable that the Company will have future taxable profits to enable its application.

Assets and deferred tax liabilities are measured at the rates expected to prevail upon their reversal, based on tax legislation in force and in accordance with the manner in which the



assets are reasonably expected to be recovered or and liabilities settled.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted and classified as non-current assets and liabilities, regardless of the date of realization or settlement.

Since the Consolidated group is member of a taxation group, the resulting payable/receivable amounts for Corporate Income Tax will not be directly settled with Public Entities, but will rather be settled with the parent company of the taxation group in which the Company is included.

n) Revenue and expenses

Antevenio Group specializes in performance and brand marketing. In order to become more responsive to the continuously changing on-line marketing industry, the Antevenio Group develops and markets its own technological solutions.

Revenue mostly comes from services related with data processing, outsourced technological services, etc.

In order to determine whether to recognize revenue, the Group applies a five-step procedure:

- 1. Identify the contract with a customer
- 2. Identify performance obligations
- 3. Determination of the transaction price
- 4. Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations
- 5. Recognize revenue when performance obligations are satisfied

Total transaction price is distributed among performance obligations on the basis of their respective stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price of a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognized at a given time or over time, when (or as) the Company satisfies the performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

The Group recognizes contract liabilities for any unsatisfied performance obligations and presents the amount thereof as "Other liabilities" in the statement of financial position. Similarly, if the Group satisfies a performance obligation before having received the relevant consideration, the Group recognizes either a contract asset or, when the right to receive the consideration is conditioned on something other than the passage of time, a receivable in the statement of financial position.

o) Provisions and contingencies

The directors of the Parent Company, in the preparation of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, distinguish between:



- n.1) Provisions: liabilities that cover present obligations arising from past events, whose future settlement is likely to result in an outflow of resources, for which the amount and settlement date are uncertain.
- n.2) Contingent liabilities: possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence is contingent upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or several future events beyond the control of the Company.

The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements include all the provisions for which the probability of having to meet the obligation is estimated as greater than the opposite alternative, and they are measured at the present value of the best possible estimate of the amount required to settle or transfer the obligation to a third party. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements but are disclosed in the notes.

Provisions are measured on the balance sheet date at the present value of the best estimate of the amount required to settle or transfer the obligation to a third party; any adjustments made to update these provisions shall be recognized as a financial expense as it accrues. Provisions expiring within one year shall not be discounted where the financial effect is not material.

Reimbursements receivable from a third party on settlement of the obligation shall not reduce the amount of debt; the company shall nonetheless recognize the related receivable as an asset, provided that there is no doubt as to its collection.

p) Deferred Income

Non-refundable capital grants, as well as donations and bequests, are measured at the fair value of the amount awarded or the item received. Non-refundable capital grants, donations and bequest are initially accounted for as liabilities under "Deferred income" in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and recognized in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account proportionally to the depreciation of the assets financed by these grants, except in the case of non-depreciable assets that shall be recognized as income the year when their disposal or derecognition occurs.

Refundable grants are accounted for as either current or non-current liabilities (considering the term of repayment) convertible into grants until they meet the criteria for classification as non-refundable.

Operating grants are accounted for as income on an accrual basis.

q) Assets of environmental nature

Because of its activity, the Group has no significant assets of property, plant and equipment, intended to minimize environmental impact and, protecting and improving the environment and, has not received grants nor incurred in expenses during the year whose purpose is to protect and improve the environment. Furthermore, the Group has not made



provisions for risks and expenses related to environmental actions, considering that there are no contingencies related to the protection and improvement of the environment.

r) Transactions between related parties

Transactions between related parties, irrespective of the type of relationship, are accounted for in accordance with the general standards. Therefore, as a general rule, items involved in a transaction will be initially measured at fair value. If the agreed transaction price were not the fair value, the difference shall be recognized based on the economic reality of the transaction. Subsequent measurement is performed in accordance with the applicable standards.

s) Equity instruments-based payments

The goods or services received in these operations are recorded as assets or as expenses depending upon their nature, at the moment they are obtained, and the corresponding increase in equity, if the transaction is paid off with equity instruments or the corresponding liability, if the transaction is paid off with the amount based on the value of the same.

The transactions with employees settled with equity instruments, both services rendered as well as the increase in equity to be recognized are assessed according to the fair value of the granted equity instruments, referring to the date of approval of the granting.

The Parent Company operated a remuneration plan for its Management consisting in the delivery of share options in Antevenio.

These plans were initially measured at fair value at grant date, applying a generally accepted financial calculation method that took into account, inter alia, the option exercise price, the volatility, the time frame for exercising the options, the expected dividends and the risk-free interest rate.

The estimated fair value of this financial liability was classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy (see note 4w).

Options were recognized as a personnel expense in the Profit and Loss Account as vested over the period defined as the minimum required time in the Company's employee for the exercise of the option, except for options granted in 2016 that had been entirely recognized at the initial date, in accordance with principle of prudence, as a personnel expense and an offsetting entry is simultaneously recognized directly in equity without reassessing the initial measurement thereof. Since the offsetting entry resulted in an increase in own funds ("Other equity instruments"), there is no impact whatsoever on the Equity of Antevenio SA and its subsidiaries.

t) Statement of Cash Flows

The Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared using the indirect method, and uses the following expressions with the meaning specified:



- Operating activities are the principal revenue-producing activities of the Group and other activities that are not investing or financing activities.
- Investing activities are the acquisition, sale or disposal of long-term assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.
- Financing activities are activities that result in changes in the size and composition of the equity and liabilities that are not part of the operating activities.

u) Business combinations

At the acquisition date, identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at fair value, provided this can be measured reliably, subject to the following exceptions:

- Non-current assets classified as held-for-sale are measured at fair value less costs to sell.
- Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates expected to prevail upon their reversal, based on the existing or approved and pending publication regulations as of the date of acquisition. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.
- Assets and liabilities associated with long-term employee benefits under defined benefit schemes are accounted for at the acquisition date as the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of the plan assets out of which the obligations are to be settled.
- Intangible assets, the value of which cannot be measured in relation to an active market and would result in a recognition of income in the Profit and Loss Account have been deducted from the initially calculated negative goodwill.
- Assets received as compensation for contingencies and uncertainties are recognized and measured in a manner consistent with the item causing the relevant contingency or uncertainty.
- Reacquired rights recognized as intangible assets are measured an amortized on the basis of their remaining contractual lifecycle.
- Obligations classified as contingent liabilities are recognized as a liability at fair value, provided that the liability is a present obligation that arises from past events and the fair value can be measured reliably, even when it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will result from settlement of the obligation.

At acquisition date, the excess of the cost of the business combination over the value of the identifiable assets acquired less the liabilities assumed is recognized as goodwill.



When the value of the identifiable assets acquired less liabilities assumed exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is accounted for as income in the Profit and Loss Account. Prior to recognizing the aforementioned income, the Company reassesses whether it has correctly identified and measured the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, as well as the cost of the combination.

Subsequently, any liabilities and equity instruments issued as cost of the relevant business combination and any identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed will be accounted for in accordance with the relevant recognition and measurement standards applicable to the nature of the transaction or to the nature of the relevant asset or liability.

v)Equity instruments (treasury shares)

Treasury shares of the Parent Company acquired by the Group are recognized at the value of the consideration paid, as a reduction in the value of Equity. The proceeds arising from the purchase, sale, issue or redemption of own equity instruments are recognized directly in Equity, and under no circumstances can they be recognized in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account.

w)Measurement of the fair value of the financial instruments

The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels in a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of the significant contributions to the measurement, as indicated below:

- Level 1: (unadjusted) quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

NOTE 5. CONSOLIDATION GOODWILL

Based on the above mentioned criteria, the breakdown of consolidation goodwill is as follows:

Goodwill	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing, S.L.	276,461	276,461	276,461
Antevenio S.R.L.	3,686,847	3,686,847	3,686,847
Antevenio ESP, S.L.U.	81,027	81,027	81,027
Antevenio Publicite S.A.R.L.	2,269,585	2,269,584	490,584
React2Media, L.L.C. (see Note 25)	3,905,134	2,464,042	413,042
Foreseen Media, S.L. (see Note 25)		109,509	109,509
B2Marketplace Ecommerce Consulting Group, S.L (see Note 25)		2,329,094	2,329,094
Total	10,219,054	11,216,564	7,386,564



Each of the above mentioned goodwill arose on acquisition of the relevant company. The directors have defined each of these companies as a Cash Generating Unit. (CGU).

For estimating recoverable value, the Group management annually prepares a business plan by markets and activities for each cash-generating unit, these business plans typically extend over a five-year period. The main components of this plan are the projections of income and cash flows.

The recoverable value of each CGU has been determined on the basis of its value in use.

The key assumptions used in these projections of future results and cash flows and that have an impact on calculation of the recoverable amount are:

- The discount rate to be applied, estimated at around 10.6%; the main variables that influence the calculation are the cost of the liabilities and the specific risks of the assets.
- Cash flow estimates are based on past performance, accordingly the assumptions used by Directors included stable profit margins based on current investments.
- A perpetual growth rate of 2%, to reflect the industry's long-term average growth rate.

The projections are prepared based on past experience as well as the best available estimates, which are consistent with the information from external sources.

The 5-year strategic plan for Group companies, approved by the Board of Directors of the Parent.

As of the reporting date of these Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, no circumstances have arisen that may imply changes to the assumptions used and conclusions reached by the Group at 31 December 2019.

Directors consider that the key assumptions used in determining the recoverable amount for the purposes of impairment tests, are not likely to suffer any reasonably possible change that may result in the carrying amount of any cash generating unit exceeding its recoverable amount.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2019, given the obtaining by the administrators of additional information on the deterioration of one of the companies considered as CGU, React2Media, LLC, its goodwill value was readjusted and its effect recognised in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year as an expense at \notin 1.4 million recorded under the heading "Impairment of assets" (Note 5.

During the reporting period, as a result of the additional information obtained by Directors on the impairment of one of the companies considered as CGUs,

React2Media, LLC and Antevenio Publicité, the Company has adjusted the amount of that CGU goodwill, and recognised in profit or loss expenses amounting \notin 2.051 million and \notin 1.779 million, respectively, under the item "Impairment and gains / (losses) on disposal of financial instruments".



NOTE 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

In the first six months of 2020 and in 2019, the balances and movements of gross values, accumulated depreciation and impairment are as follows:

COST	31.12.2019	RECOGNITION	DERECOGNITION	TRANSFERS	30.06.2020
Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE	1,129,569	8,085	(69,963)	(6,229)	1,061,462
Right-of-use	1,615,858	246,700	(878,042)		984,516
TOTAL COST	2,745,427	254,785	(948,005)	(6,229)	2,045,979
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	31.12.2019	RECOGNITION	DERECOGNITION	TRANSFERS	30.06.2020
Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE	(778,897)	(52,939)	45,732	(1,473)	(787,578)
Right-of-use	(502,994)	(243,855)	237,403		(509,446)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	(1,281,891)	(296,794)	283,135	(1,473)	(1,297,023)
IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCES Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE TOTAL ALLOWANCES	31.12.2019 (6,580) (6,580)	RECOGNITION	DERECOGNITION 6,580 6,580	TRANSFERS 6,580	30.06.2020
NET	31.12.2019	RECOGNITION	DERECOGNITION	TRANSFERS	30.06.2020
Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE Right-of-use	31.12.2019 344,091 1,112,864	(51,434) 2,846	(17,651) (640,639)	(1,122)	273,884 475,071
TOTAL NET CARRYING AMOUNT	1,456,955	(48,589)	(658,289)	(1,122)	748,955

The gross value of fully depreciated items in use is as follows:

ITEM	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Technical installations, machinery, tools, furniture and other items of PPE	420,610	510,969	419,535
TOTAL COST	420,610	510,969	419,535

The Group's entire property, plant and equipment is allocated to operations, appropriately insured and not subject to any encumbrance whatsoever.

The net book value of tangible fixed assets outside Spanish territory amounts to 132,383.26 Euros at 30 June 2020 (150,233 Euros at 31 December 2018; 89,751 Euros at 30 June 2019).

At 30 June 2020 there were no firm purchase commitments for the acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment.

The policy of the Company consists in taking out insurance policies to cover the possible risks to which the various elements of its property, plant and equipment are subject. At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019, the assets of the Company were secured by an



insurance policy. The Company's directors consider that this insurance policy sufficiently covers any risks associated to its property, plant and equipment.

NOTE 7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In the first six months of 2020 and in 2019, the balances and movements of gross values, accumulated depreciation and impairment are as follows:

COST	31.12.2019 H	RECOGNITION	DERECOGNITION	TRANSFERS	30.06.2020
Research and development expenses	89,400				89,400
Patents, licenses, brands and similar	61,074				87,572
Computer software	4,558,751	· · · · ·		- 61	4,685,998
Other Intangible Assets	100,046	· · · ·	- 18.964	- 18,552	4,083,998
Other Intaligible Assets	100,040		- 10,904	- 18,552	
TOTAL COST	4,809,271	153,806	- 18,964	- 18,613	4,925,500
		DEGOGNUMAN	DEDEGO GUININON		
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	31.12.2019	RECOGNITION	DERECOGNITION	TRANSFERS	30.06.2020
Descendent descelants of some set	(51 272)	(0,000)			-
Research and development expenses	(51,373)	() /	-		(60,273)
Patents, licenses, brands and similar	(61,074)		-		(61,074)
Computer software	(2,129,054)	(50,802)	_	60	(2,179,796)
Other Intangible Assets	(1,392,500)	(, , ,		7,936	(1,406,498)
Other Intalgible Assets	(1,592,500)	(21,954)	-	7,950	(1,400,498)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	(3,634,001)	(81,636)	-	7,996	(3,707,641)
		× / /		,	
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT	31.12.2019	RECOGNITION	DERECOGNITION	TRANSFERS	30.06.2020
					-
Computer software	(261,557)				(261,557)
					-
TOTAL ALLOWANCES	(261,557)	-	-	-	(261,557)
TOTAL NET CARRYING AMOUNT	913,714	72,169	(18,964)	(10,618)	956,302

At 30 June 2020, the net book value of intangible assets located outside Spain amounts to 197.666,27 Euros (231,583 Euros at 31 December 2019; 200,718 Euros at 30 June 2019).

The gross value of fully depreciated items in use is as follows:

ITEM	30.06.2019	31.12.2019	30.06.2020
Patents, licenses, brands and similar	65,245	61,074	65,245
Computer software	2,159,105	2,282,230	2,249,217
Other Intangible Assets	34,008	-	44,378
TOTAL COST	2,258,358	2,343,304	2,358,840



NOTE 8. OPERATING LEASES

During the first six months of 2020 and during the entire 2019 financial year, the expense for operating leases amounted to 59,173 Euros and 155,432 Euros, respectively (124,550 Euros in the first six months of 2019) (see note 17 d).

Minimum future payment commitments relating to non-cancellable operating leases have been recognised by the Group on the basis of the early application of the new IFRS No. 16, which was previously explained in Note 2 (Notes 7 and 10.1).

The main leases relate to offices located at Marqués de Riscal 11, Madrid, and to a lesser extent to offices leased in Italy, France and Mexico.

NOTE 9. CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

The break-down of non-current financial assets is as follows:

	Receivables and other 30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020	Total 30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Loans and receivables (Note 9.2)	245,985	126,463	418,630	245,985	126,463	418,630
Total	245,985	126,463	418,630	245,985	126,463	418,630

The break-down of current financial assets is as follows:

	Current			Total		
	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 9.1)	5,063,463	3,034,129	3,078,702	5,063,463	3,034,129	3,078,702
Loans and receivables (Note 9.2)	8,125,226	7,118,854	5,918,865	8,125,226	7,118,854	5,918,865
Fotal	13,188,689	10,152,983	8,997,567	13,188,689	10,152,983	8,997,567

The carrying amount of loans and receivables is considered a reasonable approximation to the fair value thereof.

9.1) Cash and cash equivalents

This heading includes the fully liquid part of the Group's assets and consists in the balances of cash in Treasury and with banks, as well as short-term bank deposits with an original maturity shorter than or equal to three months. These balances are freely available and are not subject to risks of changes in value.

The break-down of "Cash and Cash equivalents" is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Current accounts	4,040,275	2,631,198	2,879,250
Treasury	738	481	43
Highly liquid deposits (a)	1,022,450	402,450	199,409
Total	5,063,463	3,034,129	3,078,702



(a) The above figures mainly correspond to bank deposits with Bankia, amounting to 199,409 euros at 30 June 2020 (2020 euros at 31 December 2019).

In the six-month period ended 30 June 2020, interests accrued from bank deposits and bank accounts amounted to 6,832.93 Euros (210,80 Euro in the first six months of 2019 and 249.47 Euros at 31 December 2019).

At 30 June 2020, cash held by foreign companies amounted to 1,551,795.22 Euros (154,2024.19 Euros at 31 December 2019 and 2,050,696.08 Euros at 30 June 2019).

9.2) Loans and receivables

The breakdown, in euro, of this heading is as follows:

	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	Non- current	Current
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	current	Current
Trade receivables						
Third-party receivables	-	7,245,358	-	6,305,579	-	4,913,721
Trade receivables, Group companies						
(Note 24)	-	615,827	-	-	-	743,087
Total trade receivables	-	7,861,185	-	6,305,579	-	5,656,808
Other current assets, Group companies	-		-	589,466	-	
Total with group companies	-	-	-	589,466	-	-
Personnel	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guarantees and deposits	84,075	-	96,472	-	68,630	
Other assets	161,910	258,910	29,991	223,808		260,958
Other current assets, Group companies	-	5,131	-	-	350,000	1,099
Total non-trade receivables	245,985	264,041	126,463	223,808	418,630	262,057
Total	245,985	8,125,226	126,463	7,118,853	418,630	5,918,865

The breakdown of the item "Receivables" is as follows:

Description	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Trade receivables			
Trade balances	5,905,929	6,109,660	4,495,890
Volume discounts granted and pending settlement	(808,756)	(845,100)	(661,600)
Trade balances pending issue	2,148,185	1,041,019	1,079,432
Total	7,245,358	6,305,579	4,913,721

Changes resulting from impairment losses arising from credit risk, broken down by financial assets, were as follows:

Impairment	30/06/2019	Impairment loss	Impairment reversal	Application	31/12/2019	Impairment loss	Impairme nt reversal	Applicatio n	30/06/2020
Trade receivables									
Trade receivables	(1,392,170)	(807,032)	282,774	355,825	(1,560,603)	(84,289)			(1,644,892)
Total	(1,392,170)	(807,032)	282,774	355,825	(1,560,603)	(84,289)	282,774	355,825	(1,644,892)



The Group recognizes these changes in impairment losses under "Impairment losses on current assets" in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account. During the first six months of 2020, the amounts of impairment losses for which allowances were made in the past have been applied and against receivable balances amounting to 108,832 Euros (452,704 Euros at 31 December 2019 and 96,879 Euros at 30 June 2019).

9.3) Classification by maturity

The maturity of most of the different non-current financial assets is more than five years.

NOTE 10. NON-CURRENT AND CURRENT LIABILITIES

The breakdown of non-current liabilities, classified by category, is the following:

	Other 30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020	Total 30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Debts and payables (Note 10.1)	3,476,767	3,753,133	4,907,398	3,476,767	3,753,133	4,907,398
Total	3,476,767	3,753,133	4,907,398	3,476,767	3,753,133	4,907,398

The breakdown of current financial liabilities, classified by category, is the following:

10.1) Debts and payables

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019 the breakdown of this item is as follows:

	Balance at 30/06/2019		Balance at 3	31/12/2019	Balance at	t 30/06/2020
	Non-current	Current	Non- current	Current	Non-current	Current
Trade payables:						
Suppliers	-	3,645,107	-	3,436,390	-	2,905,622.94
Suppliers, associates	-	270,364	-	281,093	-	328,488.00
Other trade payables	-	1,294,371	-	1,789,527	-	1,277,729.06
Total trade payables	-	5,209,842	-	5,507,010	-	4,511,840
		, ,		, ,		, ,
Non-trade payables:						
Debts with financial institutions (2)	4,129	273,381	73,881	184,779	1,283,377	749,563
Other debts (1)	696,796	90,654	1,205,725	563,057	919,808	459,415
Provisions (4)	856,643	-	199,699	-	222,468	-
Payables to third parties (3)	1,919,199	-	2,273,829	207,539	2,481,745	-
Loans and other payables	3,476,767	364,035	3,753,134	955,375	4,907,398	1,208,978
Payables to Group companies (notes 17 and 25)	-	272,190	-	366,778	-	367,229
Personnel (outstanding remunerations)	-	304,917	-	677,699		540,309
Total non-trade payables	-	577,107	-	1,044,477	-	907,538
		,		, ,		,
Other current liabilities (4)	-	684,548	-	19,560		76,788
Other current liabilities	-	684,548	-	19,560	-	76,788
Total Debts and payables	3,476,767	6,835,532	3,753,134	7,526,422	4,907,398	6,705,144

(1) "Other debts" relates mainly to debts with Centro de Desarrollo Tecnológico



Industrial (CDTI).

- (2) The amount under "Debts with financial institutions" relates to the outstanding balance from CHASE facility granted to React2Media, bank credit cards debts and finance leases.
- (3) The amount recognised under "Long-term payables to third parties" at 30 June 2020 for 2,481,745 euros (2,273,829 at 31 December 2019 and 1,919,199 at 30 June 2019) correspond to the financial liabilities arising from the business combination disclosed in Note 25.
- (4) The amounts recognised under the above-mentioned items mainly relate to both non-current and current amounts adjusted by the company for the application of the new International Financial Reporting Standard No. 16, as explained in Note 2 above.

10.2) Classification by maturity

At 30 June 2020, the breakdown by maturity of non-current financial liabilities, with either fixed or determinable maturity, is as follows:

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 onwards	Total
Non-current payables Debts with credit institutions and other debts Other non-current liabilities	207,277 420,506	371,471	407,874	414,323	381,734	1,782,679 420,506
Total	627,783	371,471	407,874	414,323	381,734	2,203,185

At year-end 2019, the classification by maturity of the different non-current financial liabilities with fixed or determinable maturity is as follows:

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 onwards	Total
Non-current payables						
Debts with credit institutions and other debts	55,669	56,724	57,799	61,836	254,124	486,152
Other non-current liabilities	719,573	-	-	-	-	719,573
Total	775,242	56,724	57,799	61,836	254,124	1,205,725

At 30 June 2019, the breakdown by maturity of non-current financial liabilities, with either fixed or determinable maturity, is as follows:

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 onwards	Total
Non-current payables						
Other debts	256,662	61,836	61,836	61,836	254,626	696,796
Other non-current liabilities	859,900	1,059,299				1,919,199
Total	1,116,562	1,121,135	61,836	61,836	254,626	2,615,995



NOTE 11. INFORMATION ON THE NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's activities are exposed to various types of financial risks, particularly to credit, liquidity and market risks (exchange rate, interest rate and other price risks).

Interest Rate Risk

As disclosed in Note 15 below, the subsidiary Código Barras Networks, S.L.U. was granted by Centro de Desarrollo Tecnológico Industrial (CDTI), a zero-interest loan as contribution to the development of the Research and Development project called "Extractor and automatic data classifier for virtual stores on the Web."

As disclosed in Note 15, the subsidiary Mamvo Performance, S.L. was granted a loan by Centro para el Desarrollo Tecnológico Industrial (CDTI) on a subsidised interest rate, as collaboration in the development of the Research and Development project called "New System of Personalised Digital Advertising through Machine Learning Techniques and through Advanced Algorithms for Data Processing."

Exchange rate risk

The Group tries to finance foreign currency-denominated non-current assets in the same currency in which the asset is denominated. This is particularly true in the case of acquisitions of companies with assets denominated in currencies other than the euro.

The exchange rate risk arises basically from sales of foreign currency, mainly sales in USD and Mexican Pesos. At 30 June 2020, net loss arising from foreign exchange differences amounted to 71,471 Euros (5,600 Euros at 30 June 2019 and 9,234 Euros at 31 December 2019).

Liquidity Risk

The general situation of financial markets, especially the banking market, during recent months, has been particularly unfavourable for credit applicants. The Group permanently pays attention to the evolution of the different factors that can help to resolve liquidity crisis and, in particular, to the funding sources and their characteristics.

In particular, we can summarize the points which are our main focus of attention:

- •Liquidity of monetary assets: surplus is always invested on highly available and very short maturities. At 30 June 2020, cash and cash equivalents amounted to 3,078,702 Euros (3,034,129 Euros at 31 December 2019).
- •At 30 June 2020, working capital was positive and amounted to 1,309,959 Euros (1,455,299 Euros at 31 December 2019 and 5,206,430 Euros at 30 June 2019).



Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, exposure being spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

The Group's main financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and investments which represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

The Group carries out constant monitoring on the creditworthiness of the clients using a credit rating measurement. Whenever possible, credit ratings and/or external reports on the clients are obtained and used. The policy of the group is to only deal with solvent partners. The credit terms are between 30 and 90 days. The credit conditions negotiated with the clients are subject to an internal approval process which takes into account the credit rating score. The current credit risk is managed by means of periodic checking of the ageing analysis, along with the credit limits per client.

Trade and other receivables make up a large number of clients in different sectors and geographic areas.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, exposure being spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

Competition Risk

In an industry constantly evolving and offering high growth rates, new players have entered the markets where Antevenio operates. However, given the experience of over fifteen years in this market, the position and visibility of the Antevenio Group and the quality of our services, Directors believe the Group will continue holding a leading position.

Customer and Supplier Dependency Risk

The risk of dependency on customers and suppliers is limited because none bears significant weight in the turnover.

Customers include media agencies that work in turn with many advertisers, which further dilutes the customer dependency risk.

With regard to technology providers, the risk is small because the services provided by these companies are offered by other actors competing with them and which could, therefore, provide Antevenio with similar services.

"Key-Person" Risk

One of the Antevenio Group main assets is that the Group was able to gather a team of managers and key executives in strategic positions of the Group.



Personal Data Processing Risk

Regulatory Risks

In ordinary course of its business, Antevenio Group performs a number of personal data processing both as Data Processor and as Data Comptroller.

Antevenio Group is deeply aware of the importance of the regulations governing personal data, electronic communications, privacy and commercial communications, and uses all available means to achieve a scenario of utmost compliance therewith.

The legal framework governing the company's business and its operations is formed by the following regulations:

- 1.Regulation (EU) 2017/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2017 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation).
- 2.Organic Law 3/2018, of 5 December, on Personal Data Protection and safeguard of digital rights.
- 3.Royal Decree 1720/2007, of 21 December, approving the Implementing Regulations of Organic Law 15/1999, of 13 December, on personal data protection (in all matters not contrary to GDPR).
- 4.Law 34/2002, of 11 July, on Information Society Services and Electronic Commerce.
- 5.Proposal, dated 10 January 2018, for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the respect for private life and the protection of personal data in electronic communications and repealing Directive 2002/58/EC (Regulation on Privacy and Electronic Communications).
- 6.Guides, guidelines and other relevant materials issued by the Spanish Data Protection Agency, CNIL, GARANTE Privacy and the so-called Article 29 Working Group on Data Protection, as well as by the European Data Protector Supervisor.

Antevenio Group is currently in the process of adaptation to the existing and upcoming regulations, by way of the creation and implementation of privacy management system (PMS) and the permanent monitoring thereof by the Legal and Privacy team.

Antevenio Group is aware of the increased regulations concerning the digital marketing business, and has engaged two providers (INT55 and DELOYERS) to promote legal compliance and to provide assistance in the event of any incident occurring.



NOTE 12. EQUITY

The breakdown of consolidated equity is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Registered share capital of the Parent Company:	231,412	231,412	231,412
Reserves:	16,095,778	14,601,585	13,110,308
Of the Parent Company	7,253,595	7,988,714	5,054,562
From fully consolidated companies and from companies consolidated using the equity method	8,842,183	6,612,871	8,055,746
(Own shares)	(194,314)	-	-
Other equity instruments	270,000	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to the Parent Company	51,142	(1,573,277)	(5,127,213)
Translation differences	(298,927)	(34,022)	(133,002)
Minority Interests	. , ,	(31,523)	(44,096)
	16,155,091	13,194,175	8,037,409

12.1) Share Capital

At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and 31 June 2019, the share capital of the parent company was represented by 4,207,495 shares of 0.055 Euro each, fully subscribed and paid up. These shares have equal voting and dividend rights.

The company Inversiones y Servicios Publicitarios, S.a. (ISP) holder at 31 December 2015 of a 18.68% interest in Antevenio S.A. share capital, represented by 785,905 nominal value shares of 0.055 euros each, purchased on 3 August 2016 the shares from the Company's founder and CEO, Mr. Joshua David Novick, who owned a 11.89% interest in the Company's share capital, represented by 500,271 nominal value shares of 0.055 euros each, at a price of 6 euros per share.

Subsequent to the above mentioned shareholding change, ISP launched a Voluntary Public Offer Bid on the remaining Company's shareholders that was accepted by 1,360,806 shares, representing 32.34% of Antevenio S.A. share capital, at a purchase price of 6 Euros each. The company Aliada Investment B.V. has thereafter transferred its shares in the Company to ISP; accordingly, ISP currently controls 83.09% of Antevenio SA share capital.

On 22 February 2017, the company ISP contributed 3,495,853 shares of Antevenio S.A. to ISP Digital S.L.U., thus making the company the majority shareholder.



	No. of Shares	% Ownership
ISP Digital SLU	3,723,983	88.51%
Other <5%	109,907	2.61%
Nextstage	373,605	8.88%
Total	4,207,495	100.00%

At 30 June 2020 and at 31 December 2019, direct and indirect shareholders of the Company were as follows:

	No. of Shares	% Ownership
ISP Digital SLU	3,723,983	88.51%
Other <5%	273,137	6.49%
Nextstage	210,375	5.00%
Total	4,207,495	100.00%

12.2) Parent Company Reserves

The legal reserve has restrictions of use, which is subject to several legal provisions. In accordance with the Corporations Law, commercial companies obtaining, under the said legal form, benefits are under the obligation of allocating 10% of benefits to the legal reserve, until the reserve reaches one fifth of the registered share capital. The legal reserve may only be used to offset losses; for capital increases, in the 10% portion exceeding the increased capital; and, for distribution to shareholders upon liquidation. At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and 31 December 2019, the Parent Company's legal reserve is fully allocated.

12.3) Share Premium

The Corporations Law expressly permits the use of the share premium balance for capital increases and does not establish any specific restriction as to the availability of that balance.

12.4) Voluntary Reserves

These are unrestricted reserves generated by the Parent Company as a result of prior years' income not distributed.

12.5) Distribution of dividends

On 19 June 2019, the General Meeting of Shareholders approved the distribution of a dividend of 0.30 euros per share, amounting to a total of €1,262,248.50, charged against Voluntary Reserves.



12.6) Own shares

The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Parent Company authorized on 25 June 2014 the acquisition of up to 10% of the Company's share capital in at a minimum price of 1 Euro per share and a maximum price of 15 Euro per share; the authorization was granted for a period of 18 months as from the date of the resolution.

On 29 January 2015, the Parent Company purchased 190,000 own shares at a unit price of 2.59 Euros.

The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Parent Company authorized on 28 June 2018 the acquisition of up to 10% of the Company's share capital in at a minimum price of 1 Euro per share and a maximum price of 15 Euro per share; the authorization was granted for a period of 18 months as from the date of the resolution.

After the transactions in treasury shares relating to equity instrument-based payments (Note 14), the Parent Company has no own treasury shares at 31 December 2019 (holding 15,000 shares at 31 December 2018, representing 0.36% of the share capital.

The total amount represented by these shares amounted to $\notin 114,300$).

At 30 June 2020 and 2019, and at 31 December 2019, the breakdown of treasury shares is as follows:

	Balance at 06/30/2019		Balance at 12	Balance at 12/31/2019		6/30/2020
Company	No. of Shares	Cost	No. of Shares	Cost	No. of Shares	Cost
Antevenio S.A.	26,463	194,314	-		-	
	26,463	194,314	-			-

Capital Management

The Group's objective regarding capital management is to maintain an optimal financial structure that reduces the capital cost while ensuring the ability to continue to manage its operations, always with the objective of growth and creation of value. This Group's objective is not officially defined nor have parameters thereto been set by the Board of Directors.

The main sources used by the Group to finance its growth are:

- The cash flows generated by the Group.
- The cash available at year-end.
- Existence of positive working capital.

The capital structure is controlled by the leverage ratio, calculated as net financial debt to equity. The Group mainly has debt with financial entities due to financial leasing and credits. At 30 June 2020, finance leases amounted to €33,353.28 (€45,561 at 31 December 2019 and



€17,537 at 30 June 2019). At 30 June 2020, debt with financial institutions amounts to €1,286,349.

NOTE 13. TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES

Changes in the balance of this item between 30 June 2020 and in 2019 were as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Opening balance	(204,919)	(204,919)	(34,022)
Net change during the reporting period	(94,008)	170,897	(98,980)
Closing balance	(298,927)	(34,022)	(133,002)

Translation differences are generated by companies with registered address abroad and functional currency other than the Euro. Specifically, these currencies are the Argentinean peso, the American dollar and the Mexican peso.

NOTE 14. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS.

2015 Plan:

On 25 June 2015 the Annual General Meeting of the Parent Company approved a remuneration plan consisting in remuneration system, options on shares, linked to the value of the Company's shares, for certain Executive Directors and Managers and Employees of the Parent Company.

The following terms were approved:

- the maximum number of shares that can be granted cannot exceed 190,000 shares;

- the exercise or delivery price or the calculation method for exercise or delivery shall be the market value of the share on the day of exercise or delivery;
- the value of the shares shall be 2.59 Euro per share; and
- the plan will be in force for a maximum term of 2 years and 6 months.

Additionally, the AGM delegated to the Board of Directors of the Parent Company the development, settlement, clarification and interpretation of the terms of the remuneration plan. The plan was approved by the Board of Directors on 16 December 2015.

On 5 March 2018, a plan beneficiary executed 63,333 shares at a price of 2.59 Euros each in accordance with the terms of the remuneration plan. Finally, the company and the beneficiary have agreed settlement in cash. The above-mentioned exercise has caused a reduction of assets in 335 thousand euro.

On 31 October 2018, the other two plan beneficiaries executed 63,333 and 63,334 shares, respectively, at a price of \notin 2.59 each in accordance with the terms of the remuneration plan. Finally, the company and the beneficiaries have agreed settlement in shares of the Parent Company.

Following the above-mentioned exercise, the Plan has been extinguished.



2016 Plan:

On 16 November 2016 the Annual General Meeting approved a remuneration plan (2016 Plan) consisting in remuneration system, linked to the value of the Company's shares, for certain Executive Directors and Managers and Employees of the Company. The following terms were approved:

-the maximum number of shares that can be granted cannot exceed 125,000 shares;

-the exercise or delivery price or the calculation method for exercise or delivery shall be the market value of the share on the day of exercise or delivery;

-shares shall be awarded free of charge; and

-the plan will be in force up to 30 June 2019.

-eligible employees shall stay in the Company during the entire above mentioned term

Additionally, the AGM delegated to the Board of Directors the development, settlement, clarification and interpretation of the terms of the remuneration plan. The plan was approved by the Board of Directors on 16 November 2016.

Changes in the above mentioned options were as follows:

	30/06/2019		31/12/2019		30/06/2020	
		Weighted		Weighted		Weighted
	Number	average price	Number	average price	Number	average price
Granted options (+)	50,000	-	50,000	-		
Options at the end of the year	50,000	-	50,000		-	

At 31 December 2016, the value of 2015 Plan shares (278,160 Euros) has been recognized as a personnel expense in the Profit and Loss Account as vested over the period defined as the minimum required time in the Company's employ for the exercise of the option, and are also recognized with an offsetting entry in equity without reassessing the initial measurement thereof. The 2015 Plan contemplated launching in 2016 a Public Takeover Bid on the Company's shares (see Note 12.1) among the requirements for the early exercise and accrual of the relevant options. Accordingly, the remaining amounts had been entirely recognized in 2016. At 31 December 2016, the effect thereof on the Company's equity amounted to 347,700 Euros recognized under "Other equity instruments".

At 31 December 2016, the value of 2016 Plan shares (675,000 Euros) has been entirely recognized, in accordance with the principle of prudence, as a personnel expense during the reporting period where the agreement was entered into, irrespective of the minimum required stay in the Company. Since the offsetting entry resulted in an increase in own funds ("Other equity instruments"), there is no impact whatsoever on the Equity of Antevenio SA and its subsidiaries.

On 2 July 2018, a Plan beneficiary executed 75,000 free shares in accordance with the terms of the remuneration plan.

Finally, the company and the beneficiary have agreed settlement in shares of the Parent Company.



On 1 July 2019, the other two beneficiaries of the Plan executed 50,000 options at the price of 5.4 euros according to the terms established in the remuneration plan.

Finally, the company and the beneficiaries have agreed settlement in shares of the Parent Company.

Following the above-mentioned exercise of options, the Plan has been fully extinguished.

NOTE 15. DEFERRED INCOME

Código Barras Networks, S.L.U.

The subsidiary Código Barras Networks, S.L.U. has obtained from Centro de Desarrollo Tecnológico Industrial (CDTI), a zero-interest loan as contribution to the development of the Research and Development project called "Extractor and automatic data classifier for virtual stores on the Web." Of the amount received, 15% was non-refundable and was therefore recognized as capital grants.

Regarding the zero-interest loans, an interest-rate subsidy was recognized as the difference between the amount received and the fair value of the debt, determined by the actual value of payments due discounted at market rate.

In 2013, the Company recognized the impairment of intangible assets associated with this zero-interest loan due to technological obsolescence, and adjusted accordingly the amounts pending to be taken to income from both from the capital grant and the interest-rate subsidy by recognizing an income under "Other income" in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account.

Mamvo Perfomance, S.L. "Machine learning"

During 2015, the company Mamvo Performance, S.L. was granted a loan from Centro para el Desarrollo Tecnológico Industrial (CDTI) on a subsidized interest rate as collaboration in the development of the Research and Development project called "New System of Personalized Digital Advertising through Machine Learning Techniques and Advanced Algorithms for Data Processing." for a total amount of 563,178 Euros, comprising a non-refundable tranche amounting to 99,379 Euros and a refundable tranche amounting to 463,768 Euros as subsidized interest rate loan. On 18 October 2016 the final instalment of the granted amounts was received.

In 2016, 99,379 euro were recognized under "Other income" in the Profit and Loss Account related to the non-refundable tranche of the grant awarded to Mamvo Performance, S.L., as the necessary expenses for which the grant had been awarded were completed during that reporting period.

Regarding the subsidised interest rate loan, it revealed an interest rate subsidy, the difference between the amount received and the fair value of the debt, determined by the actual value of payments payables discounted at market interest, having recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position the amount of 3,540.17 euros (10,511 euros at 31 December 2019 and 5,800 euros at 30 June 2019).



Mamvo Perfomance, S.L. "Datalake"

On 27 November 2018, Centro para el Desarrollo Tecnológico Industrial (CDTI) granted a loan for a total amount of 445,176 euro, comprising a non-refundable tranche of 133,553 euro and a refundable tranche of 331,623 euro as subsidised interest rate loan, to the company Mamvo Performance, S.L. as collaboration in the development of a Research and Development project named "Dynamic assessment and advice on marketing campaigns". $\notin 155,811$ of the amounts granted were received on 10 January 2019.

During the six-months period ended 30 June 2020, as a result of part of the expenses incurred, the Company has taken €24,757.37 to income for the period, and has recognised that amount in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss, relating to the non-refundable tranche of the grant awarded to Mamvo Performance, S.L.

B2 Marketplace Ecommerce Consulting Group S.L. "B2 Marketplace Analitycs"

Dated 20 December 2019, Centro para el Desarrollo Tecnológico Industrial (CDTI) approved the award of a grant amounting to €250,000 to the company B2 Marketplace Ecommerce Consulting Group S.L. as collaboration in the development of the project of intelligent competition Software "B2 Marketplace Analytics".

€150,000 of the amounts granted were received on 14 April 2020

NOTE 16.TAXATION

The breakdown of the balances with Public Entities is as follows:

30/06/2020	Receivables	Payables
Current:		
Value Added Tax	120,586	(489,835)
Recoverable Taxes	59,532	-
Assets arising from deductible temporary differences (*)	310,486	-
Tax loss carryforwards (*)	1,388,931	-
Deferred tax liabilities (*)	-	-
Deductions arising from Personal Income Tax	-	(309,969)
Other payables to Public Entities	-	(5,973)
Income Tax	155	(49,447)
Social Security	-	(290,679)
	1.879.690	(1,145,903)



31/12/2019	Receivables	Payables
Current:		
Value Added Tax	358,992	(678,885)
Recoverable Taxes	209	-
Assets arising from deductible temporary differences (**)	297,099	-
Tax loss carryforwards (**)	1,526,064	-
Deferred tax liabilities (**)	-	(14,905)
Deductions arising from Personal Income Tax	-	(627,264)
Other payables to Public Entities	-	(5,973)
Income Tax	63,439	-
Social Security	-	-
	2,245,803	(1,327,027)

30/06/2019	Receivables	Payables
Current:		
Value Added Tax	40,251	(745,601)
Recoverable Taxes	167,400	-
Withholdings and payments on account of Income Tax	39	
Assets arising from deductible temporary differences (*)	392,586	-
Tax loss carryforwards (*)	1,526,063	-
Deferred tax liabilities (*)	-	(16,759)
Deductions arising from Personal Income Tax	-	(265,898)
Other payables to Public Entities	-	(5,973)
Income Tax	-	(182,845)
Social Security	-	(223,870)
	2,126,339	(1,440,945)

(*) Amounts recognized under non-current assets in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

The Board of Directors informed, at the meeting held on 30 December 2016, that the company Inversiones y Servicios Publicitarios, S.L. ("ISP") owns a 83.09% interest in the share capital of Antevenio (see Note 14) and that, pursuant to the provisions of Article 61.3 of Law 27/2014, of 27 November, on Corporate Income Tax and having regard to the fact that Antevenio S.A. no longer was the parent company of taxation group 0212/2013 sin ISP had acquired an interest exceeding 75% of the share capital and voting rights in Antevenio, the Board had approved including the Company, effective from the taxation period beginning of 1 January 2017, as a subsidiary of taxation group 265/10, whose parent company is ISP.

Group companies with registered address in Spain paid in 2016 taxes under the Special Consolidated Tax Regime within the Group led by the Parent Company.



Income Tax expense for the Consolidated Group is calculated as the sum of the Income Tax expense from all Companies. The tax bases are calculated from the profit/(loss) for the year as adjusted for any temporary differences, any permanent differences and tax losses from prior years.

Income Tax is calculated by applying the tax rates in force in each of the countries where the group operates. The main types are:

Tax rate	2019	2018	2017
Spain	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%
Italy (*)	30.45%	30.45%	31.40%
France	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%
Mexico	30.00%	30.00%	30.00%
Argentina	35.00%	35.00%	35.00%

(*) Average tax rate accrued in Italy

The reconciliation of Corporate Income Tax expense and pre-tax profit or loss is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Profit / (Loss) before taxes	1,282,066	(1,470,285)	(5,126,035)
Permanent differences	(1,261,938)	(1,802,277)	4,595,508
Tax liability	5,032	-	-
Other	(5,032)	26,287	-
Application of tax lox carryforwards and deductions	-	(305,811)	382
Domestic CIT payable or receivable	(0)	(279,524)	382
International CIT expense	138,845	336,403	-
International CIT income	(21,573)	-	-
International CIT payable or receivable	117,272	336,403	-
CIT receivable	117,272	56,879	382

The breakdown by company of corporate income tax expense, distinguishing current and deferred taxes, is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Current taxes	(138,820)	(392,600)	(558)
Deferred taxes	-	335,721	176
Total Corporate Income Tax expense	(138,820)	(56,879)	(382)



According to current legislation, tax losses may be offset against taxable profits obtained as per local regulations. At 30 June 2020 the Group has the following tax loss carry forwards to offset tax:

Year of origination	Company	Euros
2008	Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing	72,977
2009	Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing	6,229
2011	Mamvo Performance	177,850
2012	Mamvo Performance	592,820
2013	Grupo Antevenio	3,920
2014	Grupo Antevenio	678,753
2015	Grupo Antevenio	36,366
2017	Marketing Manager Servicios de Marketing	116,937
2017	Antevenio Rich and Reach	67,032
2018	Antevenio SA	693,503
2019	Antevenio SA	610,337
2019	Antevenio Rich and Reach	345,792
2019	Antevenio ESP	137,056
2019	Codigo Barras	110,764
2014	Antevenio Publicité	316,193
2015	Antevenio Publicité	316,309
2011	Antevenio Publicité	720,193
2012	Antevenio Publicité	372,020
2017	Antevenio Publicité	184,950
2018	Antevenio Publicité	132,087
2019	Antevenio Publicité	420,951
2010	Antevenio France	204,964
2011	Antevenio France	306,103
2012	Antevenio France	133,564
2013	Antevenio France	99,984
2014	Antevenio France	7,321
2015	Antevenio France	5,596
2016	Antevenio France	1,738
2017	Antevenio France	5,089
2018	Antevenio France	5,150
2019	Antevenio France	4,675
2017	Antevenio S.R.L.(Italia)	193,381
2019	Antevenio S.R.L.(Italia)	462,427
		7,543,032



(*)From 1 January 2013, the Group companies with registered address in Spain file consolidated income tax returns.

At 30 June 2020, the Group has activated tax loss carryforwards amounting to 2,137,538 Euros as tax credits to be offset in future years.

Deferred taxes

The breakdown of changes in deferred tax assets between 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2020 is as follows:

	Initial amount	Recognition	Derecognition	Final amount	Expiration
Tax credits for tax loss carryforwards	1,427,921	(1,436)	-	1,426,485	-
Temporary differences (Expected taxes)	267,153	5,779	-	272,932	-
Total registered deferred tax assets	1,695,074	4,343	-	1,699,417	-

The breakdown of tax credits is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Companies included in the consolidated tax group	1,087,943	1,388,862	1,426,485
Companies with registered address abroad	438,120	438,120	711,053
Total tax credits	1,526,063	1,826,982	2,137,538

The above mentioned deferred tax assets have been recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as Directors consider that, according to the best estimates of future earnings for companies in the Group, including certain measures of fiscal planning, these assets are likely to be recovered.

Additional disclosures

Under current legislation, taxes cannot be regarded as definitive until the returns have been inspected by the tax authorities or the statute of limitations period of four years has elapsed. At 30 June 2020, the Group's Spanish companies had 2014 and subsequent years open for review by the tax authorities for Income Tax and 2015 and subsequent years for the main taxes applicable to them. Companies with registered address abroad have open to inspection any tax returns currently non-statute-barred according to the respective local regulations. Directors consider the above mentioned tax returns to be appropriately filed and settled; accordingly, even in the case of discrepancies in the construction of the existing regulations for the tax treatment of the transactions, any resulting liabilities, were they to materialize, will not significantly affect the accompanying Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.



NOTE 17 REVENUE AND EXPENSES

a) <u>Revenue</u>

The breakdown of revenue by activity is as follows:

Type of Activity	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Online Advertising Technology services	11,562,602 785,399	23,527,820 1,695,565	8,852,558 1,196,582
Total revenue	12,348,001	25,223,385	10,049,140

b) <u>Supplies</u>

The entire balance of this item relates to "Operating Expenses."

c) <u>Personnel Expenses</u>

The breakdown of this heading in the attached Consolidated Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Wages and salaries	(4,238,848)	(8,702,323)	(3,968,967)
Termination benefits	(4,906)	(640,054)	(43,032)
Social security payable by the Company	(850,153)	(1,840,266)	(695,205)
Employee benefits expense	(119,611)	(193,697)	(41,345)
Total personnel expenses	(5,213,517)	(11,376,340)	(4,748,549)

d) External Services

The breakdown of this heading in the attached Consolidated Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Research and development expense in the	(2,535)	(3,838)	(315)
reporting period			
Leases and royalties (Note 8)	(124,550)	(155,432)	(59,173)
Repairs and maintenance	(9,374)	(20,728)	(7,009)
Independent professional services	(955,820)	(1,757,875)	(1,324,400)
Transport	(24,294)	(48,685)	(17,897)
Insurance premiums	(54,567)	(104,913)	(44,158)
Banking and similar services	(20,499)	(26,704)	(21,891)
Advertising, publicity and public relations	(151,127)	(354,697)	(141,820)
Utilities	(72,860)	(166,948)	(89,215)
Other services	-	(370,764)	(162,808)
	(1,415,627)	(3,010,584)	(1,868,686)



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e) Other finance and similar income

The breakdown of this heading in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Finance income from accounts and similar	6,104	7,330	5,630
Finance income, Group companies	-	-	1,099

f) <u>Finance Expenses</u>

The breakdown of this heading in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
	(24,417)	(08.220)	(22.078)
Debts and similar expenses Finance expense, Group companies	(34,417)	(98,329) (7,752)	(32,978) (647)
i mance expense, Group companies		(1,152)	(0+7)
	(34,417)	(106,081)	(33,625)

NOTE 18. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

Changes in provisions were as follows:

Item	30/06/2019	Allowance	Application/R eversal	31/12/2019		pplication/ Reversal	30/06/20 20
Provisions for other liabilities	218,062	-	(18,363)	199,699	-	22,769	222,468
IFRS Adjustment (see Note 2 and 8)	638,581	-	(638,581)	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	856 643		(656 944)	199 699		22,769	222.468

This item relates mainly to provisions for the remuneration of personnel arising from Antevenio S.R.L. in compliance with the existing Italian labor-related regulations and amounting to 222,468 Euros (199,699 Euros at 31 December 2019 and 218,062 Euros at 30 June 2019).

Net book value of intangible assets located outside Spain amounts to 45,496.91 euros at 30 June 2020 (226,301 euros at 31 December 2019 and 232,807 Euros at 30 June 2019).

NOTE 19. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group's companies have no significant assets nor have incurred in expenses intended to minimize environmental impact or to protect and improve the environment. Furthermore, there are not provisions for risks and expenses, nor contingencies related to the protection and improvement of the environment.



NOTE 20. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the close of the 6-month period ended 30 June 220, the following significant events have taken place:

Antevenio and Rebold, a company specialising in Data Digital Marketing, have completed their merger. With this operation, the project initiated following the IPO launched in 2016 by ISP Digital, reference shareholder of both companies, to accelerate the achievement of synergies within the Group.

On 4 September, the General Meeting of Shareholders of Antevenio approved the merger, in which the Company was valued at \notin 5.6 million and Rebold was valued at \notin 14.3 million. To this end, Antevenio has completed a capital increase, by issuing slightly over 10 million shares, and ISP Digital has contributed 100% of share capital in Rebold. Shares have exchanged at a rate of 28 shares in Antevenio for 72 shares in Rebold; the new shares are listed in Euronext Growth from 8 September.

NOTE 21. COMPENSATION AND INTERESTS OF AND BALANCES WITH DIRECTORS OF THE PARENT COMPANY

Balances and Transactions with Directors and Senior Management

The individuals classified as High Management are also Directors of the Parent Company.

The amounts accrued by the Directors or by members of High Management, under all headings, are as follows:

	High Management 30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Wages and salaries	184,766	318,964	-
Total	184,766	318,964	-

In addition to these amounts, accrued remunerations arising from share-based payments disclosed under Note 17 c should be included. At 30 June 2020 and 2019 and at 31 December 2019 there are no commitments for pension supplements, sureties or guarantees, loans or advances granted to the Board of Directors.

Other disclosures related to the Board of Directors

In compliance with the provisions of Section 229 of the Spanish Corporations Law, Directors and the related parties referred to in Section 231 of the Spanish Corporations Law, have not entered into situations of conflict of interests.



NOTE 22. OTHER INFORMATION

The average number of persons employed by the Group, broken down by category, is as follows:

	30/06/2019			31/12/2019			30/06/2020		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Management	15	5	20	13	5	18			0
Administrative	8	14	22	10	12	22	7	13	21
Commercial	26	21	46	27	18	45	20	14	35
Production	37	46	83	51	52	103	30	52	81
Technical	15	4	19	0	0	-	15	4	19
	100	90	190	101	87	188	73	83	156

The number of persons employed by the Group at the end of the reporting period and at the end of prior periods, by category, is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Management	20	19	23
Administrative	23	20	15
Commercial	52	43	33
Production	82	95	83
Technical	18	0	17
	195	177	171

The average number of persons with disabilities equal to or exceeding thirty three percent employed by the Group, broken down by category, is as follows:

	30/06/2019	31/12/2019	30/06/2020
Commercial	1	1	-
Production	1	-	-
	2	1	-

In compliance with Law 15/2010, of 5 July, amending Law 3/2004, of 29 December, establishing measures to combat late payment in commercial transactions, details of the average period for payment to suppliers:

	At 30 June 2019	At 31 December 2019	At 30 June 2020
	Days	Days	Days
Average period of time for payment to suppliers	38.67	55.87	44.01
Percentage of paid transactions	42.27	59.75	37.96
Percentage of transactions pending payment	43.23	44.83	37.55
	Amount (Euro)	Amount (Euro)	Amount (Euro)
Total payments made	2,316,543	6,895,224	1,755,473
Total payments pending	891,645	100,303	541,835



NOTE 23. SEGMENT REPORTING

The distribution of net turnover corresponding to the ordinary business activities of the Group, by activity categories, as well as by geographical markets is as follows:

By customer (30/06/2020)	Total
	Total
Online Advertising	8,852,558
Technology services	1,196,582
Total revenue	10,049,140
By customer (31/12/2019)	Total
Online Advertising	23,527,820
Technology services	1,695,565
Total revenue	25,223,385
By customer (30/06/2019)	Total
Online Advertising	11,562,602
Technology services	785,399
Total revenue	12,348,001

Distribution of Sales and Costs to Sell by Territory

Distribution / Sales	Consolidated Amount 30/06/2019	Consolidated Amount 31/12/2019	Consolidated Amount 30/06/2020	
Spain Europe and Latin America	5,099,951 7,248,050	13,459,475 11,763,910	4,668,586 5,380,555	
Total Sales Distribution	12,348,001	25,223,385	10,049,140	

Distribution of Costs to Sell	Consolidated Amount 30/06/2019	Consolidated Amount 31/12/2019	Consolidated Amount 30/06/2020
Spain Europe and Latin America	(1,801,640) (3,451,929)	(2,803,535) (8,505,319)	(1,902,373) (2,555,116)
Total Costs Distribution	(5,253,569)	(11,308,854)	(4,457,488)



Consolidated Profit and Loss Account broken down by category of activity

	30.06.2020				31.12.2019		30.06.2019		
	Online Advertising	Rendering of Technology Services	Total	Online Advertising	Rendering of Technology Services	Total	Online Advertising	Rendering of Technology Services	Total
Revenue	8,852,558	1,196,582	10,049,140	23,527,820	1,695,565	25,223,385	11,562,602	785,399	12,348,001
Other operating income	152,065	-	152,065				202,452		202,452
Supplies	(3,945,857)	(511,631)	(4,457,488)	(10,843,893)	(464,960)	(11,308,853)	(5,088,558)	(165,010)	(5,253,569)
Other operating expenses	(371,475)	(6,956)	(1,977,520)	(2,437,303)	(730,851)	(3,168,154)	(1,088,163)	(422,502)	(1,510,665)
Amortization and depreciation	(371,475)	(6,956)	(378,430)	(714,942)	(13,911)	(728,853)	(314,620)	(6,956) (74,737)	(321,576)
Personnel expenses	(4,509,704)	(238,845)	(4,748,549)	(10,919,627)	(456,712)	(11,376,339)	(4,995,927)	(217,591)	(5,213,517)
Other income / (loss)	20,171	-	20,171	(3,484)	-	(3,484)			
Operating profit / (loss)	(1,306,563)	(4,872)	(3,785,425)	(1,391,429)	29,131	(1,362,298)	277,786	(26,660)	251,126
Net Finance Income	(3,780,553)	(4,872)	(3,785,425)	(88,622)	(19,364)	(107,986)	(20,702)	(9,868)	(30,570)
Profit / (loss) before income tax	(5,087,116)	(38,919)	(5,126,035)	(1,480,051)	9,767	(1,470,284)	257,084	(36,528)	220,556
Income Tax	(382)	-	(382)	(47,311)	(9,568)	(56,879)	(138,820)	-	(138,820)
Other taxes	(13,370)	-	(13,370)	(58,831)	(1,108)	(59,939)	(30,593)	-	(30,593)
Profit/(loss) for the year	(5,100,868)	(38,919)	(5,139,787)	(1,586,193)	(909)	(1,587,103)	87,671	(36,528)	51,143



NOTE 24.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a result of the changes in shareholding occurred during 2016 and detailed in Note 13.1 above, the company ISP Digital S.L.U. has become the majority shareholder of Antevenio Group; accordingly, the following subsidiaries of ISP Digital SLU have become related parties:

Company /	
Group	Relation
Digilant Group	Related party
ISP Digital Group	Parent Company
Acceso Group	Related party

At 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 the balances with the related parties were as follows:

RELATED PARTY (30 June 2020)	BALANCE RECEIVABLE	BALANCE PAYABLE
OTHER DEBTS		
ISP FOR CORPORATE TAX	-	237,749
ISPD	-	129,480
DGLNT SA DE CV	351,099	-
TOTAL OTHER DEBTS	351,099	367,229
TRADE ACTIVITY BALANCES (CLIENT/VENDOR)		
ACCESO COLOMBIA	170,255	79,330
ACCESO CONTEN IN CONTEXT SA DE CV	9,000	-
DIGILANT COLOMBIA	-	526
DGLNT SA DE CV	146,403	815
ISPD	121,000	1,337
REBOLD	268,070	179,462
DIGILANT INC	28,359	67,018
TOTAL COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY	743,087	328,488



Antevenio S.A. and Subsidiaries Interim Consolidated Financial Statements at 30 June 2020

DEL ATED DADTY (21 December 2010)	BALANCE	BALANCE	
RELATED PARTY (31 December 2019)	RECEIVABLE	PAYABLE	
Other debts			
ISP for corporate tax		237,298	
ISPD	-	129,480	
Total other debts		366,778	
Trade activity balances (client/vendor)			
ACCESO COLOMBIA	139,149	61,037	
ACCESO CONTENT IN CONTEXT SA DE CV	9,000		
DIGILANT COLOMBIA		540	
DIGILANT SA DE CV	1,981		
IN STORE MEDIA	155		
ISRP	121,000	690	
REBOLD	286,531	191,848	
DIGILANT INT	31,650	26,978	
Total commercial activity	589,466	281,093	

RELATED PARTY (30 June 2019)	BALANCE RECEIVABLE	BALANCE PAYABLE
ACCESO COLOMBIA	103,071	-73,668
ACCESO CONTEN IN CONTEXT SA DE CV	9,000	
ACCESO GROUP	15,931.49	-866.6
ANAGRAM	11,662.84	-18,469.65
DIGILANT INC	19,682	
DIGILANT SPAIN	260,998	-176,391.5
ISP DIGITAL SLU	121,000	
ISP DIGITAL for Taxation Group Corporate Income tax expense		-272,190.49
TOTAL RELATED PARTIES	541,345.33	-541,586.24



The breakdown of transactions with related parties during the first six months of 2020 and during 2019 is as follows:

At 30 June 2020	ACCESO COLOMBIA	DIGILANT INC	REBOLD	DIGILANT SA DE CV	ISP DIGIAL
Sales	37,465.06	50,433.07	581	64,505.80	-
Purchases	-21,029.52	-40,862.06	-14,768.65	-812.94	-
Services rendered	-	-	39,420.68	80,004.75	-
Services received	-	-	-24,129.76	-	-
Finance income	-	-	-	1,098.85	-
Finance Expenses	-	-	-	-	-647.40
Total	16,435.54	9,571.01	1,103.27	144,796.46	-647.40

2019	ACCESO COLOMBIA	DIGILANT INC	REBOLD	DIGILANT COLOMBIA	ACCESO CONTEN IN CONTEXT SA DE CV	IN STORE MEDIA	DIGILANT SA DE CV	ISP DIGIAL
Venus	183,268.65	112607.97	15990		9000	128	42141	
Campe»	-152.162.92	-39588.26	17,750.%	0.540				
Services rendered Services received*			69788.08 -5.02440				1,892	
Finance Expenses*				- 10.00				.7.751,19
Total	31.105.73	73.019.71	6 3.002.62	•540.00	9.000.00	128.00	2.31341	-7.751.19

At 30 June 2019	ACCESO COLOMBIA	ACCESO CONTEN IN CONTEXT SA DE CV	ACCESO GROUP	DIGILANT SPAIN	DIGILANT INC	DIGILANT SA DE CV
Sales						
Purchases						
Services rendered	47,347.87	9,000.00	26,087.52		50,670.00	345.00
Services received	(58,215.85)		(2,148.60)	(12,479.00)	(18,589.00)	
Total	-10,867.98	9,000	23,938.92	-12,479.00	32,081	345.00



NOTE 25. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

REACT2MEDIA:

On 22 June 2017 the Parent Company has completed the acquisition of 51% of the shares in the US company React2Media, L.L.C for a consideration of 2,250,000 dollars (2,022,275 euros); the entire amount of the consideration was paid to the counterparty on 23 June 2017. This company was thereafter included within the consolidation scope and fully consolidated.

The Company React2Media, L.L.C. has its registered address at 35 W 36th St, New York, NY 10018, USA. The company's corporate purpose is the provision of a comprehensive service of on-line advertising networks, offering a complete array of interactive marketing opportunities to media agencies, direct advertisers and editors. The main reason supporting the acquisition is the entry of Antevenio Group in the United States market drawing on the market position and knowledge of the investee. Antevenio Group intends to provide the investee with its other business lines in order to generate positive synergies.

Both the Group and the selling shareholders mutually granted themselves unconditional put option rights and call option rights over the remaining 49% shares in the investee, which may be exercised within the same term and for the same amount. These options have a floating price based on certain parameters relating to the investee's performance over financial years 2019, 2020 and 2021; however, total acquisition value may not exceed 8.5 million dollars (of which 2.25 million dollars have already been paid for the acquisition of 51% of shares). Sale price is subject to the fulfilment of certain continuance conditions by the sellers.

In accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and based on the existence of cross put and call options with the same value and the same exercise period, the transaction has been treated as an early acquisition of a non-controlling interest pursuant to the requirements of *IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation*, which provides that a contractual obligation to deliver cash to another entity is a financial liability.

The amount recognised by the Group at 31 December 2017 as a financial liability represented to the best estimate, as of that date, of the expected amount to be paid; the fair value of this financial liability has been measured at 1.98 million euros, recognised under "Other non-current liabilities".

In accordance with the provisions of International Financial Reporting Standard No. 3 on Business Combinations, during the first half-year of 2018 the Group has decided to reassess this financial liability and to retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognised at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognised as of that date. As a consequence, the amount recognised at 31 December 2018 as a financial liability represented to the best estimate, as of that date, of the expected amount to be paid; the fair value of this financial liability has been measured at 2.108 million euros, recognised under "Other non-current liabilities".

On 21 May 2019, the first tranche of rights to purchase and right to unconditional sale was implemented on 49% of the Company's shares, remaining from the capital share of said Company in the initial contract dated 22 June 2017. The Group acquires 9% of the US



Company React2Media, L.L.C's shares, for 212,551 dollars (192,778 euros).

Given that the administrators obtained additional information from greater experience and accounting estimates updated in previous years in relation to the valuation of the financial liability generated by the purchase option mentioned above, its value was adjusted prospectively and the effect recognised in the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year was an income of $\in 1.4$ million recorded under the heading "Impairment of assets" (Note 5).

As a consequence of the events described above, the outstanding amount recorded at 31 December 2019 as a financial liability amounted to \notin 488,257, recorded under the heading "Other non-current liabilities" for \notin 280,340 and under the heading "Other current liabilities" for \notin 207,917 (Note 10).

The breakdown of the consideration given, measured as the fair value of net assets and goodwill acquired, is as follows:

	Euros
Fair value of the consideration given	
Cash paid	2,102,903
Put options granted to minority interests	1,933,648
Contingent consideration	35,004
Total consideration given	4,071,555
Net identifiable assets acquired	
Non-current investments	38,462
Intangible assets	2,312
Trade and other receivables	1,198,620
Cash	109,457
Debts with financial institutions	(256,188)
Other debts	(13,429)
Trade and other payables	(912,813)
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	166,421



Gross Value of Goodwill (Note 5)	3,905,134
Gross Impairment Value of Goodwill (Note 5)	(3,492,092)
Net Value of Goodwill (Note 5)	413,042
Consideration paid in cash	(2,102,903)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	109,457
Net cash outflow	(1,993,446)

Goodwill arising from the acquisition was allocated to the Cash Generating Unit relating to the investee's business and relates to the workforce and synergies resulting from Antevenio Group's entry in the United States market drawing on the investee to expand the Group's various business lines.

The Company has considered that fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is equal to the relevant carrying values as of the of the acquisition date. As shown in the table above, almost all the assets and liabilities acquired relate to working capital.

The breakdown of fair value of trade receivables as of the acquisition date is as follows:

Euros	Contractual gross amount	Impairment adjustment	Fair value
Trade receivables	1,198,620	0.00	1,198,620

B2 Marketplace Ecommerce Group S.L.:

On 7 October 2019, the Parent Company acquired 51% of the shares in the company B2MarketPlace, S.L. for a price of \notin 254,240, paying the entire amount to the counterparty on 7 October 2019.

This company was thereafter included within the consolidation scope and fully consolidated.

The subsidiary B2MarketPlace, S.L. is domiciled at calle Marqués de Riscal n°11, 2^a planta. Company optimising and improving the presence of brands, manufacturers and distributors on digital platforms

Both the Group and the selling members mutually granted themselves unconditional put option rights and call option rights over the remaining 49% shares in the investee, which may be exercised within the same term and for the same amount. These options have a floating price based on certain parameters relating to the investee's performance over fiscal years 2021, 2022 and 2023. Sale price is subject to the fulfilment of certain continuance conditions by the sellers.



In accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and based on the existence of cross put and call options with the same value and the same exercise period, the transaction has been treated as an early acquisition of a non-controlling interest pursuant to the requirements of IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation, which provides that a contractual obligation to deliver cash to another entity is a financial liability.

The amount of the financial liability recognised by the Group at 31 December 2019 represents the best estimate, as of that date, of the amount expected to be paid by the Group, which is equivalent to the fair value of that financial liability, amounting to $\notin 2,021,306$ of which $\notin 1,993,489$ had been recognised under "Other non-current liabilities" and $\notin 27,817$ had been recognised under "Other current liabilities" (see Note 10).

In accordance with IFRS 3 on Business Combinations, during one year from the acquisition date, the Group can reassess this financial liability and retrospectively adjust the provisional amounts recognised at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognised as of that date.

The breakdown of the consideration given measured as the fair value of net assets and goodwill acquired at 31 December 2019 is as follows:

	Euros
Fair value of the consideration given	
Cash paid on the acquisition date	254,240
Put options granted to minority interests	1,993,489
Contingent consideration	27,817
Total consideration given at 31 December 2019	2,275,546
Net identifiable assets acquired	
Non-current investments	4,170
Intangible assets	92
Property, plant and equipment	4,479
Trade and other receivables	43,357
Cash	-
Debts with financial institutions	(69,173)



Other debts	-
Trade and other payables	(36,473)
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired	(53,547)
Gross Value of Goodwill (Note 5)	2,329,094
Impairment Goodwill (Note 5)	-
Net Value of Goodwill (Note 5)	2,329,094
Consideration paid in cash	254,240
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	
Net cash outflow	252,240

Goodwill generated has been allocated to the Cash-Generating Unit appropriate to the business of the acquire and has been attributed to the labour force and the synergies that may arise from the acquiree's business for Antevenio Group, allowing the Group to expand its existing business lines with a new business line complementing the existing services offered by the group.

The Company has considered that fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is equal to the relevant carrying values as of the of the acquisition date. As shown in the table above, almost all the assets and liabilities acquired relate to working capital.

The breakdown of fair value of trade receivables as of the acquisition date is as follows:

Euros	Contractual gross amount	Impairment adjustment		Fair value
Trade receivables	43,053		-	43,053

FORESEEN MEDIA S.L.:

On 20 February 2019, the Parent Company acquired 70.40% of shares in the company FORESEEN MEDIA S.L. for a price of $\in 67,420$, paying the entire amount to the counterparty on 20 February 2019. This company was thereafter included within the consolidation scope and fully consolidated.

The subsidiary FORESEEN MEDIA S.L. is domiciled at Calle Marques del Riscal No. 11, 2 in Madrid. The main activity of the company comprises:

1. Purchase, sale, management, marketing and licensing of all types of rights related to



eSports or sports played on computer systems, including the purchase and sale of advertising spaces, assets and sponsorship of players, teams and competitions.

2. Conclusion of advertising sponsorship contracts for companies with eSports agents, including yet not restricted to eSport leagues, Clubs, players or third parties who organise eSports events.

3. The Creation and management of eSports Clubs, their commercialisation, sale and economic exploitation.

4. The representation of players and eSports Clubs, purchase and sale of player image rights. If the law requires some sort of professional qualification, degree, administrative authorisation or registration on a public register to exercise of some of the activities included in the corporate purpose, these activities must be carried out by a professional certified in this regard and, where pertinent, may not start before the required administrative requirements have been met. The related activities may also be carried out by the Company in whole or in part indirectly, through holdings in Companies having an object that is identical or similar to that expressed in the preceding paragraphs, or through any other forms admitted by Law.

Given the insignificance represented by the figures integrated by the acquisition of this company in the overall consolidated financial statements, the administrators consider specifying further information in this regard to be unnecessary.

